United States District Court

FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

VENUE: SAN FRANCISCO

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

V.

JONATHAN MOTA

DEFENDANT(S).

SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT

VIOLATIONS: 18 U.S.C. § 1951(a) – Hobbs Act Robbery; 18 U.S.C. § 924(c) – Use/Possession of Firearm in Crime of Violence; 18 U.S.C. § 924(j) – Murder Caused by Firearm in Relation to Crime of Violence; Title 18, United States Code, Section 922(g)(1) – Felon in Possession of a Firearm; Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(d) – Firearm and Ammunition Forfeiture

Foreman

Filed in open court this 27 Th day of

Clerk

A true bill.

AO 257 (Rev. 6/78)

DEFENDANT INFORMATION RELATIVE 1	TO A CRIMINAL ACTION - IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT
BY COMPLAINT INFORMATION INDICTMENT	
OFFENSE CHARGED SUPERSEDI	
18 U.S.C. Section 1951(a) - Hobbs Act robbery 18 U.S.C. Section 924(c) - Use/Possession of Firearm During and in Relation to Crime of Violence 18 U.S.C. Section 924(j) - Use/Possession of Firearm in Murder Misc	or DEFENDANT - U.S
18 U.S.C. Section 922(g) - Felon in Possession of Firearm mea	V CONSCIONATION
	DEFENDANT
PROCEEDING Name of Complaintant Agency, or Person (& Title, if any) ATF Special Agent Megan Long person is awaiting trial in another Federal or State Court, give name of court	IS NOT IN CUSTODY Has not been arrested, pending outcome this proceeding. 1) If not detained give date any prior summons was served on above charges 2) Is a Fugitive
this person/proceeding is transferred from another district per (circle one) FRCrp 20, 21, or 40. Show District this is a reprosecution of charges previously dismissed which were dismissed on motion of: U.S. ATTORNEY DEFENSE this prosecution relates to a pending case involving this same defendant prior proceedings or appearance(s) before U.S. Magistrate regarding this defendant were recorded under	6) Awaiting trial on other charges If answer to (6) is "Yes", show name of institution TBA Has detainer Yes If "Yes" give date
Name and Office of Person Furnishing Information on this form WELINDA HAAG WU.S. Attorney Other U.S. Agency	DATE TRANSFERRED Month/Day/Year TO U.S. CUSTODY
ame of Assistant U.S. ttorney (if assigned) AUSA KATHRYN R. HAUN	This report amends AO 257 previously submitted
PROCESS: SUMMONS NO PROCESS* WARRANT If Summons, complete following: Arraignment Initial Appearance Defendant Address:	Bail Amount: 0 * Where defendant previously apprehended on complaint, no new summons or warrant needed, since Magistrate has scheduled arraignment Date/Time: Before Judge:

ATTACHMENT A

The Offenses Charged:

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Count One: 18 U.S.C. § 1951(a) – Robbery Affecting Interstate Commerce

Count Two: 18 U.S.C. § 924(c)(1)(A) – Use/Possession of Firearm During

and in Relation to Crime of Violence

Count Three: 18 U.S.C. § 924(j) – Use/Possession of Firearm in Murder

Count Four: 18 U.S.C. § 922(g) – Felon in Possession of Firearm

The Maximum Penalties:

Count One: 20 years imprisonment; 3 years of supervised release;

maximum fine of \$250,000; and a \$100 special assessment

Count Two: life imprisonment with the following minimum consecutive

penalties: 5 years consecutive mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, 7 years if firearm is brandished, or 10 years if firearm is discharged); \$250,000 fine; 5 years supervised

release; and a \$100 special assessment

Count Three: Life imprisonment; \$250,000 criminal fine; 3 years supervised

release; and a \$100 mandatory special assessment *but* if the Attorney General directs the U.S. Attorney to seek the death sentence, the maximum possible punishment would be death.

At present, the maximum possible punishment is life

imprisonment.

Count Four: 10 years imprisonment; 3 years of supervised release;

maximum fine of \$250,000; and a \$100 special assessment

MELINDA HAAG (CABN 132612) United States Attorney

Code, Section 1951(b)(1).



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	No. 13-CR-93 JST
v. JONATHAN MOTA, Defendant.	<u>VIOLATIONS</u> : 18 U.S.C. § 1951(a) – Hobbs Act Robbery; 18 U.S.C. § 924(c) – Use/Possession of Firearm in Crime of Violence; 18 U.S.C. § 924(j) – Murder Caused by Firearm in Relation to Crime of Violence; Title 18, United States Code, Section 922(g)(1) – Felon in Possession of a Firearm; Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(d) – Firearm and Ammunition Forfeiture.
	SAN FRANCISCO VENUE
<u>SUPERSEDIN</u>	NG INDICTMENT
The Grand Jury charges:	
<u>COUNT ONE</u> : (18 U.S.C. §§ 1951(a) –	Robbery Affecting Interstate Commerce)
1. On or about January 18, 2013,	in the Northern District of California, the
defendant,	
JONATI	HAN MOTA,
unlawfully and knowingly did obstruct, delay,	and affect commerce and the movement of articles
and commodities in commerce by robbery, as	that term is defined in Title 18, United States
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All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1951(a)

71	COUNT TWO: (18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c) — Use/Possession of a Firearm in Crime of
2	Violence)
3	2. On or about January 18, 2013, in the Northern District of California, the
4	defendant,
5	JONATHAN MOTA,
6	unlawfully and knowingly did use and carry and brandish and discharge a firearm during and in
7	relation to a crime of violence for which he may be prosecuted in a court of the United States,
8	namely, the robbery affecting commerce charged in Count One of this Superseding Indictment,
9	and did possess and brandish and discharge a firearm in furtherance of the offense charged in
10	Count One of this Superseding Indictment.
11	All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(c)
12	COUNT THREE: (18 U.S.C. § 924(j) – Use of Firearm Causing Murder)
13	3. On or about January 18, 2013, in the Northern District of California, the
14	defendant,
15	JONATHAN MOTA,
15 16	JONATHAN MOTA, unlawfully and knowingly, in the course of using and carrying a firearm during and in relation to
16	unlawfully and knowingly, in the course of using and carrying a firearm during and in relation to
16 17 18	unlawfully and knowingly, in the course of using and carrying a firearm during and in relation to and possessing a firearm in furtherance of, a crime of violence for which he may be prosecuted in
16 17 18	unlawfully and knowingly, in the course of using and carrying a firearm during and in relation to and possessing a firearm in furtherance of, a crime of violence for which he may be prosecuted in a court of the United States, that is the robbery charged in Count One of this Superseding
16 17 18 19	unlawfully and knowingly, in the course of using and carrying a firearm during and in relation to and possessing a firearm in furtherance of, a crime of violence for which he may be prosecuted in a court of the United States, that is the robbery charged in Count One of this Superseding Indictment, did cause the death of a person through the use of a firearm, which killing was
16 17 18 19 20 21	unlawfully and knowingly, in the course of using and carrying a firearm during and in relation to and possessing a firearm in furtherance of, a crime of violence for which he may be prosecuted in a court of the United States, that is the robbery charged in Count One of this Superseding Indictment, did cause the death of a person through the use of a firearm, which killing was murder as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1111, to wit, JONATHAN MOTA
16 17	unlawfully and knowingly, in the course of using and carrying a firearm during and in relation to and possessing a firearm in furtherance of, a crime of violence for which he may be prosecuted in a court of the United States, that is the robbery charged in Count One of this Superseding Indictment, did cause the death of a person through the use of a firearm, which killing was murder as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1111, to wit, JONATHAN MOTA caused the death of Forrest Seagrave by discharging a firearm at Forrest Seagrave during the
16 17 18 19 220 221 222 23	unlawfully and knowingly, in the course of using and carrying a firearm during and in relation to and possessing a firearm in furtherance of, a crime of violence for which he may be prosecuted in a court of the United States, that is the robbery charged in Count One of this Superseding Indictment, did cause the death of a person through the use of a firearm, which killing was murder as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1111, to wit, JONATHAN MOTA caused the death of Forrest Seagrave by discharging a firearm at Forrest Seagrave during the robbery charged in Count One.
16 17 18 19 20 21	unlawfully and knowingly, in the course of using and carrying a firearm during and in relation to and possessing a firearm in furtherance of, a crime of violence for which he may be prosecuted in a court of the United States, that is the robbery charged in Count One of this Superseding Indictment, did cause the death of a person through the use of a firearm, which killing was murder as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1111, to wit, JONATHAN MOTA caused the death of Forrest Seagrave by discharging a firearm at Forrest Seagrave during the robbery charged in Count One. All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(j)(1)
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	unlawfully and knowingly, in the course of using and carrying a firearm during and in relation to and possessing a firearm in furtherance of, a crime of violence for which he may be prosecuted in a court of the United States, that is the robbery charged in Count One of this Superseding Indictment, did cause the death of a person through the use of a firearm, which killing was murder as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1111, to wit, JONATHAN MOTA caused the death of Forrest Seagrave by discharging a firearm at Forrest Seagrave during the robbery charged in Count One. All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(j)(1) COUNT FOUR: (18 U.S.C. § 922(g) – Felon in Possession of Firearm and Ammunition)
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	unlawfully and knowingly, in the course of using and carrying a firearm during and in relation to and possessing a firearm in furtherance of, a crime of violence for which he may be prosecuted in a court of the United States, that is the robbery charged in Count One of this Superseding Indictment, did cause the death of a person through the use of a firearm, which killing was murder as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1111, to wit, JONATHAN MOTA caused the death of Forrest Seagrave by discharging a firearm at Forrest Seagrave during the robbery charged in Count One. All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(j)(1) COUNT FOUR: (18 U.S.C. § 922(g) – Felon in Possession of Firearm and Ammunition) 4. Between on or about January 18, 2013, through on or about January 26, 2013, in

having been previously convicted of a crime punishable by a term of imprisonment exceedingone year, to wit, a 2008 conviction for a violation of California Penal Code 211, unlawfully and knowingly did possess a firearm, specifically a Zastava 7.62 firearm, loaded with a large capacity magazine and ammunition, in and affecting interstate commerce.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 922(g)(1)

FORFEITURE ALLEGATION: (18 U.S.C. § 924(d))

- 5. The allegations contained in Count Four in this Superseding Indictment are realleged and incorporated herein.
 - 6. Upon a conviction for the offense alleged in Count Four above, the defendant, JONATHAN MOTA,

shall forfeit to the United States any firearm or ammunition involved in or used in any knowing violations of Title 18, United States Code, Section 922(g). This includes, but is not limited to:

(1) a Zastava 7.62 firearm; (2) any magazine fitting the firearm; and (3) the rounds loaded inside this firearm.

All pursuant to Title18, United States Code, Section 924(d), and Rule 32.2 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

DATED: June 27, 2013

A TRUE BILL

MELINDA HAAG

United States Attorney

- Souplas

J. DOUGLAS WILSON Chief, Criminal Division

(Approved as to form:

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KATHRÝN R) HAUN

Assistant United States Attorney

SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT

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