

U.S. Department of Justice
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives

OMB No. 1140-0043

National Tracing Center Trace Request

Phone: 1-800-788-7133 Martinsburg, WV 25405 Fax: 1-800-578-7223

FOR NTC DATA ENTRY ONLY

Page 1 of 2 - Trace Request Information

NOTE: * - Required Entry Field (Must be completed for trace processing)
** - Required Entry With Listed Data Response (See back for codes and options)

Part I - Trace Initiation Information

1a. Date of Request	1b. Priority**	Routine <input type="checkbox"/>	Urgent (Justification required) <input type="checkbox"/>	For NTC Data Entry Only <input type="checkbox"/>
Justification				
1c. Special Instructions				

Part II - Crime Code Information

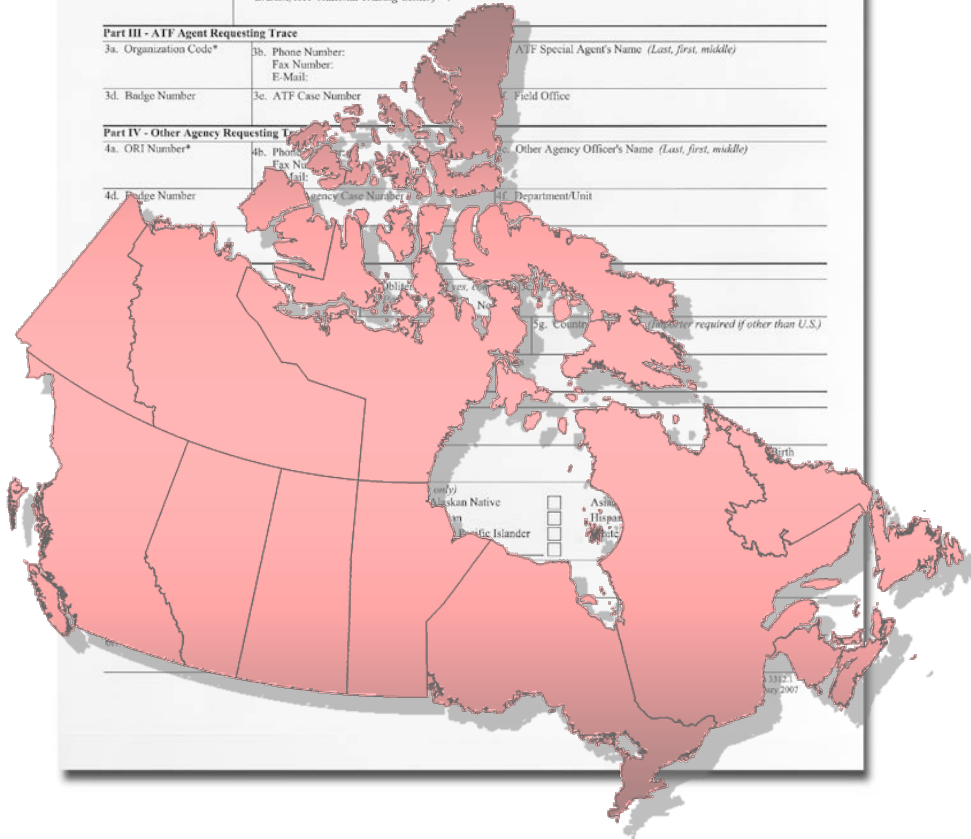
2a. NCIC Crime Code** 2b. Project Code, Project Title, or other Initiative (If you wish to obtain a Project Code, contact the Chief, Firearms Tracing Branch, ATF National Tracing Center)**

Part III - ATF Agent Requesting Trace

3a. Organization Code*	3b. Phone Number: Fax Number: E-Mail:	ATF Special Agent's Name (Last, first, middle)
3d. Badge Number	3c. ATF Case Number	Field Office

Part IV - Other Agency Requesting Trace

4a. ORI Number*	4b. Phone Number: Fax Number: E-Mail:	Other Agency Officer's Name (Last, first, middle)
4d. Badge Number	Agency Case Number	Department/Unit



Canada

Department of Justice
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco,
Firearms and Explosives
Office of Strategic Intelligence and Information
Data Source: Firearms Tracing System

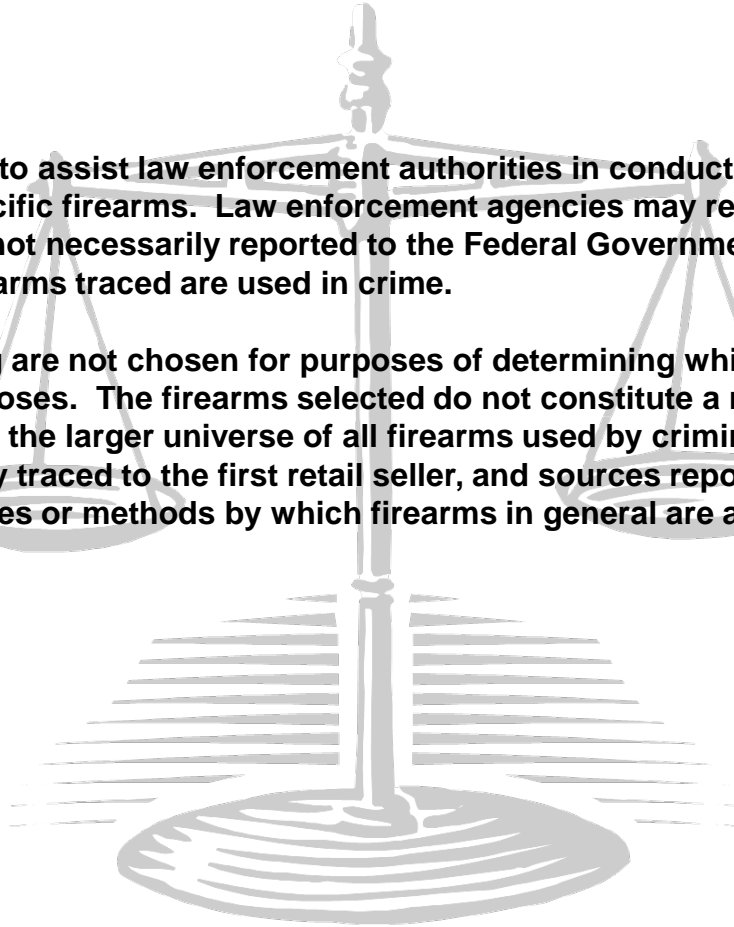
January 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013
(As of March 10, 2014)



ATF Firearms Trace Data Disclaimer

(1) Firearm traces are designed to assist law enforcement authorities in conducting investigations by tracking the sale and possession of specific firearms. Law enforcement agencies may request firearms traces for any reason, and those reasons are not necessarily reported to the Federal Government. Not all firearms used in crime are traced and not all firearms traced are used in crime.

(2) Firearms selected for tracing are not chosen for purposes of determining which types, makes or models of firearms are used for illicit purposes. The firearms selected do not constitute a random sample and should not be considered representative of the larger universe of all firearms used by criminals, or any subset of that universe. Firearms are normally traced to the first retail seller, and sources reported for firearms traced do not necessarily represent the sources or methods by which firearms in general are acquired for use in crime.





Introduction



The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF) National Tracing Center (NTC) is the nation's only crime gun tracing facility. As such, the NTC provides critical information that helps domestic and international law enforcement agencies solve firearms crimes, detect firearms trafficking and identify trends with respect to intrastate, interstate and international movement of crime guns. For calendar year (CY) 2008, the NTC traced over 288,000 firearms; CY 2009, over 354,000 firearms; CY 2010, over 285,000 firearms; CY 2011, over 319,000 firearms; CY 2012, over 332,000 firearms; and CY 2013, over 336,000 firearms. Over this time period the NTC has traced firearms for the United States and 123 countries, including Canada.

Firearms tracing is the systematic tracking of the movement of a firearm from its first sale by a manufacturer or importer through the distribution chain in an attempt to identify the first retail purchaser in order to provide investigative leads for criminal investigations. After the firearm is recovered and the identifiers are forwarded to the NTC, ATF contacts the manufacturer or importer to ascertain the sale or transfer of the firearm. ATF will attempt to contact all ensuing Federal firearms licensees (wholesale/retail) in the distribution chain until a purchaser is identified or the trace process cannot continue due to a lack of accurate or incomplete information on the trace request or in the Federal firearms licensee's records. The success of a trace result, whether domestic or international, relies upon the accuracy of the supplied firearm identifiers. The necessary identifiers for a trace include manufacturer, importer (if applicable), model, caliber and serial number.

This report relates only to those firearms recovered in Canada and traced by ATF. The firearm trace results are based upon the supplied firearm identifiers on the Canada trace requests. The Canadian trace data in this report is organized by the calendar year in which the firearm was recovered, not the year in which the trace was initiated. For example, if a firearm was recovered in 2013 but the trace was not initiated until 2014, the data will be organized in the year of recovery, 2013. Organization by recovery date provides valuable investigative leads as well as more specific trend data. Therefore, using this example, if a firearm for which a trace is initiated in later years is determined to have been recovered in 2013, the raw trace numbers for 2013 will increase in subsequent trace data reports. As a result, the trace numbers for each calendar year may fluctuate, necessitating changes to prior years' trace numbers in future reports. If a recovery date is not provided for a firearm, trace data for that firearm is organized by the calendar year in which the trace was entered into the Firearms Tracing System by ATF.



Introduction (continued)



Canada has had full registration for all handguns since 1935. On April 6, 2012, the long gun registry was officially abolished, thereby no longer requiring the registration of rifles or shotguns. Canadian law classifies numerous firearms as prohibited (i.e. shorter barreled semi-automatic pistols, fully automatic firearms and short barreled rifles and short barreled shotguns). Canada only submits trace requests to ATF of recovered firearms that are not registered or prohibited.



Analytical Criteria Used to Compile the Canada Trace Statistics

All of the attached trace statistics had the following selection criteria in common:

- Traces with a recovery country of Canada were included.
- Traces with a recovery date between January 1, 2008 and December 31, 2013 were included.
 - If a recovery date was not provided, traces with an entered date between January 1, 2008 and December 31, 2013 were included.
 - In CY 2008 through CY 2013, 99.8% of all Canada traces listed a recovery date.
- Duplicate traces were not included. A duplicate is a trace request for the same recovery of a firearm that was previously traced.
- All traces may not have been submitted or completed at the time of this analysis.
- Statistics are based on a query of the Firearms Tracing System on March 10, 2014.

Firearms Recovered in Canada and Submitted to ATF for Tracing

Calendar Year	CY 2008			CY 2009			CY 2010			CY 2011			CY 2012			CY 2013		
	# of Traces	% of all Traces	% by Category	# of Traces	% of all Traces	% by Category	# of Traces	% of all Traces	% by Category	# of Traces	% of all Traces	% by Category	# of Traces	% of all Traces	% by Category	# of Traces	% of all Traces	% by Category
Category - U.S. Sourced Firearms																		
Manufactured in the United States	909	67.4	99.6	899	65.8	99.6	829	67.0	98.8	867	67.6	99.6	940	71.3	98.9	975	69.3	98.4
Imported into the United States	435	32.2		462	33.8		393	31.8		410	32.0		364	27.6		409	29.1	
Subtotal	1,344			1,361			1,222			1,277			1,304			1,384		
Category - Undetermined Source Country for Firearms																		
Non-U.S. Manufacturer	4	0.3	0.4	6	0.4	0.4	14	1.1	1.2	5	0.3	0.4	14	1.1	1.1	21	1.5	1.6
Undetermined Country of Origin	1	0.1		0	0.0		1	0.1		1	0.1		0	0.0		2	0.1	
Subtotal	5			6			15			6			14			23		
Total	1,349	100		1,367	100		1,237	100		1,283	100		1,318	100		1,407	100	

This chart is based upon firearms recovered in Canada in a particular year and submitted to ATF for tracing.

The category "U.S. Sourced Firearms" refers to those firearms that were determined by ATF to be manufactured in the U.S. or legally imported into the U.S. by a Federal firearms licensee.

"Manufactured in the United States" refers to those firearms that were determined by ATF to be manufactured in the U.S. by a Federal firearms licensee (manufacturer).

"Imported into the United States" refers to those firearms that were determined by ATF to be legally imported into the U.S. by a Federal firearms licensee (importer). Foreign manufactured firearms that are legally imported into the U.S. require that the importer name be stamped (impressed) on the firearm (27 C.F.R. Section 478.92). The firearm is traced by ATF through the U.S.-based importer, not the foreign manufacturer.

The category "Undetermined Source Country for Firearms" refers to those firearms in which the trace request did not provide sufficient information in order for ATF to determine a source country.

"Non-U.S. Manufacturer" refers to those firearms in which the trace request indicated a non-U.S. (foreign) manufacturer and a U.S. firearms importer was either not listed (possible omission of the trace requestor) or not required (a foreign manufactured firearm that never legally entered U.S. commerce and therefore would not bear the identifying stamp of a U.S. firearms importer). ATF is unable to determine if these non-U.S. (foreign) manufactured firearms were imported directly into Canada, or if the firearms were legally imported into the U.S. or went to another country and then made their way to Canada by legal or illegal means.

"Undetermined Country of Origin" refers to those firearms in which the trace request was unclear as to the manufacturer, country of origin and the importer. ATF is unable to determine the firearm's manufacturer, or if the firearms were imported directly into Canada, or if the firearms were legally imported into the U.S. or went to another country and then made their way to Canada by legal or illegal means.

"Total" refers to all firearms recovered in Canada in a particular calendar year and submitted to ATF for tracing.

Please note, changes to the trace data will occur in the future as result of the statistics being based upon the recovery date of the firearm.

U.S. Sourced Firearms Recovered in Canada and Submitted to ATF for Tracing

Calendar Year	CY 2008		CY 2009		CY 2010		CY 2011		CY 2012		CY 2013	
	# of Traces	% of U.S. Sourced Traces	# of Traces	% of U.S. Sourced Traces	# of Traces	% of U.S. Sourced Traces	# of Traces	% of U.S. Sourced Traces	# of Traces	% of U.S. Sourced Traces	# of Traces	% of U.S. Sourced Traces
Category - U.S. Sourced Firearms												
Traced to a Retail Purchaser	694	51.6	692	50.8	628	51.4	692	54.2	607	46.5	614	44.3
Traced to a Foreign Country	214	16.0	276	20.3	256	20.9	252	19.7	354	27.2	448	32.4
Unable to Determine a Purchaser	436	32.4	393	28.9	338	27.7	333	26.1	343	26.3	322	23.3
Total	1,344	100	1,361	100	1,222	100	1,277	100	1,304	100	1,384	100

This chart is based upon the **U.S. sourced firearms** from the page entitled "Firearms Recovered in Canada and Submitted to ATF for Tracing". The total does not include trace numbers from the category "Undetermined Source Country for Firearms".

The category "U.S. Sourced Firearms" refers to those firearms that were determined by ATF to be manufactured in the U.S. or legally imported into the U.S. by a Federal firearms licensee.

"Traced to a Retail Purchaser" refers to those traces in which ATF could determine the first retail purchaser, that is, a sale executed on an ATF Firearms Transaction Record (ATF Form 4473) from a U.S. Federal firearms licensee to a purchaser in the U.S. (As a comparison, for firearms recovered in the U.S. and traced to a retail purchaser, the average percentage for firearms traced for the time period CY 2008 - CY 2013 is approximately 63%).

"Traced to a Foreign Country" refers to those firearms that were determined by ATF to be transferred from a U.S. Federal firearms licensee to a foreign government, law enforcement, dealer or entity.

"Unable to Determine a Purchaser" refers to those firearms that were manufactured in / imported into the U.S. but ATF was unable to determine the first retail purchaser through the trace process.

- Common reasons ATF is unable to identify a purchaser:
 - Incomplete firearms identifying data on the trace request form
 - Incomplete or never received out-of-business Federal firearms licensee records (upon discontinuance of business by a Federal firearms licensee, the records shall be delivered within 30 days to ATF or other Attorney General stipulated location (Title 18 U.S.C. 923(g)(4))
 - Altered or obliterated firearm serial numbers
 - The firearm is considered to be too old to trace
 - Current Federal firearms licensee records are incomplete or missing, or the Federal firearms licensee was unresponsive to ATF request for trace information

Please note, changes to the trace data will occur in the future as result of the statistics being based upon the recovery date of the firearm.

Types of Firearms Recovered in Canada and Submitted to ATF for Tracing

Calendar Year	CY 2008		CY 2009		CY 2010		CY 2011		CY 2012		CY 2013	
	# of Traces	% of all Traces	# of Traces	% of all Traces	# of Traces	% of all Traces	# of Traces	% of all Traces	# of Traces	% of all Traces	# of Traces	% of all Traces
Category - Types of Firearms												
Pistols	703	52.1	708	51.8	622	50.3	594	46.3	561	42.6	555	39.4
Revolvers	214	15.8	230	16.8	153	12.3	176	13.7	174	13.2	190	13.5
Rifles	272	20.2	271	19.8	255	20.6	315	24.6	358	27.2	394	28.0
Shotguns	143	10.6	142	10.4	184	14.9	170	13.2	204	15.4	256	18.2
Other	17	1.3	16	1.2	23	1.9	28	2.2	21	1.6	12	0.9
Total	1,349	100	1,367	100	1,237	100	1,283	100	1,318	100	1,407	100

This chart is based upon firearms recovered in Canada in a particular year and submitted to ATF for tracing.

The "Other" category can refer to machineguns, destructive devices, derringers, tear gas launchers, combination guns, flare guns, receivers/frames, silencers, any other weapons, and unknown types (to include trace requests that do not annotate a firearm type).

Please note, changes to the trace data will occur in the future as result of the statistics being based upon the recovery date of the firearm.