

State Laws and Published Ordinances – Michigan
Current through Public Act 141 from the 2019 Legislative Session.

Office of the Attorney General
G. Mennen Williams Building
525 West Ottawa Street
P.O. Box 30212
Lansing, MI 48909
Voice: (517) 355-7622
<https://www.michigan.gov/ag/>



Detroit Field Division
1155 Brewery Park Boulevard
Suite 300
Detroit, MI 48207
Voice: (313) 202-3400
<https://www.atf.gov/detroit-field-division>



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Ada Township

Allegan

Allen Park

Ann Arbor

Armada

Atlas Township

Bedford Township

Belding

Bingham Farms

Birmingham

Brandon Charter Township

Buchanan

Canton Charter Township

Chesterfield Charter Township

Clinton Charter Township

Dearborn

Dearborn Heights

Detroit

Dorr Township

East Lansing

Eastpointe

Ecorse

Escanaba

Fabius Township

Fenton

Flat Rock

Flint

Flint Charter Township

Franklin Fraser

Garden City

Gibraltar

Gladstone

Goodrich

Grand Blanc Charter Township

Grand Haven

Grand Lodge

Grand Rapids

Greenville

Grosse Pointe Shores

Grosse Pointe Woods

Hamtramck

Hart

Hastings

Highland Park

Huntington Woods

Independence Charter Township

Inkster

Kalamazoo

Kentwood

Lake Odessa

Lake Orion

Lansing

Lincoln Park

Livonia

Lyon Charter Township

Macomb Township

Madison Heights

Manton

Match-e-be-nash-she-wish Band of

Pottawatomi Indians

Melvindale

Michiana

Milford

Milford Charter Township

Millington

Mount Clemens

Niles Charter Township

Northville Township

Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the

Potawatomi

Novi

Oak Park

Orchard Lake Village

Oxford Charter Township

Pittsfield Charter Township

Plymouth

Pontiac

Port Huron

Port Huron Charter Township

Portage

Redford

Richmond

Rockwood

Roseville

Royal Oak

Royal Oak Charter Township

Saginaw

Shelby Charter Township

Spring Lake

South Lyon

South Rockwood

Southgate

St. Clair Shores

Sterling Heights
Sumpter Township
Swartz Creek
Taylor
Walker
Warren

Waterford Charter Township
Wayland
Wayne
West Bloomfield
Westland
White Lake Charter Township

Wixom Woodhaven
Wyandotte
Wyoming
Ypsilanti

**Chapter 3 – Federal and Interstate Relations
Act 207 of 1969 Purchase of Rifles and Shotguns**

Section 3.111. Rifles and shotguns; purchases by residents.

Residents of this state may purchase rifles and shotguns in any state if they conform to the federal gun control act of 1968, Public Law 90-618, and the regulations issued under that act, as administered by the secretary of the treasury, and with the laws of the state in which the purchase is made.

Section 3.112. Rifles and shotguns; purchases by nonresidents.

Residents of another state may purchase rifles and shotguns in this state if they conform to the federal gun control act of 1968, Public Law 90-618, and the regulations issued under that act, as administered by the secretary of the treasury, and with the laws of the state in which the purchaser resides.

**Chapter 8 – Statutes
RS 1846, Ch. 1**

Section 8.3t. "Firearm" defined.

The word **"firearm"**, except as otherwise specifically defined in statute, includes any weapon which will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by action of an explosive.

**Chapter 28 – Michigan State Police
Act 372 of 1927**

Section 28.421. Definitions; lawful owning, possessing, carrying, or transporting of pistol greater than 26 inches in length; firearm as pistol.

(1) As used in this act:

(a) **"Corrections officer of the department of corrections"** means a state correctional officer as that term is defined in section 2 of the correctional officers' training act of 1982, 1982 PA 415, MCL 791.502.

(b) **"Felony"** means, except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, that term as defined in section 1 of chapter I of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 761.1, or a violation of a law of the United States or another state that is designated as a felony or that is punishable by death or by imprisonment for more than 1 year. Felony does not include a violation of a penal law of this state that is expressly designated as a misdemeanor.

(c) **"Firearm"** means any weapon which will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by action of an explosive.

(d) **"Firearms records"** means any form, information, or record required for submission to a government agency under sections 2, 2a, 2b, and 5b, or any form, permit, or license issued by a government agency under this act.

(e) **"Local corrections officer"** means that term as defined in section 2 of the local corrections officers training act, 2003 PA 125, MCL 791.532.

(f) **"Misdemeanor"** means a violation of a penal law of this state or violation of a local ordinance substantially corresponding to a violation of a penal law of this state that is not a felony or a violation of an order, rule, or regulation of a state agency that is punishable by imprisonment or a fine that is not a civil fine, or both.

(g) **"Parole or probation officer of the department of corrections"** means any individual employed by the department of corrections to supervise felony probationers or parolees or that individual's immediate supervisor.

(h) **"Peace officer"** means, except as otherwise provided in this act, an individual who is employed as a law enforcement officer, as that term is defined under section 2 of the commission on law enforcement standards act, 1965 PA 203, MCL 28.602, by this state or another state, a political subdivision of this state or another state, or the United States, and who is required to carry a firearm in the course of his or her duties as a law enforcement officer.

(i) **"Pistol"** means a loaded or unloaded firearm that is 26 inches or less in length, or a loaded or unloaded firearm that by its construction and appearance conceals it as a firearm.

(j) **"Purchaser"** means a person who receives a pistol from another person by purchase or gift.

(k) **"Reserve peace officer", "auxiliary officer", or "reserve officer"** means, except as otherwise provided in this act, an individual authorized on a voluntary or irregular basis by a duly authorized police agency of this state or a political subdivision of this state to act as a law enforcement officer, who is responsible for the preservation of the peace, the prevention and detection of crime, and the enforcement of the general criminal laws of this state, and who is otherwise eligible to possess a firearm under this act.

(l) "Retired corrections officer of the department of corrections" means an individual who was a corrections officer of the department of corrections and who retired in good standing from his or her employment as a corrections officer of the department of corrections.

(m) "Retired federal law enforcement officer" means an individual who was an officer or agent employed by a law enforcement agency of the United States government whose primary responsibility was enforcing laws of the United States, who was required to carry a firearm in the course of his or her duties as a law enforcement officer, and who retired in good standing from his or her employment as a federal law enforcement officer.

(n) "Retired parole or probation officer of the department of corrections" means an individual who was a parole or probation officer of the department of corrections and who retired in good standing from his or her employment as a parole or probation officer of the department of corrections.

(o) "Retired police officer" or "retired law enforcement officer" means an individual who was a police officer or law enforcement officer who was licensed or certified as described in the Michigan commission on law enforcement standards act, 1965 PA 203, MCL 28.601 to 28.615, and retired in good standing from his or her employment as a police officer or law enforcement officer. A police officer or law enforcement officer retired in good standing if he or she receives a pension or other retirement benefit for his or her service as a police officer or law enforcement officer or actively maintained a Michigan commission on law enforcement standards or equivalent state certification or license from this state or another state for not less than 10 consecutive years.

(p) "Seller" means a person who sells or gives a pistol to another person.

(q) "State court judge" means a judge of the district court, circuit court, probate court, or court of appeals or justice of the supreme court of this state who is serving either by election or appointment.

(r) "State court retired judge" means a judge or justice described in subdivision (q) who is retired, or a retired judge of the recorders court.

(2) A person may lawfully own, possess, carry, or transport as a pistol a firearm greater than 26 inches in length if all of the following conditions apply:

(a) The person registered the firearm as a pistol under sections 2 or 2a before January 1, 2013.

(b) The person who registered the firearm as described in subdivision (a) has maintained registration of the firearm since January 1, 2013 without lapse.

(c) The person possesses a copy of the license or record issued to him or her under sections 2 or 2a.

(3) A person who satisfies all of the conditions listed under subsection (2) nevertheless may elect to have the firearm not be considered to be a pistol. A person who makes the election under this subsection shall notify the department of state police of the election in a manner prescribed by that department.

Section 28.422. License to purchase, carry, possess, or transport pistol; issuance; qualifications; applications; sale of pistol; exemptions; nonresidents; forging application as felony; implementation during business hours.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this act, a person shall not purchase, carry, possess, or transport a pistol in this state without first having obtained a license for the pistol as prescribed in this section.

(2) A person who brings a pistol into this state who is on leave from active duty with the armed forces of the United States or who has been discharged from active duty with the armed forces of the United States shall obtain a license for the pistol within 30 days after his or her arrival in this state.

(3) The commissioner or chief of police of a city, township, or village police department that issues licenses to purchase, carry, possess, or transport pistols, or his or her duly authorized deputy, or the sheriff or his or her duly authorized deputy, in the parts of a county not included within a city, township, or village having an organized police department, in discharging the duty to issue licenses shall with due speed and diligence issue licenses to purchase, carry, possess, or transport pistols to qualified applicants unless he or she has probable cause to believe that the applicant would be a threat to himself or herself or to other individuals, or would commit an offense with the pistol that would violate a law of this or another state or of the United States. An applicant is qualified if all of the following circumstances exist:

(a) The person is not subject to an order or disposition for which he or she has received notice and an opportunity for a hearing, and which was entered into the law enforcement information network under any of the following:

(i) Section 464a of the mental health code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1464a.

(ii) Section 5107 of the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.5107, or section 444a of former 1978 PA 642.

(iii) Section 2950 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950.

(iv) Section 2950a of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950a.

(v) Section 14 of 1846 RS 84, MCL 552.14.

(vi) Section 6b of chapter V of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 765.6b, if the order has a condition imposed under section 6b(3) of chapter V of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 765.6b.

(vii) Section 16b of chapter IX of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 769.16b.

(b) The person is 18 years of age or older or, if the seller is licensed under 18 USC 923, is 21 years of age or older.

(c) The person is a citizen of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted into the United States and is a legal resident of this state. For the purposes of this section, a person is considered a legal resident of this state if any of the following apply:

(i) The person has a valid, lawfully obtained Michigan driver license issued under the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.1 to 257.923, or an official state personal identification card issued under 1972 PA 222, MCL 28.291 to 28.300.

(ii) The person is lawfully registered to vote in this state.

(iii) The person is on active duty status with the United States armed forces and is stationed outside of this state, but the person's home of record is in this state.

(iv) The person is on active duty status with the United States armed forces and is permanently stationed in this state, but the person's home of record is in another state.

(d) A felony charge or a criminal charge listed in section 5b against the person is not pending at the time of application.

(e) The person is not prohibited from possessing, using, transporting, selling, purchasing, carrying, shipping, receiving, or distributing a firearm under section 224f of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.224f.

(f) The person has not been adjudged insane in this state or elsewhere unless he or she has been adjudged restored to sanity by court order.

(g) The person is not under an order of involuntary commitment in an inpatient or outpatient setting due to mental illness.

(h) The person has not been adjudged legally incapacitated in this state or elsewhere. This subdivision does not apply to a person who has had his or her legal capacity restored by order of the court.

(4) Applications for licenses under this section shall be signed by the applicant under oath upon forms provided by the director of the department of state police. Licenses to purchase, carry, possess, or transport pistols shall be executed in triplicate upon forms provided by the director of the department of state police and shall be signed by the licensing authority. Three copies of the license shall be delivered to the applicant by the licensing authority. A license is void unless used within 30 days after the date it is issued.

(5) If an individual purchases or otherwise acquires a pistol, the seller shall fill out the license forms describing the pistol, together with the date of sale or acquisition, and sign his or her name in ink indicating that the pistol was sold to or otherwise acquired by the purchaser. The purchaser shall also sign his or her name in ink indicating the purchase or other acquisition of the pistol from the seller. The seller may retain a copy of the license as a record of the transaction. The purchaser shall receive 2 copies of the license. The purchaser shall return 1 copy of the license to the licensing authority within 10 days after the date the pistol is purchased or acquired. The return of the copy to the licensing authority may be made in person or may be made by first-class mail or certified mail sent within the 10-day period to the proper address of the licensing authority. A purchaser who fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection is responsible for a state civil infraction and may be fined not more than \$250. If a purchaser is found responsible for a state civil infraction under this subsection, the court shall notify the department of state police of that determination.

(6) Within 10 days after receiving the license copy returned under subsection (5), the licensing authority shall electronically enter the information into the pistol entry database as required by the department of state police if it has the ability to electronically enter that information. If the licensing authority does not have that ability, the licensing authority shall provide that information to the department of state police in a manner otherwise required by the department of state police. Any licensing authority that provided pistol descriptions to the department of state police under former section 9 of this act shall continue to provide pistol descriptions to the department of state police under this subsection. Within 48 hours after entering or otherwise providing the information on the license copy returned under subsection (5) to the department of state police, the licensing authority shall forward the copy of the license to the department of state police. The purchaser has the right to obtain a copy of the information placed in the pistol entry database under this subsection to verify the accuracy of that information. The licensing authority may charge a fee not to exceed \$1 for the cost of providing the copy. The licensee may carry, use, possess, and transport the pistol for 30 days beginning on the date of purchase or acquisition only while he or she is in possession of his or her copy of the license. However, the person is not required to have the license in his or her possession while carrying, using, possessing, or transporting the pistol after this period.

(7) This section does not apply to the purchase of pistols from wholesalers by dealers regularly engaged in the business of selling pistols at retail, or to the sale, barter, or exchange of pistols kept as relics or curios not made for modern ammunition or permanently deactivated.

(8) This section does not prevent the transfer of ownership of pistols to an heir or devisee, whether by testamentary bequest or by the laws of intestacy regardless of whether the pistol is registered with this state. An individual who has inherited a pistol shall obtain a license as required in this section within 30 days of taking physical possession of the pistol. The license may be signed by a next of kin of the decedent or the person authorized to dispose of property under the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1101 to 700.8206, including when the next of kin is the individual inheriting the pistol. If the heir or devisee is not qualified for a license under this section, the heir or devisee may direct the next of kin or person authorized to dispose of property under the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1101 to 700.8206, to dispose of the pistol in any manner that is lawful and the heir or devisee considers appropriate. The person authorized to dispose of property under the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1101 to 700.8206, is not required to obtain a license under this section if he or she takes temporary lawful possession of the pistol in the process of disposing of the pistol pursuant to the decedent's testamentary bequest or the laws of intestacy. A law enforcement agency may not seize or confiscate a pistol being transferred by testamentary bequest or the laws of intestacy unless the heir or devisee does not qualify for obtaining a license under this section and the next of kin or person authorized to dispose of property under the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1101 to 700.8206, is unable to retain his or her temporary possession of the pistol or find alternative lawful storage. If a law enforcement agency seizes or confiscates a pistol under this subsection, the heir or devisee who is not qualified to obtain a license under this section retains ownership interest in the pistol and, within 30 days of being notified of the seizure or confiscation, may file with a court of competent jurisdiction to direct the law enforcement agency to lawfully transfer or otherwise dispose of the pistol. A pistol seized under this subsection shall not be destroyed, sold, or used while in possession of the seizing entity or its agents until 30 days have passed since the heir or devisee has been notified of the seizure and no legal action regarding the lawful possession or ownership of the seized pistol has been filed in any court and is pending. As used in this subsection:

(a) "Devisee" means that term as defined in section 1103 of the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1103.

(b) "Heir" means that term as defined in section 1104 of the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1104.

(9) An individual who is not a resident of this state is not required to obtain a license under this section if all of the following conditions apply:

(a) The individual is licensed in his or her state of residence to purchase, carry, or transport a pistol.

(b) The individual is in possession of the license described in subdivision (a).

(c) The individual is the owner of the pistol he or she possesses, carries, or transports.

(d) The individual possesses the pistol for a lawful purpose.

(e) The individual is in this state for a period of 180 days or less and does not intend to establish residency in this state.

(10) An individual who is a nonresident of this state shall present the license described in subsection (9)(a) upon the demand of a police officer. An individual who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days or a fine of not more than \$100, or both.

(11) The licensing authority may require a person claiming active duty status with the United States armed forces to provide proof of 1 or both of the following:

(a) The person's home of record.

(b) Permanent active duty assignment in this state.

(12) This section does not apply to a person who is younger than the age required under subsection (3)(b) and who possesses a pistol if all of the following conditions apply:

(a) The person is not otherwise prohibited from possessing that pistol.

(b) The person is at a recognized target range.

(c) The person possesses the pistol for the purpose of target practice or instruction in the safe use of a pistol.

(d) The person is in the physical presence and under the direct supervision of any of the following:

(i) The person's parent.

(ii) The person's guardian.

(iii) An individual who is 21 years of age or older, who is authorized by the person's parent or guardian, and who has successfully completed a pistol safety training course or class that meets the requirements of section 5j(1)(a), (b), or (d), and received a certificate of completion.

(e) The owner of the pistol is physically present.

(13) This section does not apply to a person who possesses a pistol if all of the following conditions apply:

(a) The person is not otherwise prohibited from possessing a pistol.

(b) The person is at a recognized target range or shooting facility.

(c) The person possesses the pistol for the purpose of target practice or instruction in the safe use of a pistol.

(d) The owner of the pistol is physically present and supervising the use of the pistol.

(14) A person who forges any matter on an application for a license under this section is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than \$2,000, or both.

(15) A licensing authority shall implement this section during all of the licensing authority's normal business hours and shall set hours for implementation that allow an applicant to use the license within the time period set forth in subsection (4).

Section 28.422a. Individuals not required to obtain license; completion of record by seller; duties of purchaser; noncompliance as state civil infraction; penalty; entering information into pistol entry database; obtaining copy of information; exemption; material false statement as felony; penalty; rules; definitions.

(1) The following individuals are not required to obtain a license under section 2 to purchase, carry, possess, use, or transport a pistol:

(a) An individual licensed under section 5b, except for an individual who has an emergency license issued under section 5a(4) or a receipt serving as a concealed pistol license under section 5b(9) or 5l(3).

(b) A federally licensed firearms dealer.

(c) An individual who purchases a pistol from a federally licensed firearms dealer in compliance with 18 USC 922(t).

(d) An individual currently employed as a police officer who is licensed or certified under the Michigan commission on law enforcement standards act, 1965 PA 203, MCL 28.601 to 28.615.

(2) If an individual described in subsection (1) purchases or otherwise acquires a pistol, the seller shall complete a record in triplicate on a form provided by the department of state police. The record shall include the purchaser's concealed weapon license number, the number of the purchaser's license or certificate issued under the Michigan commission on law enforcement standards act, 1965 PA 203, MCL 28.601 to 28.615, or, if the purchaser is a federally licensed firearms dealer, his or her dealer license number. If the purchaser is not licensed under section 5b or does not have a license or certificate issued under the Michigan commission on law enforcement standards act, 1965 PA 203, MCL 28.601 to 28.615, and is not a federally licensed firearms dealer, the record shall include the dealer license number of the federally licensed firearms dealer who is selling the pistol. The purchaser shall sign the record. The seller may retain 1 copy of the record. The purchaser shall receive 2 copies of the record and forward 1 copy to the police department of the city, village, or township in which the purchaser resides, or, if the purchaser does not reside in a city, village, or township having a police department, to the county sheriff, within 10 days following the purchase or acquisition. The return of the copy to the police department or county sheriff may be made in person or may be made by first-class mail or certified mail sent within the 10-day period to the proper address of the police department or county sheriff. A purchaser who fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection is responsible for a state civil infraction and may be fined not more than \$250. If a purchaser is found responsible for a state civil infraction under this subsection, the court shall notify the department of state police. If the purchaser is licensed under section 5b, the court shall notify the licensing authority of that determination.

(3) Within 10 days after receiving the record copy returned under subsection (2), the police department or county sheriff shall electronically enter the information into the pistol entry database as required by the department of state police if it has the ability to electronically enter that information. If the police department or county sheriff does not have that ability, the police department or county sheriff shall provide that information to the department of state police in a manner otherwise required by the department of state police. Any police department or county sheriff that provided pistol descriptions to the department of state police under former section 9 of this act shall continue to provide pistol descriptions to the department of state police under this subsection. Within 48 hours after entering or otherwise providing the information on the record copy returned under subsection (2) to the department of state police, the police department or county sheriff shall forward the copy of the record to the department of state police. The purchaser has the right to obtain a copy of the information placed in the pistol entry database under this subsection to verify the accuracy of that information. The police department or county sheriff may charge a fee not to exceed \$1 for the cost of providing the copy. The purchaser may carry, use, possess, and transport the pistol for 30 days beginning on the date of purchase or

acquisition only while he or she is in possession of his or her copy of the record. However, the person is not required to have the record in his or her possession while carrying, using, possessing, or transporting the pistol after this period.

(4) This section does not apply to a person or entity exempt under section 2(7).

(5) An individual who makes a material false statement on a sales record under this section is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than \$2,500, or both.

(6) The department of state police may promulgate rules to implement this section.

(7) The Michigan commission on law enforcement standards shall provide license or certificate information, as applicable, to the department of state police to verify the requirements of this section.

(8) As used in this section:

(a) "**Federally licensed firearms dealer**" means a person licensed to sell firearms under 18 USC 923.

(b) "**Person**" means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity.

Section 28.422b. Entry of order or disposition into law enforcement information network; written notice; person subject of order; request to amend inaccuracy; notice of grant or denial of request; hearing; entry of personal protection order; service required.

(1) Except as provided in subsection (5), upon entry of an order or disposition into the law enforcement information network under any provision of law described in section 2(3)(a), the department of state police shall immediately send written notice of that entry to the person who is the subject of the order or disposition. The notice shall be sent by first-class mail to the last known address of the person. The notice shall include at least all of the following:

(a) The name of the person.

(b) The date the order or disposition was entered into the law enforcement information network.

(c) A statement that the person cannot obtain a license to purchase a pistol or obtain a concealed weapon license until the order or disposition is removed from the law enforcement information network.

(d) A statement that the person may request that the state police correct or expunge inaccurate information entered into the law enforcement information network.

(2) A person who is the subject of an order entered into the law enforcement information network under any provision of law described in section 2(3)(a) may request that the department of state police do either of the following:

(a) Amend an inaccuracy in the information entered into the law enforcement information network under any provision of law described in section 2(3)(a).

(b) Expunge the person's name and other information concerning the person from the law enforcement information network regarding 1 or more specific entries in the law enforcement information network under any provision of law described in section 2(3)(a) because 1 or more of the following circumstances exist:

(i) The person is not subject to an order of involuntary commitment in an inpatient or outpatient setting due to mental illness.

(ii) The person is not subject to an order or disposition determining that the person is legally incapacitated.

(iii) The person is not subject to a personal protection order issued under any of the following:

(A) Section 2950 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950.

(B) Section 2950a of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950a.

(C) Section 14 of 1846 RS 84, MCL 552.14.

(iv) The person is not subject to an order for release subject to protective conditions that prohibits the purchase or possession of a firearm by the person issued under section 6b of chapter V of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 765.6b.

(3) Before the expiration of 30 days after a request is made to amend an inaccuracy in the law enforcement information network under subsection (2)(a) or to expunge 1 or more specific entries from the law enforcement information network under subsection (2)(b)(i) to (iv), the department of state police shall conduct an investigation concerning the accuracy of the information contained in the law enforcement information network, either grant or deny the request and provide the person with written notice of that grant or denial. A notice of denial shall include a statement specifying the basis of the denial, and that a person may appeal the denial pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.

(4) If the department of state police refuses a request by a person for amendment or expunction under subsection (2), or fails to act within 30 days after receiving the request under subsection (2), the person may request a hearing before a hearing officer appointed by the department of state police for a determination of whether information entered into the law enforcement information network should be amended or expunged because it is inaccurate or false. The department of state police shall conduct the hearing pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.

(5) The department of state police shall not send written notice of an entry of an order or disposition into the law enforcement information network as required for a personal protection order issued under section 2950 or 2950a of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950 and 600.2950a, until that department has received notice that the respondent of the order has been served with or has received notice of the personal protection order.

Section 28.424. Restoration of rights by concealed weapons licensing board; application; fee; determination; circumstances; judicial review.

(1) An individual who is prohibited from possessing, using, transporting, selling, purchasing, carrying, shipping, receiving, or distributing a firearm under section 224f(2) of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.224f, may petition the circuit court in the county in which he or she resides for restoration of those rights.

(2) An individual who is prohibited from possessing, using, transporting, selling, carrying, shipping, or distributing ammunition under section 224f(4) of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.224f, may petition the circuit court in the county in which he or she resides for restoration of those rights.

(3) Not more than 1 petition may be submitted under subsection (1) or (2) in any 12-month period. The circuit court shall charge a fee as provided in section 2529 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2529, unless the court waives that fee.

(4) The circuit court shall, by written order, restore the rights of an individual to possess, use, transport, sell, purchase, carry, ship, receive, or distribute a firearm or to possess, use, transport, sell, carry, ship, or distribute ammunition if the circuit court determines, by clear and convincing evidence, that all of the following circumstances exist:

(a) The individual properly submitted a petition for restoration of those rights as provided under this section.

(b) The expiration of 5 years after all of the following circumstances:

(i) The individual has paid all fines imposed for the violation resulting in the prohibition.

(ii) The individual has served all terms of imprisonment imposed for the violation resulting in the prohibition.

(iii) The individual has successfully completed all conditions of probation or parole imposed for the violation resulting in the prohibition.

(c) The individual's record and reputation are such that the individual is not likely to act in a manner dangerous to the safety of other individuals.

Section 28.425o. Premises on which carrying concealed weapon or portable device that uses electro-muscular disruption technology prohibited; "premises" defined; exceptions to subsections (1) and (2); violation; penalties.

(1) Subject to subsection (5), an individual licensed under this act to carry a concealed pistol, or who is exempt from licensure under section 12a(h), shall not carry a concealed pistol on the premises of any of the following:

(a) A school or school property except that a parent or legal guardian of a student of the school is not precluded from carrying a concealed pistol while in a vehicle on school property, if he or she is dropping the student off at the school or picking up the student from the school. As used in this section, "school" and "school property" mean those terms as defined in section 237a of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.237a.

(3) An individual licensed under this act to carry a concealed pistol, or who is exempt from licensure under section 12a(h), shall not carry a concealed pistol in violation of R 432.1212 of the Michigan Administrative Code promulgated under the Michigan gaming control and revenue act, 1996 IL 1, MCL 432.201 to 432.226.

(4) As used in subsection (1), "premises" does not include parking areas of the places identified under subsection (1).

(5) Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply to any of the following:

(a) An individual licensed under this act who is a retired police officer, retired law enforcement officer, or retired federal law enforcement officer.

(b) An individual who is licensed under this act and who is employed or contracted by an entity described under subsection (1) to provide security services and is required by his or her employer or the terms of a contract to carry a concealed firearm on the premises of the employing or contracting entity.

(c) An individual who is licensed as a private investigator or private detective under the professional investigator licensure act, 1965 PA 285, MCL 338.821 to 338.851.

(d) An individual who is licensed under this act and who is a corrections officer of a county sheriff's department or who is licensed under this act and is a retired corrections officer of a county sheriff's department, if that individual has received county sheriff approved weapons training.

(e) An individual who is licensed under this act and who is a motor carrier officer or capitol security officer of the department of state police.

(f) An individual who is licensed under this act and who is a member of a sheriff's posse.

(g) An individual who is licensed under this act and who is an auxiliary officer or reserve officer of a police or sheriff's department.

(h) An individual who is licensed under this act and who is any of the following:

(i) A parole, probation, or corrections officer, or absconder recovery unit member, of the department of corrections, if that individual has obtained a Michigan department of corrections weapons permit.

(ii) A retired parole, probation, or corrections officer, or retired absconder recovery unit member, of the department of corrections, if that individual has obtained a Michigan department of corrections weapons permit.

(i) state court judge or state court retired judge who is licensed under this act.

(j) An individual who is licensed under this act and who is a court officer.

(k) An individual who is licensed under this act and who is a peace officer.

Section 28.426. Issuance of license; conditions.

(1) An issuing agency shall not issue a license to an applicant under section 2 unless both of the following apply:

(a) The issuing agency has determined through the federal national instant criminal background check system that the applicant is not prohibited under federal law from possessing or transporting a firearm.

(b) If the applicant is not a United States citizen, the issuing agency has verified through the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement databases that the applicant is not an illegal alien or a nonimmigrant alien.

Section 28.430. Theft of firearm; report required; failure to report theft as civil violation; penalty.

(1) A person who owns a firearm shall, within 5 days after he or she knows his or her firearm is stolen, report the theft to a police agency having jurisdiction over that theft.

(2) A person who fails to report the theft of a firearm as required under subsection (1) is responsible for a civil violation and may be fined not more than \$500.

Section 28.432. Inapplicability of MCL 28.422; amendatory act as "Janet Kukuk act".

(1) Section 2 does not apply to any of the following:

(a) A police or correctional agency of the United States or of this state or any subdivision of this state.

(b) The United States army, air force, navy, or marine corps.

(c) An organization authorized by law to purchase or receive weapons from the United States or from this state.

(d) The national guard, armed forces reserves, or other duly authorized military organization.

(e) A member of an entity or organization described in subdivisions (a) through (d) for a pistol while engaged in the course of his or her duties with that entity or while going to or returning from those duties.

(f) A United States citizen holding a license to carry a pistol concealed upon his or her person issued by another state.

(g) The regular and ordinary possession and transportation of a pistol as merchandise by an authorized agent of a person licensed to manufacture firearms or a licensed dealer.

(h) Purchasing, owning, carrying, possessing, using, or transporting an antique firearm. As used in this subdivision, "antique firearm" means that term as defined in section 231a of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.231a.

(i) An individual carrying, possessing, using, or transporting a pistol belonging to another individual, if the other individual's possession of the pistol is authorized by law and the individual carrying, possessing, using, or transporting the pistol has obtained a license under section 5b to carry a concealed pistol or is exempt from licensure as provided in section 12a.

(2) The amendatory act that added subsection (1)(h) shall be known and may be cited as the "Janet Kukuk act".

Section 28.435. Sale of firearms by federally licensed firearms dealer; sale of trigger lock or secured container; exceptions; brochure or pamphlet; statement of compliance; notice of liability; action by political subdivision against firearm or ammunition producer prohibited; rights of state attorney general; exceptions; effect of subsections (9) through (11); violation; penalties; definitions.

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), a federally licensed firearms dealer shall not sell a firearm in this state unless the sale includes 1 of the following:

(a) A commercially available trigger lock or other device designed to disable the firearm and prevent the discharge of the firearm.

(b) A commercially available gun case or storage container that can be secured to prevent unauthorized access to the firearm.

(2) This section does not apply to any of the following:

(a) The sale of a firearm to a police officer or a police agency.

(b) The sale of a firearm to a person who presents to the federally licensed firearms dealer 1 of the following:

(i) A trigger lock or other device designed to disable the firearm and prevent the discharge of the firearm together with a copy of the purchase receipt for the federally licensed firearms dealer to keep. A separate trigger lock or device and a separate purchase receipt shall be required for each firearm purchased.

(ii) A gun case or storage container that can be secured to prevent unauthorized access to the firearm together with a copy of the purchase receipt for the federally licensed firearms dealer to keep. A separate gun case or storage container and a separate purchase receipt shall be required for each firearm purchased.

(c) The sale of an antique firearm. As used in this subdivision, "antique firearm" means that term as defined in section 231a of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.231a.

(d) The sale or transfer of a firearm if the seller is not a federally licensed firearms dealer.

(3) A federally licensed firearms dealer shall not sell a firearm in this state unless the firearm is accompanied with, free of charge, a brochure or pamphlet that includes safety information on the use and storage of the firearm in a home environment.

(4) Upon the sale of a firearm, a federally licensed firearms dealer shall sign a statement and require the purchaser to sign a statement stating that the sale is in compliance with subsections (1), (2), and (3).

(5) A federally licensed firearms dealer shall retain a copy of the signed statements prescribed in subsection (4) and, if applicable, a copy of the receipt prescribed in subsection (2)(b), for at least 6 years.

(6) A federally licensed firearms dealer in this state shall post in a conspicuous manner at the entrances, exits, and all points of sale on the premises where firearms are sold a notice that says the following: "You may be criminally and civilly liable for any harm caused by a person less than 18 years of age who lawfully gains unsupervised access to your firearm if unlawfully stored."

(7) A federally licensed firearms dealer is not liable for damages arising from the use or misuse of a firearm if the sale complies with this section, any other applicable law of this state, and applicable federal law.

(8) This section does not create a civil action or liability for damages arising from the use or misuse of a firearm or ammunition for a person, other than a federally licensed firearms dealer, who produces a firearm or ammunition.

(9) Subject to subsections (10) to (12), a political subdivision shall not bring a civil action against any person who produces a firearm or ammunition. The authority to bring a civil action under this section is reserved exclusively to the state and can be brought only by the attorney general. The court shall award costs and reasonable attorney fees to each defendant named in a civil action filed in violation of this subsection.

(10) Subject to subsection (11), subsection (9) does not prohibit a civil action by a political subdivision based on 1 or more of the following, which the court shall narrowly construe:

(a) A breach of contract, other contract issue, or an action based on a provision of the uniform commercial code, 1962 PA 174, MCL 440.1101 to 440.1102, in which the political subdivision is the purchaser and owner of the firearm or ammunition.

(b) Expressed or implied warranties arising from the purchase of a firearm or ammunition by the political subdivision or the use of a firearm or ammunition by an employee or agent of the political subdivision.

(c) A product liability, personal injury, or wrongful death action when an employee or agent or property of the political subdivision has been injured or damaged as a result of a defect in the design or manufacture of the firearm or ammunition purchased and owned by the political subdivision.

(11) Subsection (10) does not allow an action based on any of the following:

(a) A firearm's or ammunition's inherent potential to cause injury, damage, or death.

(b) Failure to warn the purchaser, transferee, or user of the firearm's or ammunition's inherent potential to cause injury, damage, or death.

(c) Failure to sell with or incorporate into the product a device or mechanism to prevent a firearm or ammunition from being discharged by an unauthorized person unless specifically provided for by contract.

(12) Subsections (9) through (11) do not create a civil action.

(13) Subsections (9) through (11) are intended only to clarify the current status of the law in this state, are remedial in nature, and, therefore, apply to a civil action pending on the effective date of this act.

(14) Beginning September 1, 2000, a person who violates this section is guilty of a crime as follows:

(a) Except as provided in subdivision (b) or (c), the person is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 93 days or a fine of not more than \$500, or both.

(b) For a second conviction, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not more than \$1,000, or both.

(c) For a third or subsequent conviction, the person is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 2 years or a fine of not more than \$5,000, or both.

(15) As used in this section:

(a) "**Federally licensed firearms dealer**" means a person licensed under section 923 of title 18 of the United States Code, 18 U.S.C. 923.

(b) "**Firearm or ammunition**" includes a component of a firearm or ammunition.

(c) "**Person**" means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity.

(d) "**Political subdivision**" means a county, city, village, township, charter township, school district, community college, or public university or college.

(e) "**Produce**" means to manufacture, construct, design, formulate, develop standards for, prepare, process, assemble, inspect, test, list, certify, give a warning or instructions regarding, market, sell, advertise, package, label, distribute, or transfer.

Chapter 750 – Michigan Penal Code
Act 328 of 1931
Chapter XXXVII – Firearms

Section 750.222. Definitions. As used in this chapter:

(b) "**Barrel length**" means the internal length of a firearm as measured from the face of the closed breech of the firearm when it is unloaded, to the forward face of the end of the barrel.

(c) "**Brandish**" means to point, wave about, or display in a threatening manner with the intent to induce fear in another person.

(d) "**Controlled substance**" means a controlled substance or controlled substance analogue as those terms are defined in section 7104 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7104.

(e) "**Firearm**" means any weapon which will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by action of an explosive.

(f) "**Pistol**" means a loaded or unloaded firearm that is 26 inches or less in length, or a loaded or unloaded firearm that by its construction and appearance conceals itself as a firearm.

(h) "**Purchaser**" means a person who receives a pistol from another person by purchase, gift, or loan.

(i) "**Rifle**" means a firearm designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire only a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.

(j) "**Seller**" means a person who sells, furnishes, loans, or gives a pistol to another person.

(k) "Short-barreled rifle" means a rifle having 1 or more barrels less than 16 inches in length or a weapon made from a rifle, whether by alteration, modification, or otherwise, if the weapon as modified has an overall length of less than 26 inches.

(l) "Short-barreled shotgun" means a shotgun having 1 or more barrels less than 18 inches in length or a weapon made from a shotgun, whether by alteration, modification, or otherwise, if the weapon as modified has an overall length of less than 26 inches.

(m) "Shotgun" means a firearm designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single function of the trigger.

Section 750.223. Selling firearms and ammunition; violations; penalties; "licensed dealer" defined.

(1) A person who knowingly sells a pistol without complying with section 2 of 1927 PA 372, MCL 28.422, is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or a fine of not more than \$100, or both.

(2) A person who knowingly sells a firearm more than 26 inches in length to a person under 18 years of age is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or a fine of not more than \$500, or both. A second or subsequent violation of this subsection is a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years, or a fine of not more than \$2,000, or both. It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under this subsection that the person who sold the firearm asked to see and was shown a driver's license or identification card issued by a state that identified the purchaser as being 18 years of age or older.

(3) A seller shall not sell a firearm or ammunition to a person if the seller knows that either of the following circumstances exists:

(a) The person is under indictment for a felony. As used in this subdivision, "felony" means a violation of a law of this state, or of another state, or of the United States that is punishable by imprisonment for 4 years or more.

(b) The person is prohibited under section 224f from possessing, using, transporting, selling, purchasing, carrying, shipping, receiving, or distributing a firearm.

(4) A person who violates subsection (3) is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 10 years, or by a fine of not more than \$5,000, or both.

(5) As used in this section, "**licensed dealer**" means a person licensed under 18 USC 923 who regularly buys and sells firearms as a commercial activity with the principal objective of livelihood and profit.

Section 750.224. Weapons; manufacture, sale, or possession as felony; violation as felony; penalty; exceptions; "muffler" or "silencer" defined.

(1) A person shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, or possess any of the following:

(a) A machine gun or firearm that shoots or is designed to shoot automatically more than 1 shot without manual reloading, by a single function of the trigger.

(b) A muffler or silencer.

(c) A bomb or bombshell.

(2) A person who violates subsection (1) is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 5 years, or a fine of not more than \$2,500, or both.

(3) Subsection (1) does not apply to any of the following:

(b) A person manufacturing firearms, explosives, or munitions of war by virtue of a contract with a department of the government of the United States.

(c) A person licensed by the secretary of the treasury of the United States or the secretary's delegate to manufacture, sell, or possess a machine gun, or a device, weapon, cartridge, container, or contrivance described in subsection (1).

(4) As used in this chapter, "**muffler**" or "**silencer**" means 1 or more of the following:

(a) A device for muffling, silencing, or deadening the report of a firearm.

(b) A combination of parts, designed or redesigned, and intended for use in assembling or fabricating a muffler or silencer.

(c) A part, designed or redesigned, and intended only for use in assembling or fabricating a muffler or silencer.

Section 750.224b. Short-barreled shotgun or rifle; making, manufacturing, transferring, or possessing as felony; penalty; exceptions; short-barreled shotgun or rifle 26 inches or less; short-barreled shotgun or rifle greater than 26 inches; violation of subsection (5) as civil infraction; seizure and forfeiture; applicability of MCL 776.20 to subsection (3).

- (1) A person shall not make, manufacture, transfer, or possess a short-barreled shotgun or a short-barreled rifle.
- (2) A person who violates subsection (1) is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a fine of not more than \$2,500, or both.
- (3) Subsection (1) does not apply to a short-barreled shotgun or short-barreled rifle that is lawfully made, manufactured, transferred, or possessed under federal law.
- (4) A person, excluding a manufacturer, lawfully making, transferring, or possessing a short-barreled shotgun or short-barreled rifle that is 26 inches or less in length under this section shall comply with section 2 or 2a of 1927 PA 372, MCL 28.422 and 28.422a.
- (5) A person who possesses a short-barreled shotgun or short-barreled rifle that is greater than 26 inches in length under this section shall possess a copy of the federal registration of that short-barreled shotgun or short-barreled rifle while transporting or using that short-barreled shotgun or short-barreled rifle and shall present that federal registration to a peace officer upon request by that peace officer.
- (6) A person who violates subsection (5) is responsible for a state civil infraction and may be fined not more than \$100. A short-barreled shotgun or short-barreled rifle carried in violation of subsection (5) is subject to immediate seizure by a peace officer. If a peace officer seizes a short-barreled shotgun or short-barreled rifle under this subsection, the person has 45 days in which to display the federal registration to an authorized employee of the law enforcement entity that employs the peace officer. If the person displays the federal registration to an authorized employee of the law enforcement entity that employs the peace officer within the 45-day period, the authorized employee of that law enforcement entity shall return the short-barreled shotgun or short-barreled rifle to the person unless the person is prohibited by law from possessing a firearm. If the person does not display the federal registration within the 45-day period, the short-barreled shotgun or short-barreled rifle is subject to seizure and forfeiture in the same manner that property is subject to seizure and forfeiture under sections 4701 to 4709 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.4701 to 600.4709.
- (7) Section 20 of chapter XVI of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 776.20, applies to subsection (3).

Section 750.224c. Armor piercing ammunition; manufacture, distribution, sale, or use prohibited; exceptions; violation as felony; penalty; definitions; exemption of projectile or projectile core; rule.

- (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), a person shall not manufacture, distribute, sell, or use armor piercing ammunition in this state. A person who willfully violates this section is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years, or by a fine of not more than \$2,000, or both.
- (2) This section does not apply to either of the following:
 - (a) A person who manufactures, distributes, sells, or uses armor piercing ammunition in this state, if that manufacture, distribution, sale, or use is not in violation of chapter 44 of title 18 of the United States Code.
 - (b) A licensed dealer who sells or distributes armor piercing ammunition in violation of this section if the licensed dealer is subject to license revocation under chapter 44 of title 18 of the United States Code for that sale or distribution.
- (3) As used in this section:
 - (a) **"Armor piercing ammunition"** means a projectile or projectile core which may be used in a pistol and which is constructed entirely, excluding the presence of traces of other substances, of tungsten alloys, steel, iron, brass, bronze, beryllium copper, or a combination of tungsten alloys, steel, iron, brass, bronze, or beryllium copper. Armor piercing ammunition does not include any of the following:
 - (i) Shotgun shot that is required by federal law or by a law of this state to be used for hunting purposes.
 - (ii) A frangible projectile designed for target shooting.
 - (iii) A projectile that the director of the department of state police finds is primarily intended to be used for sporting purposes.
 - (iv) A projectile or projectile core that the director of the department of state police finds is intended to be used for industrial purposes.
 - (b) **"Licensed dealer"** means a person licensed under chapter 44 of title 18 of the United States Code to deal in firearms or ammunition.

(4) The director of the department of state police shall exempt a projectile or projectile core under subsection (3)(a)(iii) or (iv) if that projectile or projectile core is exempted under chapter 44 of title 18 of the United States Code. The director of state police shall exempt a projectile or projectile core under subsection (3)(a)(iii) or (iv) only by a rule promulgated in compliance with the administrative procedures act of 1969, Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1969, being sections 24.201 to 24.328 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Section 750.224e. Conversion of semiautomatic firearm to fully automatic firearm; prohibited acts; penalty; applicability; "fully automatic firearm", "licensed collector", and "semiautomatic firearm" defined.

(1) A person shall not knowingly do any of the following:

(a) Manufacture, sell, distribute, or possess or attempt to manufacture, sell, distribute, or possess a device that is designed or intended to be used to convert a semiautomatic firearm into a fully automatic firearm.

(b) Demonstrate to another person or attempt to demonstrate to another person how to manufacture or install a device to convert a semiautomatic firearm into a fully automatic firearm.

(2) A person who violates subsection (1) is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years, or a fine of not more than \$2,000, or both.

(3) This section does not apply to any of the following:

(a) A police agency of this state, or of a local unit of government of this state, or of the United States.

(b) An employee of an agency described in subdivision (a), if the manufacture, sale, distribution, or possession or attempted manufacture, sale, distribution, or possession or demonstration or attempted demonstration is in the course of his or her official duties as an employee of that agency.

(c) The armed forces.

(d) A member or employee of the armed forces, if the manufacture, sale, distribution, or possession or attempted manufacture, sale, distribution, or possession or demonstration or attempted demonstration is in the course of his or her official duties as a member or employee of the armed forces.

(e) A licensed collector who possesses a device that is designed or intended to be used to convert a semiautomatic firearm into a fully automatic firearm that was lawfully owned by that licensed collector before the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section. This subdivision does not permit a licensed collector who lawfully owned a device that is designed or intended to be used to convert a semiautomatic firearm into a fully automatic firearm before the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section to sell or distribute or attempt to sell or distribute that device to another person after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section.

(4) As used in this section

(a) **"Fully automatic firearm"** means a firearm employing gas pressure or force of recoil to mechanically eject an empty cartridge from the firearm after a shot, and to load the next cartridge from the magazine, without renewed pressure on the trigger for each successive shot.

(b) **"Licensed collector"** means a person who is licensed under chapter 44 of title 18 of the United States Code to acquire, hold, or dispose of firearms as curios or relics.

(c) **"Semiautomatic firearm"** means a firearm employing gas pressure or force of recoil to mechanically eject an empty cartridge from the firearm after a shot, and to load the next cartridge from the magazine, but requiring renewed pressure on the trigger for each successive shot.

Section 750.224f. Possession of firearm or distribution of ammunition by person convicted of felony; circumstances; penalty; applicability of section to expunged or set aside conviction; definitions.

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), a person convicted of a felony shall not possess, use, transport, sell, purchase, carry, ship, receive, or distribute a firearm in this state until the expiration of 3 years after all of the following circumstances exist:

(a) The person has paid all fines imposed for the violation.

(b) The person has served all terms of imprisonment imposed for the violation.

(c) The person has successfully completed all conditions of probation or parole imposed for the violation.

(2) A person convicted of a specified felony shall not possess, use, transport, sell, purchase, carry, ship, receive, or distribute a firearm in this state until all of the following circumstances exist:

(a) The expiration of 5 years after all of the following circumstances exist:

(i) The person has paid all fines imposed for the violation.

(ii) The person has served all terms of imprisonment imposed for the violation.

(iii) The person has successfully completed all conditions of probation or parole imposed for the violation.

(b) The person's right to possess, use, transport, sell, purchase, carry, ship, receive, or distribute a firearm has been restored under § 4 of 1927 PA 372, 28.424.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (4), a person convicted of a felony shall not possess, use, transport, sell, carry, ship, or distribute ammunition in this state until the expiration of 3 years after all of the following circumstances exist:

(a) The person has paid all fines imposed for the violation.

(b) The person has served all terms of imprisonment imposed for the violation.

(c) The person has successfully completed all conditions of probation or parole imposed for the violation.

(4) A person convicted of a specified felony shall not possess, use, transport, sell, carry, ship, or distribute ammunition in this state until all of the following circumstances exist:

(a) The expiration of 5 years after all of the following circumstances exist:

(i) The person has paid all fines imposed for the violation.

(ii) The person has served all terms of imprisonment imposed for the violation.

(iii) The person has successfully completed all conditions of probation or parole imposed for the violation.

(b) The person's right to possess, use, transport, sell, purchase, carry, ship, receive, or distribute ammunition has been restored under § 4 of 1927 PA 372, MCL 28.424.

(5) A person who possesses, uses, transports, sells, purchases, carries, ships, receives, or distributes a firearm in violation of this section is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a fine of not more than \$5,000.00, or both.

(6) A person who possesses, uses, transports, sells, carries, ships, or distributes ammunition in violation of this section is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a fine of not more than \$5,000.00, or both.

(7) Any single criminal transaction where a person possesses, uses, transports, sells, carries, ships, or distributes ammunition in violation of this section, regardless of the amount of ammunition involved, constitutes 1 offense.

(8) This section does not apply to a conviction that has been expunged or set aside, or for which the person has been pardoned, unless the expunction, order, or pardon expressly provides that the person shall not possess a firearm or ammunition.

(9) As used in this section:

(a) "**Ammunition**" means any projectile that, in its current state, may be expelled from a firearm by an explosive.

(b) "**Felony**" means a violation of a law of this state, or of another state, or of the United States that is punishable by imprisonment for 4 years or more, or an attempt to violate such a law.

(10) As used in subsections (2) and (4), "**specified felony**" means a felony in which 1 or more of the following circumstances exist:

(a) An element of that felony is the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the person or property of another, or that by its nature, involves a substantial risk that physical force against the person or property of another may be used in the course of committing the offense.

(b) An element of that felony is the unlawful manufacture, possession, importation, exportation, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance.

(c) An element of that felony is the unlawful possession or distribution of a firearm.

(d) An element of that felony is the unlawful use of an explosive.

(e) The felony is burglary of an occupied dwelling, or breaking and entering an occupied dwelling, or arson.

Section 750.228. Ownership of pistol greater than 26 inches in length; conditions; election to have firearm not considered as pistol.

(1) A person may lawfully own, possess, carry, or transport as a pistol a firearm greater than 26 inches in length if all of the following conditions apply:

(a) The person registered the firearm as a pistol under section 2 or 2a of 1927 PA 372, MCL 28.422 and 28.422a, before January 1, 2013.

(b) The person who registered the firearm as described in subdivision (a) has maintained registration of the firearm since January 1, 2013 without lapse.

(c) The person possesses a copy of the license or record issued to him or her under section 2 or 2a of 1927 PA 372, MCL 28.422 and 28.422a.

(2) A person who satisfies all of the conditions listed under subsection (1) nevertheless may elect to have the firearm not be considered to be a pistol. A person who makes the election under this subsection shall notify the department of state police of the election in a manner prescribed by that department.

Section 750.229. Pistols accepted in pawn, by second-hand dealer or junk dealer.

Any pawnbroker who shall accept a pistol in pawn, or any second-hand or junk dealer, as defined in Act No. 350 of the Public Acts of 1917, who shall accept a pistol and offer or display the same for resale, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 750.230. Firearms; altering, removing, or obliterating marks of identity; presumption.

A person who shall willfully [sic] alter, remove, or obliterate the name of the maker, model, manufacturer's number, or other mark of identity of a pistol or other firearm, shall be guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 2 years or fine of not more than \$1,000. Possession of a firearm upon which the number shall have been altered, removed, or obliterated, other than an antique firearm as defined by section 231a(2)(a) or (b), shall be presumptive evidence that the possessor has altered, removed, or obliterated the same.

Section 750.231. MCL 750.224, 750.224a, 750.224b, 750.224d, 750.227, 750.227c, and 750.227d inapplicable to certain persons and organizations.

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), sections 224, 224a, 224b, 224d, 227, 227c, and 227d do not apply to any of the following:

(a) A peace officer of an authorized police agency of the United States, of this state, or of a political subdivision of this state, who is regularly employed and paid by the United States, this state, or a political subdivision of this state.

(b) A person who is regularly employed by the state department of corrections and who is authorized in writing by the director of the department of corrections to carry a concealed weapon while in the official performance of his or her duties or while going to or returning from those duties.

(c) A person employed by a private vendor that operates a youth correctional facility authorized under section 20g of the corrections code of 1953, 1953 PA 232, MCL 791.220g, who meets the same criteria established by the director of the state department of corrections for departmental employees described in subdivision (b) and who is authorized in writing by the director of the department of corrections to carry a concealed weapon while in the official performance of his or her duties or while going to or returning from those duties.

(d) A member of the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, or Marine Corps or the United States Coast Guard while carrying weapons in the line of or incidental to duty.

(e) An organization authorized by law to purchase or receive weapons from the United States or from this state.

(f) A member of the National Guard, United States Armed Forces Reserve, the United States Coast Guard Reserve, or any other authorized military organization while on duty or drill, or in going to or returning from a place of assembly or practice, while carrying weapons used for a purpose of the National Guard, United States Armed Forces Reserve, United States Coast Guard Reserve, or other duly authorized military organization.

(g) A security employee employed by the state and granted limited arrest powers under section 6c of 1935 PA 59, MCL 28.6c.

(h) A motor carrier officer appointed under section 6d of 1935 PA 59, MCL 28.6d.

(2) As applied to section 224a(1) only, subsection (1) is not applicable to an individual included under subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c) unless he or she has been trained on the use, effects, and risks of using a portable device or weapon described in section 224a(1).

Section 750.231a. Exceptions to MCL 750.227(2); "antique firearm" defined.

(2) As used in this section, "antique firearm" means either of the following:

(i) A firearm not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional center fire ignition with fixed ammunition and manufactured in or before 1898, including a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system or replica of such a firearm, whether actually manufactured before or after 1898.

(ii) A firearm using fixed ammunition manufactured in or before 1898, for which ammunition is no longer manufactured in the United States and is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade.

Section 750.231b. Sale and safety inspection; persons exempt.

Sections 223 and 228 do not apply to a duly authorized police or correctional agency of the United States or of the state or any subdivision thereof, nor to the army, air force, navy or marine corps of the United States, nor to organizations authorized by law to purchase or receive weapons from the United States or from this state, nor to the national guard, armed forces reserves or other duly authorized military organizations, nor to a member of such agencies or organizations for weapons used by him for the purposes of such agencies or organizations, nor to a person holding a license to carry a pistol concealed upon his person issued by another state, nor to the regular and ordinary transportation of pistols as merchandise by an authorized agent of a person licensed to manufacture firearms.

Section 750.232a. Obtaining pistol in violation of § 28.422; intentionally making material false statement on application for license to purchase pistol; using or attempting to use false identification or identification of another person to purchase firearm; penalties.

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), a person who obtains a pistol in violation of section 2 of Act No. 372 of the Public Acts of 1927, as amended, being section 28.422 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days or a fine of not more than \$100, or both.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a person who obtained a pistol in violation of section 2 of Act No. 372 of the Public Acts of 1927 before the effective date of the 1990 amendatory act that added this subsection, who has not been convicted of that violation, and who obtains a license as required under section 2 of Act No. 372 of the Public Acts of 1927 within 90 days after the effective date of the 1990 amendatory act that added this subsection.

(3) A person who intentionally makes a material false statement on an application for a license to purchase a pistol under section 2 of Act No. 372 of the Public Acts of 1927, as amended, is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years, or a fine of not more than \$2,000, or both.

(4) A person who uses or attempts to use false identification or the identification of another person to purchase a firearm is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days or a fine of not more than \$100, or both.

Section 750.234f. Possession of firearm by person less than 18 years of age; exceptions; violation as misdemeanor; penalty.

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), an individual less than 18 years of age shall not possess a firearm in public except under the direct supervision of an individual 18 years of age or older.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to an individual less than 18 years of age who possesses a firearm in accordance with part 401 (wildlife conservation) of the natural resources and environmental protection act, Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1994, being sections 324.40101 to 324.40119 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or part 435 (hunting and fishing licensing) of Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1994, being sections 324.43501 to 324.43561 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. However, an individual less than 18 years of age may possess a firearm without a hunting license while at, or going to or from, a recognized target range or trap or skeet shooting ground if, while going to or from the range or ground, the firearm is enclosed and securely fastened in a case or locked in the trunk of a motor vehicle.

(3) An individual who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or a fine of not more than \$100.00, or both.

Section 750.237a. Individuals engaging in proscribed conduct; violation; penalties; definitions.

(1) An individual who engages in conduct proscribed under section 224, 224a, 224b, 224c, 224e, 226, 227, 227a, 227f, 234a, 234b, or 234c, or who engages in conduct proscribed under section 223(2) for a second or subsequent time, in a weapon free school zone is guilty of a felony punishable by 1 or more of the following:

(a) Imprisonment for not more than the maximum term of imprisonment authorized for the section violated.

(b) Community service for not more than 150 hours.

(c) A fine of not more than 3 times the maximum fine authorized for the section violated.

(2) An individual who engages in conduct proscribed under section 223(1), 224d, 227c, 227d, 231c, 232a(1) or (4), 233, 234, 234e, 234f, 235, 236, or 237, or who engages in conduct proscribed under section 223(2) for the first time, in a weapon free school zone is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by 1 or more of the following:

(a) Imprisonment for not more than the maximum term of imprisonment authorized for the section violated or 93 days, whichever is greater.

(b) Community service for not more than 100 hours.

(c) A fine of not more than \$2,000 or the maximum fine authorized for the section violated, whichever is greater.

(3) Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply to conduct proscribed under a section enumerated in those subsections to the extent that the proscribed conduct is otherwise exempted or authorized under this chapter.

(4) Except as provided in subsection (5), an individual who possesses a weapon in a weapon free school zone is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by 1 or more of the following:

- (a) Imprisonment for not more than 93 days.
- (b) Community service for not more than 100 hours.
- (c) A fine of not more than \$2,000.

(5) Subsection (4) does not apply to any of the following:

- (a) An individual employed by or contracted by a school if the possession of that weapon is to provide security services for the school.
- (b) A peace officer.
- (c) An individual licensed by this state or another state to carry a concealed weapon.
- (d) An individual who possesses a weapon provided by a school or a school's instructor on school property for purposes of providing or receiving instruction in the use of that weapon.
- (e) An individual who possesses a firearm on school property if that possession is with the permission of the school's principal or an agent of the school designated by the school's principal or the school board.
- (f) An individual who is 18 years of age or older who is not a student at the school and who possesses a firearm on school property while transporting a student to or from the school if any of the following apply:
 - (i) The individual is carrying an antique firearm, completely unloaded, in a wrapper or container in the trunk of a vehicle while en route to or from a hunting or target shooting area or function involving the exhibition, demonstration or sale of antique firearms.
 - (ii) The individual is carrying a firearm unloaded in a wrapper or container in the trunk of the person's vehicle, while in possession of a valid Michigan hunting license or proof of valid membership in an organization having shooting range facilities, and while en route to or from a hunting or target shooting area.
 - (iii) The person is carrying a firearm unloaded in a wrapper or container in the trunk of the person's vehicle from the place of purchase to his or her home or place of business or to a place of repair or back to his or her home or place of business, or in moving goods from one place of abode or business to another place of abode or business.
 - (iv) The individual is carrying an unloaded firearm in the passenger compartment of a vehicle that does not have a trunk, if the person is otherwise complying with the requirements of subparagraph (ii) or (iii) and the wrapper or container is not readily accessible to the occupants of the vehicle.

(6) As used in this section:

(a) "**Antique firearm**" means either of the following:

- (i) A firearm not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional center fire ignition with fixed ammunition and manufactured in or before 1898, including a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system or a replica of such a firearm, whether actually manufactured before or after the year 1898.
- (ii) A firearm using fixed ammunition manufactured in or before 1898, for which ammunition is no longer manufactured in the United States and is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade.

(b) "**School**" means a public, private, denominational, or parochial school offering developmental kindergarten, kindergarten, or any grade from 1 through 12.

(c) "**School property**" means a building, playing field, or property used for school purposes to impart instruction to children or used for functions and events sponsored by a school, except a building used primarily for adult education or college extension courses.

(d) "**Weapon**" includes, but is not limited to, a pneumatic gun.

(e) "**Weapon free school zone**" means school property and a vehicle used by a school to transport students to or from school property.

Chapter LXXXI – Stolen, Embezzled or Converted Property

Section 750.535b. Transporting or shipping stolen firearm or stolen ammunition as felony; receiving, concealing, storing, bartering, selling, disposing of, pledging, or accepting as security for a loan a stolen firearm as felony; penalties.

(1) A person who transports or ships a stolen firearm or stolen ammunition, knowing that the firearm or ammunition was stolen, is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 10 years or by a fine of not more than \$5,000.00, or both.

(2) A person who receives, conceals, stores, barter, sells, disposes of, pledges, or accepts as security for a loan a stolen firearm or stolen ammunition, knowing that the firearm or ammunition was stolen, is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 10 years or by a fine of not more than \$5,000.00, or both.

Chapters 760-777 – Code of Criminal Procedure

Act 175 of 1927

Chapter V – Bail

Section 765.6b. Release of defendant subject to protective conditions; contents of order; purchase or possession of firearm; entering or removing order from LEIN; order to wear electronic monitoring device; other orders; definitions; authority to impose other conditions not limited; "LEIN" defined.

(1) A judge or district court magistrate may release a defendant under this subsection subject to conditions reasonably necessary for the protection of 1 or more named persons. If a judge or district court magistrate releases a defendant under this subsection subject to protective conditions, the judge or district court magistrate shall make a finding of the need for protective conditions and inform the defendant on the record, either orally or by a writing that is personally delivered to the defendant, of the specific conditions imposed and that if the defendant violates a condition of release, he or she will be subject to arrest without a warrant and may have his or her bail forfeited or revoked and new conditions of release imposed, in addition to the penalty provided under section 3f of chapter XI and any other penalties that may be imposed if the defendant is found in contempt of court.

(3) An order or amended order issued under this subsection and subsection (1) may impose a condition that the defendant not purchase or possess a firearm. However, if the court orders the defendant to carry or wear an electronic monitoring device as a condition of release as described in subsection (6), the court shall also impose a condition that the defendant not purchase or possess a firearm.

**Chapter 123 – Local Government
Act 319 of 1990**

Section 123.1101. Definitions. As used in this act:

- (a) "Firearm" means any weapon which will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by action of an explosive.
- (b) "Local unit of government" means a city, village, township, or county.
- (c) "Pistol" means that term as defined in section 222 of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.222.

Section 123.1102. Regulation of pistols or other firearms.

A local unit of government shall not impose special taxation on, enact or enforce any ordinance or regulation pertaining to, or regulate in any other manner the ownership, registration, purchase, sale, transfer, transportation, or possession of pistols, other firearms, or pneumatic guns, ammunition for pistols or other firearms, or components of pistols or other firearms, except as otherwise provided by federal law or a law of this state.

Section 123.1103. Permissible prohibitions or regulation.

This act does not prohibit a local unit of government from doing any of the following:

- (a) Prohibiting or regulating conduct with a pistol, other firearm, or pneumatic gun that is a criminal offense under state law.
- (b) Prohibiting or regulating the transportation, carrying, or possession of pistols, other firearms, or pneumatic guns by employees of that local unit of government in the course of their employment with that local unit of government.

Ada Township (Kent County) Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance O-112618-1, enacted November 26, 2018. (Supplement 33)

**Chapter 78 – Zoning
Article XVII – LI Light Industrial**

Section 78-418. Prohibited uses.

The following uses are prohibited from locating within the LI light industrial district:

- (2) Manufacturing of gas, coke or coal tar products, hazardous chemicals, ammunition, fireworks, or explosive manufacture and/or storage, stock yards, slaughtering of animals or storage of animal offal or garbage, blast furnace, drop forging, metal stamping or pressing, diecasting, screw machine operations, petroleum refining or blending, or other similar factories.

Allegan Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 448, adopted May 23, 2016. (Supplement 29)

**Chapter 17 – Offenses
Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons**

Section 17-197. Possession of firearms while under influence of alcoholic liquor or controlled substance.

It shall be unlawful for any person under the influence of alcoholic liquor, any controlled substance or any exhilarating or stupefying substance to carry, have in possession or under control, or use in any manner or discharge any firearm within the city.

Allen Park Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance of December 8, 2009. (Recodification)

**Chapter 26 – Offenses
Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons**

Section 26-384. Pistols accepted in pawn.

Any pawnbroker regulated under article III of chapter 36, who shall accept a pistol in pawn, or any secondhand or junk dealer regulated under article II of chapter 36, as defined in the secondhand and junk dealers act, Public Act No. 350 of 1917 (MCL 445.401 et seq.), who shall accept a pistol and offer or display the same for resale, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Ann Arbor Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 19-22, enacted July 1, 2019. (Supplement 12, Update 4)

**Title IX – Police Regulations
Chapter 115 – Weapons and Explosives**

Section 9:261. Definitions.

The following definitions shall apply for purposes of this chapter:

(2) Firearm means any weapon which will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by action of an explosive. A pneumatic gun, as defined in P.A. 1990, No. 319, as amended, being Section 123.1101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, other than a paintball gun that expels by pneumatic pressure plastic balls filled with paint for the purpose of marking the point of impact, is also considered a firearm for purposes of this chapter.

(4) Licensed dealer means a person licensed under Section 923 of Chapter 44 of Title 18 of the United States Code who regularly buys and sells firearms as a commercial activity with the principal objective livelihood and profit.

(5) Pistol means the term defined as pistol in P.A. 1913, No. 328 as amended being Section 750.222 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Section 9:270. Selling a pistol.

No person shall knowingly sell a pistol without complying with section 2 of Act No. 372 of the Public Acts of 1927, as amended, being Section 28.422 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Section 9:271. Licensed dealer; sale of pistol.

No licensed dealer shall knowingly sell a pistol without complying with Section 2a of Act No. 372 of the Public Acts of 1927, as amended, being Section 28.422a of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Section 9:273. False identification to purchase firearm.

No person shall use or attempt to use false identification or the identification of another person to purchase a firearm.

Section 9:275. Liquor or other drug; possession or use of firearm by person under the influence.

No person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any exhilarating or stupefying drug shall carry, have in possession or under control, or use in any manner or discharge any firearm within this city.

Section 9:276. Pistols accepted in pawn, by second-hand dealer or junk dealer.

No pawnbroker shall accept a pistol in pawn, nor any second-hand or junk dealer, as defined in Act No. 350 of the Public Acts of 1917, shall accept a pistol and offer or display the same for resale.

Section 9:277. Purchasers of firearms; registration.

No person engaged in any way or to any extent in the business of selling at retail, guns, pistols, or firearms or silencers for firearms shall fail or neglect to keep a register in which shall be entered the name, age, occupation and residence (if residing in the city with the street number of such residence) of each and every purchaser of such guns, pistols, other firearms or silencers for firearms together with the number or other mark of identification, if any, on such gun, pistol, other firearms or silencer for firearms, which said register shall be open to the inspection of all peace officers at all times.

Section 9:278. Obtaining pistol in violation of MCL Section 28.422.

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), no person shall obtain a pistol in violation of Section 2 of Act No. 372 of the Public Acts of 1927, as amended, being Section 28.422 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a person who obtained a pistol in violation of Section 2 of Act No. 372 of the Public Acts of 1927 before the effective date of the 1990 amendatory act that added subsection 750.232a to the Michigan Compiled Laws who has not been convicted of that violation, and who obtains a license as required under Section 2 of Act No. 372 of the Public Acts of 1927 within 90 days after the effective date of the 1990 amendatory act that added subsection 750.232a to the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Armada Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 135, adopted February 22, 2016. (Supplement 11)

**Title IX – Police Regulations
Chapter 99.1 – Miscellaneous Regulations**

Section 99.1-4. Dangerous weapons prohibited.

Except as otherwise permitted by law, no person shall possess or conceal on or about his or her person any dangerous or deadly weapon, including but not limited to any irritating spray device, handgun, pistol, revolver, machine gun, sawed-off

shotgun, lead pipe, club, metal knuckles, martial arts weapon, blackjack, switchblade knife, long knife or other dangerous knife, except hunting knives adapted and carried as such or any instrument attached to or designed to be attached to any firearm for the purpose of silencing, lessening, or muffling the noise of the firing of any firearm. Every person convicted of such violation of this section shall forfeit to the village such weapon.

Atlas Township (Genesee County) Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 18-01, adopted November 19, 2018. (Supplement 13)

Part 94

94.000 Omnibus Nuisance Ordinance Ord. No. 06-003 Adopted: April 17, 2006

Section 94.051 Weapons.

Sec.LI.

C. (MCL 750.237) Liquor, possession or use of firearm by person under influence. An individual shall not carry, have in possession or under control, or use in any manner or discharge a firearm under any of the following circumstances:

(a) The individual is under the influence of alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a combination of alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance.

H. Access to firearms by minors.

2. When selling any firearm, a licensed firearms dealer shall explicitly offer to sell or give to the purchaser a trigger lock device to prevent the firearm from discharging ammunition.

Bedford Township (Monroe County) Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 102, adopted February 19, 2019. (Supplement 53)

Part 400

400.000 - Zoning Ord. No. 44 Adopted: May 5, 1977

Article XIX -General Provisions

Section 400.1924 Home occupations.

A Home Occupation will qualify as an accessory use incident to a dwelling unit under the following conditions:

1. The following are permitted Home Occupations provided they comply with the general conditions of Section 1924.3 Section 400.1924.3:

p. Gunsmithing, defined as the making or repairing of firearms, but not the storing, keeping, buying or selling of firearms or ammunition, except as an occasional, incidental and minor occurrence as part of gunsmithing.

Belding Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 550, enacted April 2, 2019. (Supplement 11)

Chapter 58 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions

Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 2 – Firearms and Dangerous Weapons

Section 58-196. Dangerous weapons.

No person shall possess any machine gun, sawed-off shotgun, or any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as blackjack, sand club, sandbag, switchblade knife, or metal knuckles, or any instrument, attachment or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearm, except as is otherwise permitted by law.

Bingham Farms Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 250, passed January 28, 2019. (Supplement 16)

Title XIII – General Offenses

Chapter 130 – General Offenses

Section 130.06. Dangerous weapons .

(A) No person shall within the village possess any machine gun, sawed off shotgun or any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as a black-jack, sling shot, sand club, sandbag, switch-blade knife or metal knuckles, nor any instrument, attachment or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearms except as is otherwise permitted by law.

Birmingham Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 2318, enacted April 8, 2019. (Supplement 44, Update 3)

Chapter 74 – Offenses

Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 2 – Weapons

Section 74-206. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this division, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Firearm means any weapon which will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by action of an explosive.

Section 74-210. Possession.

(a) No person shall, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, possess a bow and arrow, crossbow, a firearm, portable device or weapon directing electrical current, impulse, wave or beam, or pneumatic gun on the premises of any of the following:

(3) A school.

(b) This section does not apply to any of the following:

(1) A person who owns or is employed by or contracted by an entity described in subsection (a) of this section if the possession of that firearm is to provide security services for that entity.

(2) A peace officer.

(3) A person licensed by this state or another state to carry a concealed weapon.

(4) A person who possesses a firearm in a school for purposes of providing or receiving instruction in firearms safety.

(5) A person who possesses a firearm on the premises of an entity described in subsection (a) of this section if that possession is with the permission of the owner or an agent of the owner of that entity.

Brandon Charter Township (Oakland County) Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 165-15, enacted May 4, 2015. (Supplement 2)

Chapter 28 – Offenses

Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 2 – Weapons

Section 28-291. Same, Persons under 18 years of age.

It shall be unlawful:

(1) For any person under 18 years of age to use or possess any firearm in public, except under the direct supervision of an individual 18 years of age or older. This restriction shall not apply to an individual less than 18 years of age who possesses a firearm in accordance with Part 401 (Wild Life Conservation) of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, Public Act No. 451 of 1994 (MCL 324.40101 et seq.), or Part 435 (Hunting and Fishing Licensing) of Public Act No. 451 of 1994 (MCL 324.43501 et seq.). However, an individual less than 18 years of age may possess a firearm without a hunting license while at or going to or from a recognized target range or trap or skeet shooting ground if, while going to or from the range or ground, the firearm is enclosed and securely fastened in a case or locked in the trunk of a motor vehicle.

Buchanan Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 2019.03/411, enacted March 11, 2019. (Supplement 10)

Chapter 58 – Offenses

Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 2 – Weapons

Section 58-181. Definition.

The word "**firearm**," except as otherwise specifically defined in this division, shall be construed to include any weapon from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by using explosives, gas or air as a means of propulsion.

Section 58-191. Sale or purchase.

It shall be unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to purchase, carry or transport a firearm on any public street or in any public place. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell a firearm to any person under 18 years of age.

Canton Charter Township (Wayne County) Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance of November 27, 2018(2). (Supplement 50, Update 2)

Chapter 46 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions
Article IV – Offenses Involving Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons
Subdivision I – In General

Section 46-222. Possession of dangerous weapon.

(a) A person shall not possess the following:

- (1) A machine gun or firearm that shoots or is designed to shoot automatically more than one shot without manual reloading, by a single function of the trigger.
- (2) A muffler or silencer.
- (3) A bomb or bombshell.

Chesterfield Charter Township (Macomb County) Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 169, adopted April 2, 2018.

Chapter 46 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions
Article IV – Offenses Involving Public Safety

Section 46-157. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Firearm includes those weapons from which a dangerous projectile, including but not limited to any missile, bullet, shot or pellet, may be propelled by using explosives, gas, air, or other means of propulsion and which projectile does not exceed .177 in caliber. The term "firearm" specifically includes but is not limited to pellet guns and BB guns not exceeding .177 in caliber and slingshots, without regard to the size or caliber of the projectile propelled.

Minor means a person who has not attained 18 years of age.

Section 46-159. Minors.

No person under 18 years of age shall use or possess any firearm outside the curtilage of his own domicile unless he is accompanied by a person over 18 years of age. In those instances in which a minor is accompanied by such a person over 18 years of age, however, he shall be limited to the use of a firearm as provided for in this article. No minor shall discharge a firearm within the curtilage of his own domicile unless permitted to do so under this article.

Clinton Charter Township Code of Ordinances
Current through June 17, 2019, 2019.

Part Eight – Business Regulations and Taxation Code
Title Two – Business Regulations
Chapter 864 – Surveillance Cameras Required for Certain Businesses

Section 864.02. Definitions.

The following definitions and provisions shall govern the construction, meaning and application of the following words and phrases:

1. **“Business Establishments”** or **“Establishment”** shall mean establishments listed and defined as follows:

- D. **“Firearm dealer”** shall mean an establishment required to obtain a federal firearms license to sell firearms which engages in firearms transactions.

Section 864.03. Video surveillance system required for business establishments.

Every business establishment as defined in this chapter is required to install and maintain, in working order, a video surveillance system compliant with this chapter. Establishments which as of the effective date of this chapter have a video surveillance system shall insure that such system is maintained and if necessary, upgraded to be in full compliance with this chapter. All video surveillance systems shall:

- (a) Be maintained in proper working order including prompt repair and/or replacement.
- (b) The video camera shall be sufficiently light sensitive and provide sufficient image resolution supported by additional lighting if necessary, to produce easily discernable images recorded at all times, including imagery sufficient to identify persons.

- (c) The video camera shall record at a minimum speed of eight frames per second.
- (d) The video camera images shall be capable of being viewed through the use of appropriate technology, including, but not limited to a computer screen, and a closed circuit television monitor.
- (e) The video camera shall be digital in nature and capable of transferring the recorded images to a portable digital form of media.
- (f) The video camera shall be in operation and recording twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week.
- (g) The recordings made by video camera installed and maintained shall be indexed by dates and times.
- (h) The video camera shall meet additional minimal technological standards established pursuant to this chapter.

Dearborn Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 19-1667, passed December 10, 2019.

Chapter 14 – Offenses

Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 1 – Generally

Section 14-273. Individuals licensed to carry a concealed pistol; pistol-free areas.

(a) An individual who is licensed under 2000 PA 381 to carry a concealed pistol, or an individual who is exempt from licensure under this Act, shall not carry a concealed pistol on the premises of any of the following:

(1) A school or school property except that a parent or legal guardian of a student of the school is not precluded from carrying a concealed pistol while in a vehicle on school property, if he or she is dropping the student off at the school or picking up the student from the school.

(c) As used in subsection (a), "**premises**" does not include the parking areas of the places identified under subsection (a).

(d) Subsections (a) and (b) do not apply to any of the following:

(1) An individual licensed under this act who is a retired police officer or retired law enforcement officer.

(2) An individual who is licensed under 2000 PA 381 and who is employed or contracted by an entity described under subsection (a) to provide security services and is required by his or her employer or the terms of a contract to carry a concealed firearm on the premises of the employing or contracting entity.

(3) An individual who is licensed as a private investigator or private detective under the professional investigator licensure act, MCL 338.821—338.851.

(4) An individual who is licensed under 2000 PA 381 and who is a corrections officer of a county sheriff's department.

(5) An individual who is licensed under 2000 PA 381 and who is a motor carrier officer or capitol security officer of the department of state police.

(6) An individual who is licensed under 2000 PA 381 and who is a member of a sheriff's posse.

(7) An individual who is licensed under 2000 PA 381 and who is an auxiliary officer or reserve officer of a police or sheriff's department.

(8) An individual who is licensed under 2000 PA 381 and who is a parole or probation officer of the department of corrections.

(9) A state court judge or state court retired judge who is licensed under this act.

(10) An individual who is licensed under 2000 PA 381 and who is a court officer.

Dearborn Zoning Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 19-1647, passed May 7, 2019.

Article 15.00 – B-B, community Business District

Section 15.02. Permitted uses and structures.

B. Special land uses. The following uses may be permitted, subject to the conditions specified for each use, review and approval of the site plan, any special conditions imposed during the course of review, and the provisions set forth in Article 7.00 and Article 32.00.

6. Gun sales, retail sales, commercial service, storage, or repair of any firearms, handguns, long guns, rifles, shotguns, ammunition, gunpowder, explosives or blasting agents as partial or sole use of an individual structure or

building subject to not being located closer than a seven hundred (700) foot radius distance to the nearest residential zoning district, residential land use, church or place of worship, and public or private school.

Article 18.00 – I-A, Light Industrial District

Section 18.02. Permitted uses and structures.

C. Special land uses. The following uses may be permitted subject to the conditions specified for each use, review and approval of the site plan, any special conditions imposed during the course of review, and the provisions set forth in Article 32.00.

7. Retail sales, gun ranges, commercial service, storage, or repair of any firearms, handguns, long guns, rifles, shotguns, ammunition, gun powder, explosives or blasting agents as partial or sole use of an individual structure or building subject to not being located closer than a seven-hundred-(700)-foot radius distance to the nearest residential zoning district, residential land use, church or place of worship, and public or private school.

Dearborn Heights Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance H-19-04, adopted February 26, 2019. (Supplement 41)

Chapter 20 – Offenses

Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 2 – Weapons

Section 20-326. Definition.

The word "firearm" except as otherwise specifically defined in this division, shall be construed to include any weapon from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by using explosives, gas or air as a means of propulsion.

Section 20-336. Sale or purchase.

It shall be unlawful for any person under eighteen (18) years of age to purchase, carry or transport a firearm on any public street or in any public place. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell a firearm to any person under eighteen (18) years of age.

Detroit Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 17-19, effective July 9, 2019.

Chapter 31 – Offenses

Article IV – Offenses Against Property

Section 31-4-11. Serial numbers of appliances, watches, outboard motors, and other items.

(a) Removal, concealing, defacement, alteration, and the like prohibited. It shall be unlawful for any person to conceal or misrepresent the identity, by removing, concealing, defacing, adding to, substituting, or altering the serial number or manufacturer's number, of any ... shotgun, article or thing bearing the serial or manufacturer's number with a new or replaced part upon which the proper serial or manufacturer's number has not been stamped or placed.

(b) Dealing in or possession of articles where serial number defaced or altered. It shall be unlawful to deal in or possess any ... shotgun or other article or thing from which the serial numbers have been removed, concealed, defaced, added to, substituted or altered, when such article or thing has had serial or other numbers placed thereon by the manufacturer for identification.

(c) Possession of articles with numbers removed, concealed, defaced, altered, and the like prima facie evidence of violations. In all prosecutions under this section, possession by any dealer, distributor, wholesaler, or other person in the business of buying and selling any ... shotgun or other article or thing with the manufacturer's number or identification number removed, concealed, defaced, added to, substituted or altered shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.

Article XIII – Weapons

Division 1 – Generally

Section 31-13-1. Definitions.

For the purposes of this article, the following words and phrases shall have the meaning respectively ascribed to them by this section:

Firearm means, as defined in Section 222 of the Michigan Penal Code, being MCL 750.222, any weapon which will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by action of an explosive.

Person means any individual, corporation, company, association, firm, partnership, society, fraternal order, or other legal entity but does not mean a governmental entity.

Pistol means, as defined in Section 222 of the Michigan Penal Code, being MCL 750.222, a loaded or unloaded firearm that is 26 inches or less in length, or a loaded or unloaded firearm that, by its construction and appearance, conceals itself as a firearm.

Division 2 – Firearms

Section 31-13-21. Minors purchasing firearms; sales to minors.

It shall be unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to purchase a firearm. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell a firearm to any person under 18 years of age.

Section 31-13-22. License required to purchase pistol; fee.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in the Michigan Concealed Weapons Act, being MCL 28.421 et seq., a person shall not purchase a pistol in the City without first having obtained a license for the pistol.

(b) The Chief of Police shall issue, with due speed and diligence, licenses to purchase, carry, possess, or transport pistols to qualified applicants residing within the City, as applicable unless the Chief of Police has probable cause to believe that the applicant would be a threat to themselves or to other individuals, or would commit an offense with the pistol that would violate a law of this or another state or of the United States.

(c) In accordance with Section 9-507 of the Charter, the Chief of Police is authorized to establish and collect necessary fees with the approval of the City Council, through adoption of a resolution, for the cost of processing applications for licenses to purchase pistols, which are determined to be necessary for the public health, safety, and welfare of the City under this division. The fees authorized by this section shall cover the costs of rendering such services and shall be reviewed, revised, and approved as necessary in accordance with this section. After adoption of a resolution by the City Council and approval of the resolution by the Mayor, the fees shall be:

- (1) Published in a daily newspaper of general circulation and in the Journal of the City Council;
- (2) Made available at the Police Department and at the Office of the City Clerk; and
- (3) Reviewed by the Chief of Police at least once every two years.

Chapter 50 – Zoning

Article IX – Business Zoning Districts

Division 4 – B3 Shopping District

Section 50-9-82. Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses.

Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses in the B3 Shopping District are as follows:

- (10) Firearms dealership.

Division 5 – B4 General Business District

Section 50-9-112. Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses.

Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses in the B4 General Business District are as follows:

- (14) Firearms dealership.

Division 6 – B5 Major Business District

Section 50-9-142. Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses.

Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses within the B5 Major Business District are as follows:

- (7) Firearms dealership.

Division 7 – B6 General Services District

Section 50-9-172. Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses.

Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses in the B6 General Services District are as follows:

- (7) Firearms dealership.

Article X – Industrial Zoning Districts

Division 2 – M1 Limited Industrial District

Section 50-10-22. Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses.

Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses within the M1 Limited Industrial District are as follows:

- (8) Firearms dealership.

Division 3 – M2 Restricted Industrial District

Section 50-10-52. Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses.

Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses within the M2 Restricted Industrial District are as follows:

- (6) Firearms dealership.

Division 4 – M3 General Industrial District

Section 50-10-82. Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses.

Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses within the M3 General Industrial District are as follows:

- (6) Firearms dealership.

Division 5 – M4 Intensive Industrial District

Section 50-10-112. Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses.

Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses within the M4 Intensive Industrial District are as follows:

- (7) Firearms dealership.

Division 6 – B5 Major Business District

Section 50-9-142. Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses.

Conditional retail, service, and commercial uses within the B5 Major Business District are as follows:

- (7) Firearms dealership.

**Article XII – Use Regulations
Division 1 – Use Table
Subdivision A – In General**

Section 50-12-3. Conditional uses.

A "C" in a use table indicates that a use category or specific land use is allowed only where reviewed and approved in accordance with the conditional use permit procedures of Article III, Division 7, of this chapter.

Section 50-12-5. Uses not allowed.

A blank cell in a use table indicates that a use type is not allowed in the respective zoning district, unless it is otherwise expressly allowed by other regulations in this chapter.

Section 50-12-6. Uses subject to general and specific regulations.

Letters or numbers in the final column of the use table indicate that the listed use is subject to use-specific regulations in one or more of the districts where the use is allowed. The letters or numbers listed provide a cross reference to the use-specific regulations, which can generally be found in Divisions 2 and 3 of this article.

Subdivision D – Retail, Service and Commercial Uses

Section 50-12-69. Retail sales and service, sales-oriented.

Regulations regarding sales-oriented retail sales and service uses are as follows:

Use Category	Specific Land Use	Residential						Business						Industrial					
		R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	
Retail sales and service; sales-oriented	Firearms dealership										C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	

Use Category	Specific Land Use	Special and Overlay													Standards General (Art. XII, Div. 2) Specific (Art. XII, Div. 3)				
		PD	P1	PC	PCA	TM	PR	W1	SD1	SD2	SD3	SD4	SD5						
Retail sales and service; sales-oriented	Firearms dealership	L																	Section 50-12-223

Division 3 – Specific Use Standards
Subdivision C – Retail, Service, and Commercial Uses; Generally

Section 50-12-223. Firearms dealership.

(a) The term "firearms dealership" is defined in Section 50-16-202 of this Code.

(b) No permit for a firearms dealership shall be issued until the applicant submits a certified copy of the federal firearms license from the United States Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms for the address shown on the firearms dealership's zoning grant.

(c) Stores of a generally recognized retail nature, whose primary business is the sale of new merchandise, that are licensed by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms as a firearms dealership, need not secure an additional permit for "firearms dealership," provided, that the sale of firearms or ammunition is an incidental and accessory use to the principal business.

Division 5 – Accessory Uses and Structures
Subdivision B – Home Occupations

Section 50-12-492. Prohibited uses and activities.

(a) Any sale of fireworks, any firearms dealership, any materials or service characterized by an emphasis on "specified anatomical areas" or "specified sexual activities" as defined in Section 50-16-384 of this Code, and any type of repair or assembly of vehicles or equipment with internal combustion engines, such as automobiles, motorcycles, scooters, snowmobiles, outboard marine engines, lawn mowers, chain saws, and other small engines, are prohibited. Any other work related to automobiles and their parts, that is not conducted as a home occupation and is merely incidental and accessory to the principal use, is subject to Section 50-8-27 of this Code.

Division 6 – Temporary Uses and Structures
Subdivision B – Specific Temporary Allowed

Section 50-12-563. Prohibited temporary uses.

The following temporary uses are prohibited:

(2) Sales of firearms;

Article XVI – Rules of Construction and Definitions
Division 2 – Words and Terms Defined
Subdivision G – Letter "F"

Section 50-16-202. Words and terms (Fh—Fz).

For the purposes of this chapter, the following words and phrases beginning with the letters "Fh" through "Fz," shall have the meaning respectively ascribed to them by this section:

Firearms dealer. A person engaged in the wholesale or retail sale of firearms, the repair of firearms, or the creation or fitting of special barrels, stocks, or trigger mechanisms for firearms.

Firearms dealership. A place of business of a firearms dealer. A firearms dealership shall be defined as only those establishments principally engaged in the display or sale of firearms or ammunition. A firearms dealership is not a store of a generally recognized retail nature that may include firearms or ammunition as an incidental and accessory use.

Dorr Township (Allegan County) General and Zoning Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 06-180, adopted November 29, 2018. (Supplement 8)

Part 300
300.000 Zoning Ordinance
Chapter XII – 300.560 I Industrial District

Section 300.562A. Special use regulations.

Sec.12.02A. Special uses. Land and/or buildings may be utilized for the following uses when approved for a Special Use Permit upon approval by the Planning Commission, subject to the provisions for Special Uses as contained in this Ordinance.

(g) Manufacture of ammunition, fireworks or other explosives.

East Lansing Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 1442, enacted October 16, 2018. (Supplement 15, Update 1)

Chapter 26 – Offenses

Article III – Offenses Involving Public Safety

Division 2 – Handguns and Other Weapons

Section 26-191. Definitions.

Firearm means a weapon from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by an explosive or by gas or air. Firearm does not include a smooth bore rifle or handgun designed and manufactured exclusively for propelling BBs not exceeding 0.177 caliber by means of a spring, gas, or air.

Pistol means a loaded or unloaded firearm that is 30 inches or less in length, or a loaded or unloaded firearm that by its construction and appearance conceals it as a firearm.

Section 26-196. Additional restrictions on sale, transfer or possession of firearm.

(a) Minors.

(1) It shall be unlawful for any person to give, deliver, sell, loan, or otherwise transfer a pistol to any person under the age of 18 except as permitted pursuant to subsection (a)(2) of this section.

(2) It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of 18 to possess a pistol unless he/she is under the direct supervision of a qualified adult and said handgun is being used for the purpose of target shooting at a recognized target range.

(b) No person shall sell, deliver, transfer, or convey possession or control of a firearm, loaded or unloaded, or ammunition to any person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor or controlled substances or a combination of same.

Eastpointe Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 1142, enacted July 18, 2017. (Supplement 6)

Chapter 28 – Offenses

Article VII – Offenses on School Property

Section 28-184. Weapons.

No person, while in any school building or on land owned and occupied or used by any school, shall use, possess, carry or conceal firearms of any description or any air rifles, spring guns, slings, knives, martial arts weapons or any other form of weapon potentially dangerous to human safety. This section does not apply to police officers acting in their normal course of duty.

Ecorse Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 14.05, adopted October 10, 2015.

Chapter 17 – Offenses

Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 2 – Weapons Generally

Section 17-111. Definition.

For the purposes of this division, the word "**firearms**," except as otherwise specifically defined in this Code, shall be construed to include any weapon from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by using explosives, gas or air as a means of propulsion.

Section 17-113. Sale or purchase of firearms.

Any person who shall own or possess any pistol, weapon or device without the same being registered as required by Section 9 of Act 372 of the Public Acts of the State of Michigan for the year 1927 [MCL 28.422, as amended; and also any person who shall purchase or sell a pistol, weapon or device without license as required by Act 372 of the Public Acts of the State of Michigan for 1927, as amended, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 17-115. Minors.

It shall be unlawful for any person under eighteen (18) years of age to purchase, carry or transport a firearm on any public street or in any public place. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell a firearm to any person under eighteen (18) years of age.

Escanaba Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 1199, adopted July 19, 2018. (Supplement 21)

**Chapter 18 – Offenses
Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons**

Section 18-229. Dangerous weapons.

No person shall possess any machine gun, sawed off shot gun, or any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as blackjack, slung shot, sand club, sandbag, switchblade knife, or metal knuckles, or any instrument, attachment, or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearm except as is otherwise permitted by law.

Fabius Township (St. Joseph County) Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 154, enacted January 9, 2019. (Supplement 3)

**Chapter 46 – Zoning
Article IV – District Regulations
Division 2 – AG Agricultural District**

Section 46-224. Special exception uses.

(10) Shooting ranges. Shooting ranges, as defined in section 46-3 are subject to the article VI "Conditional and Special Exception Uses"; article VII "Supplemental District Regulations" (to the extent not modified by special exception use requirements); article II, division 2, "Site Plan Review"; article IV, division 7, "Schedule of Regulations"; and the following particular standards:

c. Performance standards:

2. Additional requirements for indoor and outdoor shooting ranges:

(v) There shall be no guns sold on site unless the owner of the property is selling and has a Federal Firearms License by the federal law.

Fenton Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 707, adopted April 8, 2019. (Supplement 16)

**Chapter 20 – Offenses
Article V – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons**

Section 20-92. Possessing dangerous weapons.

(a) No person shall, within the city possess any machine gun, short-barreled shotgun, any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as a black-jack, sling shot, sand club, sand bag, or metal knuckles, nor any instrument, attachment or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or lessened or muffled, except as is otherwise permitted by law.

Flat Rock Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 438, adopted April 3, 2017. (Supplement 2)

**Chapter 58 – Offenses
Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 3 – Weapons**

Section 58-238 Possession of weapons.

(d) An individual less than 18 years of age shall not possess a firearm in public except under the direct supervision of an individual 18 years of age or older. However, an individual less than 18 years of age may possess a firearm while at, or going to or from, a recognized target range or trap or skeet shooting ground if, while going to or from the range or ground, the firearm is enclosed and securely fastened in a case or locked in the trunk of a motor vehicle.

Flint Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 3821, passed March 1, 2012.

Chapter 31 – General Offenses
Article 1 – In General

Section 31-20.1. Same — minors possessing.

It shall be unlawful for any person seventeen (17) years of age or under to possess, carry or transport any firearm as defined by MCLA § 750.222, being MSA § 28.419, within the City, unless such minor is in possession of a valid hunting license issued by the State and the rifle or shotgun is being transported in the manner prescribed by State law.

Flint Charter Township (Genesee County) Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance of May 20, 2019. (Supplement 8, Update 3)

Chapter 6 – Criminal code
Article 13 – Weapons Offenses

Section 6.13-6. Possession of firearms in restricted areas.

(a) Subject to subsection (d) of this section, an individual licensed by the state under MCL 28.421 et seq. to carry a concealed pistol, or who is exempt from licensure under MCL 28.432a(1), shall not carry a concealed pistol on the premises of any of the following:

(1) A school or school property except that a parent or legal guardian of a student of the school is not precluded from carrying a concealed pistol while in a vehicle on school property, if he is dropping the student off at the school or picking up the child from the school. As used in this section, the terms "school" and "school property" mean those terms as defined in MCL 750.237a.

(c) As used in subsection (a) of this section, the term "premises" does not include parking areas of the places identified under subsection (a) of this section.

(d) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to any of the following:

(1) An individual licensed by the state under MCL 28.421 et seq. to carry a concealed pistol who is a retired police officer or retired law enforcement officer.

(2) An individual who is licensed by the state under MCL 28.421 et seq., to carry a concealed pistol and who is employed or contracted by an entity described under subsection (a) of this section to provide security services and is required by his employer or the terms of a contract to carry a concealed firearm on the premises of the employing or contracting entity.

(3) An individual who is licensed as a private investigator or private detective under the private detective license act, MCL 338.821 to 338.851.

(4) Any of the following who is licensed by the state under MCL 28.421 et seq. to carry a concealed pistol while on duty and in the course of his employment:

- a. A corrections officer of a county sheriff's department.
- b. A motor carrier officer or capitol security officer of the department of state police.
- c. A member of a sheriff's posse.
- d. An auxiliary officer or reserve officer of a police or sheriff's department.
- e. A parole or probation officer of the department of corrections.

Franklin Code of Ordinances
Current through December 31, 2018.

Part Six – General Offenses Code
Chapter 694 – weapons and explosives

Section 694.04. Dangerous weapons.

(a) No person shall possess any machine gun, sawed off shotgun or instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as a black-jack, sling shot, sand club, sand bag, switch-blade knife or metal knuckles, nor any instrument attachment or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearms except as is otherwise permitted by law.

Fraser Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 383, adopted December 13, 2018. (Supplement 53)

Chapter 16 – Offenses, Miscellaneous Provisions

Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 2 – Weapons

Section 16-131. Selling pistols and firearms.

(a) Any person who sells a pistol without complying with section 2 of Act No. 372 of the Public Acts of 1927, as amended, being section 28.422 of the Compiled Laws of 1948, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

(b) Any person who sells a firearm more than thirty (30) inches in length to a person under eighteen (18) years of age shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 16-134. Purchaser of pistol without license; false statement in application.

(a) Any person who shall purchase a pistol without having obtained a license to purchase as provided in section 2 of Act No. 372 of the Public Acts of 1927 MCL 28.422, MSA 28.92, as amended, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

(b) Any person who shall intentionally make a false statement in any application for a license to purchase a pistol, under section 2 of Act No. 372 of the Public Acts of 1927 MCL 28.422, MSA 28.92, as amended, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Garden City Code of Ordinances

Current through November 5, 2019. (Supplement 16)

Title XV – Land Usage

Chapter 154 – Zoning

M1 Light Industrial District

Section 154.316. Permitted uses and structures.

(B) Special land uses. The following uses may be permitted subject to the conditions specified for each use; review and approval of the site plan; any special conditions imposed during the course of review; and the provisions set forth in §§ 154.415 through 154.417.

(4) Manufacturing, wholesale distribution, or warehousing of fireworks, explosives, ammunition, or other detonable materials subject to the provisions of § 154.180(E).

Gibraltar Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 396, adopted February 12, 2018. (Supplement 6)

Chapter 22 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions

Article IV – Offenses Involving Public Safety

Division 2 – Weapons

Section 22-165. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this division, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Firearm.

(1) The term "firearm" means a weapon from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by an explosive, or by gas or air.

(2) The term "firearm" does not include a smooth bore rifle or handgun designed and manufactured exclusively for propelling by a spring, or by gas or air, BBs not exceeding 0.177 caliber.

Section 22-175. Minors and firearms.

It shall be unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to purchase, carry or transport a firearm on any public street or in any public place. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell a firearm to any person less than 18 years of age.

Gladstone Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 602, enacted January 23, 2017. (Supplement 3)

Chapter 34 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions

Article VII – Offenses Involving Underage Persons

Section 34-214. Possession of firearms.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, an individual who is less than 18 years of age shall not possess a firearm in public, except under the direct supervision of an individual 18 years of age or older.

(b) Subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to an individual who is less than 18 years of age who possesses a firearm in accordance with part 401 of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act (MCL 324.40101 et seq.) or part 435 of such act (MCL 324.43501 et seq.); however, an individual who is less than 18 years of age may possess a firearm without a hunting license while at, or going to or from, a recognized target range or trap or skeet shooting ground if, while going to or from the range or ground, the firearm is enclosed and securely fastened in a case or locked in the trunk of a motor vehicle.

Goodrich Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 148, enacted September 23, 2016. (Supplement 2)

Chapter 20 – Offenses

Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 3 – Firearms

Section 20-284. Liquor or controlled substance; possession or use of firearm by person under influence.

An individual shall not carry, have in possession or under control, or use in any manner or discharge a firearm under any of the following circumstances:

(1) The individual is under the influence of alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a combination of alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance.

Grand Blanc Charter Township (Genesee County) Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 2019-035, adopted June 25, 2019. (Supplement 3)

Chapter 8 – Businesses

Division 3 – Regulations, Bonds

Section 8-66. Prohibited sale or possession of items with serial numbers altered, removed.

(a) No licensee, or agent, or employee shall conceal or misrepresent the identity by removing, concealing, defacing, adding to, substituting, or altering, the serial number or manufacturer's number on any ... shotgun, or any other article or thing where the manufacturer has placed numbers for the purpose of identification; by altering or replacing any part of such article, or thing, baring the serial or manufacturer's number with a new or replaced part upon which the proper serial number, or manufacturer's number has not been stamped or placed.

(b) No person licensed under this article or employee of such licensed person shall deal in, or possess, any item as described herein above from which the serial numbers have been removed, concealed, defaced, added, substituted, altered, or replaced.

(c) In all prosecutions under this section, possession by any dealer, licensor, person, or entity of an item from which the serial numbers, or manufacturer's number, or identification number has been removed, concealed, defaced, added, substituted, altered, or replaced shall be prima facie evidence of violation of the provisions of this section.

Grand Haven Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 18-07, adopted September 17, 2018. (Supplement 7)

Chapter 40 – Zoning

Article III – General Provisions

Section 40-314. Home occupations.

B. Minor-home occupations:

11. On-site sale of merchandise shall be limited to:

a. Items commonly traded or collected or occasionally bought and sold by hobbyists (i.e. antiques, stamps, coins, comics, etc.), but not including automobiles or firearms.

Grand Ledge Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 559, adopted February 27, 2017

Chapter 22 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions
Article V – Peace and Good Order
Division 4 – Public Offenses

Section 22-174. Offenses against the public health, safety and welfare.

(b) No person shall possess any machine gun, sawed-off shotgun, blackjack, switchblade knife, metal knuckles, or any instrument attached to or designed to be attached to any firearm for the purpose of silencing, lessening, or muffling the noise of the firing of any firearm, except as otherwise permitted by law.

Grand Rapids Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 2019-16, enacted April 23, 2019. (Supplement 56)

Title V – Zoning and Planning
Chapter 61 – Zoning Ordinance
Article 6 – Mixed-Use Commercial Zone Districts

Section 5.6.06. Uses of Land.

A. Land Uses. Uses are allowed in Mixed-Use Commercial Zone Districts in accordance with Table 5.6.06.B. Uses: Mixed-Use Commercial Zone Districts. Article 16 Definitions shall be referred to for clarity on the uses as listed. The following key is to be used in conjunction with the Uses Table.

1. Permitted Uses. Uses permitted by right in the Zone District, subject to compliance with all other applicable requirements of this Chapter. These uses are identified with a "P."
2. Special Land Uses. Uses which may be allowed subject to review and approval by the Planning Commission in accordance with Section 5.12.09., and with all other applicable requirements of this Chapter. These uses are identified with an "S."
4. Uses Not Allowed. Uses are prohibited in that Zone District. These uses are identified with an "X."

Table 5.6.06.B. Uses: Mixed-Use Commercial Zone Districts

Use Category	Specific Use		TN	TN	TN	TN MCN MON	MCN MON	NOS	Use or Other Regulations
			CC*	TCC	TBA***	TOC**	C		
Commercial, Office, Retail									
Retail Sales	Firearms Sales	25,000 sq. ft. or less GFA	S	S	S	S	S	X	-
Retail Sales	Firearms Sales	25,000 sq. ft. or more GFA	P	P	P	P	P	X	-

Title VII – Licensing and Regulation
Chapter 101 – Secondhand Dealers

Section 7.291. Secondhand Dealer Defined; Application of Chapter.

(1) As used in this chapter, "secondhand dealer" means any person, including any firm, corporation or other entity, whose business is that of dealing in, buying, selling, exchanging, storing or receiving secondhand goods, articles or merchandise of any kind, including ... firearms... or other valuable thing.

(2) The definition of secondhand dealer does not include:

- (a) Householders selling, purchasing, consigning, or trading articles owned and possessed by themselves or the executors or administrators of any such householders;
- (b) Sellers of new articles, wares or merchandise from manufacturers, wholesale distributors or jobbers for retail sale to customers;

(c) Persons, firms, or corporations whose principal business is that of dealing in new goods, articles and merchandise and who do not buy secondhand goods, articles and merchandise outright, but who occasionally accept in trade or repossess used household appliances, watches, jewelry, precious stones and musical instruments.

Section 7.292. License required; Application, Fee, Term and Transfer.

(1) No person shall operate as a secondhand dealer without first obtaining a license to do so from the City as provided in this Chapter.

Greenville Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 19-04, enacted April 16, 2019. (Supplement 3)

Chapter 46 – Zoning

Article V – Zoning District Regulations

Section 46-161. IND industrial district.

(c) Special land uses. Land and/or buildings in the IND district may be used for the following purposes when approved by the planning commission in accordance with the requirements of article VI of this chapter:

(11) Manufacture of ammunition, fireworks, or other explosives.

Grosse Pointe Shores Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 266, enacted December 18, 2018. (Supplement 6)

Chapter 20 – Offenses

Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 3 – Weapons

Section 20-401. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this division, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Firearm means any pistol, revolver, rifle, air rifle, slingshot, bow and arrow or other dangerous device capable of propelling a projectile.

Section 20-413. Purchase and transportation of firearms by minors.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to purchase any firearm.

Section 20-409. Possession or use while under influence of alcoholic liquor or controlled substances.

It shall be unlawful for any person, while under the influence of alcoholic liquor or any controlled substance, to carry, have in his possession or control, discharge or use, in any manner, any weapon as enumerated in sections 20-401, 20-411 and 20-412.

Grosse Pointe Woods Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 266, enacted December 18, 2018. (Supplement 6)

Chapter 28 – Offenses

Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 2 – Weapons

Section 28-437. Purchase or transport of firearms by minors.

It shall be unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to purchase any firearm. It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of 18 years to transport a firearm on any public street or in any public place unless such person is accompanied by a parent or guardian and such transportation is to or from a duly constituted target range, or location for hunting if such person has in their possession a valid hunting license issued by state authority.

Article III – Offenses Involving Underage Persons

Section 28-468. Same, Use or possession.

It shall be unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to use or possess any firearm outside the curtilage of such person's domicile unless the person is accompanied by a parent or legal guardian.

Hamtramck Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 2017-06, passed August 29, 2017. (Supplement 4)

Title XIII – General Offenses

Chapter 133 – Weapons

Section 133.004. Possession or control of firearms while intoxicated.

It shall be unlawful for any person within the city, while under the influence of an alcoholic liquor, controlled substance or any other exhilarating or stupefying drug, or the combination of alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance, to carry, have in possession or control, or use in any manner or discharge any firearms.

Hart Code of Ordinances

Current through July 1, 2018

Part Twelve – Planning and Zoning code

Title Four – Zoning

Chapter 1252 – D-1, Industrial District

Section 1252.03. Special uses.

The following uses may be permitted as a special land use subject to the applicable general and specific requirements of Chapter 1256.

(i) Manufacture of ammunition, fireworks, or other explosives.

Hastings Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 546, enacted June 26, 2017. (Supplement 21)

Chapter 90 – Zoning

Article VI – District Regulations

Division 15 – D-2 Industrial District

Section 90-578. Special uses.

The following uses may be permitted as special land uses in the D-2 district subject to the applicable general and specific requirements of article XIII of this chapter.

(7) Manufacture of ammunition, fireworks or other explosives.

Highland Park Code of Ordinances

Current through October 30, 2014.

Part Six – General Offenses Code

Chapter 692 – Weapons and Explosives

Section 692.06. Firearms

(c) No person shall purchase a revolver or pistol without first obtaining a permit to do so in accordance with the laws of the State.

(d) No person shall sell, give, furnish or deliver to another person a pistol, revolver or other small firearm, without first receiving from such person a written permit in accordance with the laws of the State. Such permit shall be preserved and filed in accordance with the laws of the State.

(e) Every person engaged in any way or to any extent in the business of selling, at retail, guns, revolvers, pistols, other firearms and silencers for firearms shall keep a register in which shall be entered the name, age, occupation and residence, height, weight, and color of the hair and eyes, of each purchaser of such a gun, revolver, pistol, other firearm or silencer, together with the number, the make or other mark of identification, if any, on such gun, revolver, pistol, other firearm or silencer and the date and hour of such purchase, which register shall be open to the inspection of all police officers at all times.

Such register shall be substantially bound and of a size not less than six inches in width, and shall have legibly written therein, in the English language, the information required in this subsection, and no entry in such book shall be erased, obliterated, altered or defaced. ...

Huntington Woods Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 605, enacted June 28, 2018. (Supplement 9)

Chapter 40 – Zoning
Article 5 – Specific Use Provisions

Section 40-5.03. Home Occupations

D. Uses that are prohibited. The following uses by the nature of the investment or operation generally require the use of electrical or mechanical equipment; generate excessive pedestrian or vehicular traffic, noise, odor, smoke, dust, vibration, mold, solid waste, etc.; have a pronounced tendency once started to rapidly increase beyond the limits permitted for home occupations as outlined in subsection 40-5.03.B. above; cause a potential fire hazard or other danger; have a tendency to involve or attract criminal activity; have an adverse effect upon adjacent and nearby residents; and/or impair the use and value of a residentially zoned area for residential purposes. Therefore, the uses specified in this subsection shall not be permitted as home occupations:

Auto repair, minor or major; barbershop; beauty parlor; carpentry work; dental or medical office; dealer of firearms; food processing; massage therapy; law office; real estate office; social worker, counselor, psychologist or psychiatrist; painting of vehicles, trailers or boats; photo developing; private school with organized classes; electronics repair; and upholstering.

Independence Charter Township (Oakland County) Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 2018-48-001, effective December 26, 2018. (Supplement 9)

Chapter 30 – Offenses
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety

Section 30-152. Intoxicated persons not to possess firearms.

An individual shall not carry, have in possession or under control, or use in any manner or discharge a firearm under any of the following circumstances:

(1) The individual is under the influence of alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a combination of alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance;

Article VIII – Offenses Concerning Minors
Division 1 – Generally

Section 30-217. Use of firearms.

It shall be unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to use or possess any firearm or to use and possess any handgun designed and manufactured exclusively for propelling any projectile exceeding .177 calibre by means of spring, gas, or air, outside the curtilage of his domicile unless he is accompanied by a person over 18 years of age.

Inkster Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 875, passed April 18, 2019. (Supplement 19)

Title XV – Land Usage
Chapter 155 – Zoning Code
General Provisions

Section 155.029. Definitions.

Firearms Sales Establishment. A place of business of a firearms dealer. A firearms dealer is any person engaged in the wholesale or retail sale of firearms, the repair of firearms, or the creation or fitting of special barrels, stocks, or trigger mechanisms for firearms. A Firearms Sales Establishment shall be defined as only those establishments principally engaged in the display or sale of firearms or ammunition. A Firearms Sales Establishment is not a store of a generally recognized retail nature, which may include firearms or ammunition as an incidental and accessory use.

Districts and Boundaries; Maps; Schedule of Land Uses

Section 155.036. Schedule of land uses.

Table 2-1. Schedule of Land Uses displays specific land uses in reference to their respective zoning districts. The schedule is general and intended to provide initial guidance for users. A complete list with land use conditions is set forth in §§ 155.041 through 155.049. Regulations in §§ 155.041 through 155.049 take precedent over Table 2-1 below.

Table 2-1 Schedule of Land Uses by Zoning District									
Business and Office Land Use Types	Zoning Districts								
	R-1 A, B, C	RM	RM-1	O-1	B-1	B-2	B-3	M-1	TCD
Firearms sales establishments							SLU		

Notes: P = Permitted Use, SLU = Special Land Use

Zoning District Regulations

Section 155.047. B-3 General Business District.

(D) Special land uses. The following uses shall be permitted, subject to the conditions set forth in this subchapter, §§ 155.111 through 155.142, Special Land Use Standards, and all applicable codes and ordinances set forth in this chapter and other codes and regulations hereinafter imposed for each use. The following uses are subject further to the review and approval of the Planning Commission per standards set forth in this chapter:

- (9) Firearms sales establishments.

Regulated Uses

Section 155.202. Establishment.

The following kinds of uses are prohibited if the establishment of such use will constitute the second such use within a 1,000-foot radius (i.e. not more than one such use within 1,000 feet of each):

- (O) Firearms sales establishments.

Kalamazoo Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 199, adopted September 16, 2019. (Supplement 26.1)

Chapter 22 – Offenses and Crimes Generally

Section 22-55. Weapons in schools or other educational facilities.

A. It shall be unlawful for any person, student or otherwise to possess or carry any weapon, as defined herein, within any school or other educational facility, or on the grounds thereof.

B. "Weapon," for the purposes of this section, includes, but is not limited to, any knife or other cutting, stabbing or slashing instrument, blackjack, metallic knuckles, bludgeon, club, chain, gas-ejecting devices, explosives, fireworks, whether legal or otherwise, martial arts weapon, or any firearm, including any pistol, revolver, rifle, shotgun, slingshot, airgun, zip gun, flaregun, pellet gun, BB gun or the like. "Weapon" shall also include any belt, comb, file, compass or other object if adapted as a weapon and/or if used in a threatening or assaultive manner.

C. This section shall not apply to a sworn police officer or public safety officer, or to any person otherwise authorized by law to carry any such weapon otherwise prohibited by this section.

Chapter 24 – Pawnbrokers; Secondhand, Junk and Recycling Dealers

Section 24-3. Secondhand dealers, secondhand goods — Definitions.

A. As used in this article, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

Secondhand Dealer. Any person, corporation, or member or members of a copartnership or firm or other entity who engages in the principal or primary business of purchasing, storing, selling, exchanging and receiving secondhand goods. "Principal or primary business" means that more than 50% of the gross revenue of the secondhand dealer is derived from the purchasing, storing, selling, exchanging and receiving secondhand goods.

Secondhand Goods. Any goods, wares, merchandise or other personal property acquired or purchased after having been acquired at retail and used by another except as excluded herein. Such term includes, but is not limited to, ... guns, jewelry (unless such item is subject to the Precious Metals and Gem Dealer Act, MCLA § 445.481 et seq., as amended), musical instruments, sporting equipment, bicycles, lawn mowers and lawn equipment, snow blowers, typewriters, and audio equipment such as home and vehicle stereos and speakers. "Secondhand goods" does not include new goods, clothing, household items, items normally handled by junk dealers or items defined in MCLA § 445.403 et seq., as amended, items normally handled by a recycling dealer as set forth in § 24-16 et seq. of the Kalamazoo City Code, and it does not include antiques or household furniture, books, magazines, trading cards, and tapestries.

B. This chapter does not apply to any person, corporation, or member or members of a copartnership, or firm whose principal or primary business is that of dealing in new goods, articles and merchandise.

Section 24-4. Secondhand dealers — License required, activities of pawnbroker.

A. No person, corporation, or member or members of a copartnership or firm or other entity shall engage in the principal or primary business of purchasing, storing, selling, exchanging and receiving secondhand goods without first having obtained a license to do so from the City Clerk as provided in this chapter. The license shall be valid for a period of one year commencing on April 1 and shall be renewable upon paying the annual fee. No license issued hereunder shall be transferable.

**Appendix – Zoning Ordinance
Chapter 4 – Use Regulations**

Section 4.3. Accessory and Temporary Uses and Structures.

G. Home Occupations.

5. Prohibited Uses.

e) Firearms. All uses involving the distribution of firearms or the storage of firearms intended for sale or distribution are prohibited as home occupations.

Kentwood Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 17-18, enacted December 4, 2018. (Supplement 6)

Chapter 26 – Licenses, Permits and Miscellaneous Business Regulations

Article 8 – Secondhand Dealers

Section 26-601. Secondhand dealer defined; automated recycling kiosk defined; application of article.

(a) As used in this article, "**secondhand dealer**" means any person, including any corporation or other entity, whose business is that of dealing in, buying, selling, storing or exchanging secondhand goods, articles or merchandise of any kind, including ... firearms ... or any article of personal property or other valuable thing. This definition does not include:

(1) Householders selling articles owned and possessed by themselves or executors or administrators of any such householders;

(2) New articles, wares or merchandise from manufacturers, wholesale distributors or jobbers for retail sale to customers;

Section 26-602. License required.

No person shall operate as a secondhand dealer without first obtaining a license to do so from the city, as provided in this article. A secondhand dealer that uses an automated recycling kiosk to receive articles is considered to be carrying on the business of a secondhand dealer and must obtain a license under this article in the city.

Lake Odessa Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 2019-2, enacted January 28, 2019. (Supplement 26)

Chapter 18 – Offenses

Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 2 – Weapons

Section 18-331. Possession of firearm by person less than 18 years of age.

(a) Prohibition. Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, an individual less than 18 years of age shall not possess a firearm in public except under the direct supervision of an individual 18 years of age or older.

(b) Exceptions. Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to an individual less than 18 years of age who possesses a firearm in accordance with Part 401 (wildlife conservation) of the natural resources and environmental protection act, Public Act No. 451 of 1994, (MCL 324.40101 et seq.), or Part 435 (hunting and fishing licensing) of Public Act No. 451 of 1994 (MCL 324.43501 et seq.). However, an individual less than 18 years of age may possess a firearm without a hunting license while at, or going to or from, a recognized target range or trap or skeet shooting ground if, while going to or from the range or ground, the firearm is enclosed and securely fastened in a case or locked in the trunk of a motor vehicle.

Chapter 36 – Zoning
Article IV – Supplemental Use Regulations

Section 36-95. Design standards for certain uses.

(14) Home occupations.

a. Type 1 permitted home occupations. The following home occupations shall be permitted by right subject to the minimum conditions of subsection b. below and subject further to issuance of a zoning compliance home occupation permit by the zoning administrator:

9. Gun dealer and gun repair service.

Lake Orion Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 18-29, passed June 11, 2018. (Supplement 9)

Title XIII – General Offenses
Chapter 130 – Offenses Against Village Regulations
Weapons

Section 130.028. Sales to minors.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to sell, offer to sale, give away or distribute any firearm, slingshot, air gun, air rifle, air pistol or other like weapon to any person in the village who is under the age of 21 years.

Lansing Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 1244, enacted March 11, 2019. (Supplement 50)

Part 8 – Business Regulation and Taxation Code
Title 2 – Business Regulation
Chapter 856 – Secondhand Dealers

Section 856.01 Secondhand dealer defined; application of chapter.

(a) As used in this chapter, "**secondhand dealer**" means any person whose business is that of dealing in, buying, selling, storing and exchanging secondhand goods, articles or merchandise of any kind, including lead pipe, tools, lighting fixtures, plumbing fixtures, radios, watches, jewelry, precious stones, musical instruments, electrical motors, electrical appliances, firearms, automotive parts and accessories, bicycles, clothing, wearing apparel, micrometers, typewriters, clothing or any article of personal property or other valuable thing. This definition does not include:

- (1) New articles, wares or merchandise purchased at wholesale from manufacturers, wholesale distributors or jobbers for retail sale to customers;

Section 856.02 License required.

No person shall carry on the business of dealing in, buying, selling, storing and exchanging secondhand goods, articles or merchandise, without first having obtained a license to do so from the City Clerk, as provided in this chapter.

Lincoln Park Code of Ordinances
Current through March 1, 2019.

Part Six – General Offenses
Chapter 692 – Weapons and Explosives

Section 692.01. Firearm defined.

"**Firearm**," except as otherwise specifically defined in this chapter, includes any weapon from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by using explosives, gas or air as a means of propulsion.

Section 692.04. Possession by or sales to minors.

No person under eighteen years of age shall purchase, carry or transport a firearm on any public street or in any public place. No person shall sell a firearm to any person under eighteen years of age.

**Part Eight – Business Regulations and Taxation Code
Title Two – Business Regulation
Chapter 870 – Secondhand Dealers**

Section 870.01. Secondhand dealer defined; Application of chapter.

(a) As used in this chapter, "**secondhand dealer**" means any person whose business is that of dealing in, buying, selling, storing and exchanging secondhand goods, articles or merchandise of any kind, including ... firearms ... or any article of personal property or other valuable thing. This definition does not include:

(1) New articles, wares or merchandise purchased at wholesale from manufacturers, wholesale distributors or jobbers for retail sale to customers;

Section 870.02. License required.

No person shall carry on the business of dealing in, buying, selling, storing and exchanging secondhand goods, articles or merchandise, without first having obtained a license to do so from the City Clerk, as provided in this chapter.

Livonia Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 3087, enacted March 11, 2019. (Supplement 45)

**Title 5 – Business Taxes, Licenses and Regulations
Chapter 5.76 – Secondhand Merchandise Dealers**

Section 5.76.020. Definitions.

The words and phrases defined in this section, when used in this chapter, shall for the purpose of this chapter have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except in those cases where the context clearly indicates a different meaning.

B. "Dealer" means any person, corporation, or member or members of a copartnership or firm, which engages in this city, in whole or in part, in the business of purchasing, storing, reselling, exchanging or receiving secondhand merchandise from or to the public.

C. "Secondhand merchandise" means any used article except automobiles and automobile parts, rags, papers, books, magazines, trading cards, tapestries, antiques, clothing (except furs and leather), scrap iron or metal, and sporting protective devices, equipment and clothing used in organized competition of teams fielding six (6) or more players on the contest area. Secondhand merchandise shall include, but is not limited to, appliances and household items, radios, television sets, VCRs, stereo equipment, cameras, electronic equipment, electronic games, microwave ovens, tools (power and hand), construction equipment and guns.

Section 5.76.030. Certificate of registration requirements, Fee payment, Posting.

A. A dealer shall not conduct business within the city unless the dealer has obtained a valid certificate of registration from the police department of the city.

**Title 9 – Public Peace, Morals and Welfare
Chapter 9.94 – Firearms and Dangerous Weapons**

Section 9.94.020 Definitions.

The following words and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall for the purpose of this chapter have the following meanings:

E. "Controlled substance" means a controlled substance as defined now or hereafter by the Public Acts of the State of Michigan. Currently, such controlled substances are defined by 1978 PA 368, as amended, being MCL 333.1101 et seq.

G. "Firearm" means any weapon which will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by action of an explosive.

H. "Muffler" or "silencer" means a device for muffling, silencing, or deadening the report of a firearm; a combination of parts, designed or redesigned, and intended for use in assembling or fabricating a muffler or silencer; or a part, designed or redesigned, and intended only for use in assembling or fabricating a muffler or silencer.

L. "Rifle" means a firearm designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire only a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.

M. "Short-barreled rifle" means a rifle having one (1) or more barrels less than sixteen (16) inches in length or a weapon made from a rifle, whether by alteration, modification, or otherwise, if the weapon as modified has an overall length of less than twenty-six (26) inches.

N. "Short-barreled shotgun" means a shotgun having one (1) or more barrels less than eighteen (18) inches in length or a weapon made from a shotgun, whether by alteration, modification, or otherwise, if the weapon as modified has an overall length of less than twenty-six (26) inches.

O. "Shotgun" means a firearm designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single function of the trigger.

Section 9.94.030. Possession of short-barreled shotgun, short-barreled rifle, or specified dangerous weapons prohibited, Exceptions.

It is unlawful for any person to possess a short-barreled shotgun, short-barreled rifle, a muffler or silencer; a bomb or bombshell; or a blackjack, slungshot, billy, metallic knuckles, sand club, sand bag, or bludgeon, except as specifically allowed by state or federal law.

Section 9.94.120. Possession or use of firearms while intoxicated prohibited, Penalties, Testing.

A. An individual shall not carry, have in possession or under control, or use in any manner or discharge a firearm under any of the following circumstances:

1. The individual is under the influence of alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a combination of alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance.

Section 9.94.130. Possession of firearm by person less than eighteen years of age prohibited when.

It is unlawful for any person within the city who is less than eighteen (18) years of age to possess a firearm in public except under the direct supervision of a person eighteen (18) years of age or older.

Section 9.94.180. Possession of firearm in designated establishments prohibited, Exceptions.

A. Except as provided in subsection B. of this section, it is unlawful for any person to possess a firearm on the premises of any of the following:

3. A school;

B. This section does not apply to any of the following:

1. A person who owns, or is employed by or contracted by, an entity described in subsection A. of this section if the possession of that firearm is to provide security services for that entity;
2. A peace officer;
3. A person licensed by the State of Michigan or another state to carry a concealed weapon;
4. A person who possesses a firearm on the premises of an entity described in subsection A. of this section if that possession is with the permission of the owner or an agent of the owner of that entity.

Lyon Charter Township (Oakland County) Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 01-18, enacted January 2, 2018. (Supplement 15)

Chapter 26 – Offenses
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons

Section 26-300. Definitions.

(a) Firearm means any weapon or device from which is propelled any missile, projectile, bullet, shot, pellet or other mass by means of explosives, compressed air or gas, or by any means of springs, levers or other mechanical device.

(b) Weapon means any device from which it is, or appears to be, capable of discharging or propelling any projectile, arrow, missile, knife, spear, bullet, shot, pellet or slug but does not mean a bow and arrow with a pull strength of 100 pounds or less, sling shot, paint ball gun or BB gun which propels a projectile of a caliber of .177 or less.

Section 26-303. Unlawful possession of firearms or weapons.

It shall be unlawful for any person who is under the influence of alcoholic liquor or any controlled substance to carry, have in his possession or under his control, or use in any manner or discharge any firearm or weapon within the township.

Macomb Township (Macomb County) Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 275, enacted December 19, 2018. (Supplement 51)

Chapter 12 – Offenses
Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons

Section 12-331. Definitions.

The word "**firearm**," except as otherwise specifically defined in this division, shall be construed to include any weapon from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by using explosives, gas or air as a means of propulsion.

Section 12-340. Purchase, possession by minor; sales to minor.

It shall be unlawful for any person under eighteen (18) years of age to purchase, carry or transport a firearm on any public street or in any public place. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell a firearm to any person under eighteen (18) years of age.

Madison Heights Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 2118, enacted January 9, 2017. (Supplement 27)

Chapter 17 – Miscellaneous Offenses and Provisions
Article VIII – Control of Weapons

Section 17-142. Possession of dangerous weapons prohibited; exceptions.

(a) No person shall possess any machine gun, sawed off shotgun, or any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as a blackjack, slingshot, sand club, sandbag, switchblade knife or metal knuckles, nor any instrument, attachment or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearms, except as is otherwise permitted by law.

Manton Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 2014-03, enacted December 9, 2014. (Supplement 5)

Chapter 22 – Offenses
Article IV – Offenses Against Public Safety

Section 22-94. Dangerous weapons; possession prohibited; exceptions.

(a) No person shall within the city possess any machine gun, sawed off shotgun, or any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as a black-jack, sling shot, sand club, sandbag, switch-blade knife, or metal knuckles, nor any instrument, attachment, or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearms except as is otherwise permitted by law.

Match-e-be-nash-she-wish Band of Pottawatomi Indians Code of Ordinances
Current through Amendment of January 3, 2013. (Supplement 2)

Title 4 – Health and Safety
Chapter II – Carrying concealed Weapons

Section 4-26. Gun-free zones.

Individuals licensed to carry a concealed firearm by the tribe are prohibited from carrying a concealed firearm on the following premises, except for those persons deemed exempt from this section by the tribal permit board:

(2) Any schools or school property, public or private day care center, public or private child caring agency, or public or private child placing agency;

Melvindale Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 2014-03, enacted December 9, 2014. (Supplement 5)

Chapter 15 – Offenses
Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety

Section 15-186. Possession of firearms while under influence of alcoholic liquor or controlled substance.

It shall be unlawful for any person under the influence of alcoholic liquor, any controlled substance or any exhilarating or stupefying substance to carry, have in possession or under control, or use in any manner or discharge any firearm within the city.

Michiana Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 2019-03, adopted June 14, 2019.

**Chapter 235 – Penal Code
Article IX – Firearms**

Section 235-42. Dangerous weapons.

No person shall possess any machine gun, sawed-off shotgun, or any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as blackjack, slingshot, sand club, sandbag, switchblade knife, or metal knuckles, or any instrument, attachment or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearm, except as is otherwise permitted by law.

Milford Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 231-229, enacted April 1, 2019. (Supplement 21)

**Chapter 94 – Zoning
Article XII – General Requirements**

Section 94-345. Home occupation and home-based businesses regulations.

(g) Type II uses. The following type II uses may be permitted in any single-family residential zoning after receipt of a special condition use permit issued in accordance with the procedures and requirements of section 94-388:

- (10) Licensed FFL gun dealer.

Milford Charter Township Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 226, adopted July 18, 2019. (Supplement 10)

**Chapter 18 – Offenses
Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 1 – Generally**

Section 18-215. Possession or control of firearm while intoxicated.

An individual shall not carry, have in possession or under control, or use in any manner or discharge a firearm under any of the following circumstances:

- (1) The individual is under the influence of alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a combination of alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance.

Millington Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 99, enacted October 8, 2018. (Supplement 1)

**Chapter 18 – Offenses
Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons**

Section 18-407. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this division, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Firearm, except as otherwise specifically defined in this division, means and shall be construed to include any weapon from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by using explosives, gas or air as a means of propulsion.

Section 18-417. Sale to or purchase of firearms by minors.

It shall be unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to purchase, carry or transport a firearm on any public street or in any public place. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell a firearm to any person under 18 years of age.

Mount Clemens Code of Ordinances

Current through Amendment of May 6, 2019. (Supplement 76)

Chapter 20.000 Public Decency and Good Order

Section 20.010. Dangerous Weapons; Possession Prohibited; Exceptions.

A. No person shall possess any machine gun, sawed off shotgun, or any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as a blackjack, sling shot, sand club, sandbag, switch-blade knife, or metal knuckles, nor any instrument, attachment or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearms, except as is otherwise permitted by law.

Niles Charter Township (Berrien County) Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 76, enacted July 18, 2016. (Supplement 3)

Chapter 16 – Offenses
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Generally

Section 16-178. Possession or use while under influence.

An individual shall not carry, have in his possession or under his control, or use in any manner or discharge a firearm under any of the following circumstances:

(1) The individual is under the influence of alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a combination of alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance.

Northville Township Code of Ordinances
Current through September 26, 2019. (Supplement 27)

Chapter 67 – Criminal Code

Section 67-34. Firearms, longarms and dangerous weapons.

A. Definitions. As used in this section:

Ammunition. Any projectile or other device designed to be expelled by any firearm, excluding nonexplosive projectiles or other devices over six inches in length.

Dangerous Weapon. Any firearm, dagger, dirk, razor, stiletto or knife having a blade over three inches in length or any sharp-edged or pointed instrument or club or bludgeon or other dangerous or deadly weapon or instrument carried with intent to use same unlawfully against the person of another.

Firearm. Any device or part of a device, by whatever name known, which is designed to or may be readily converted to expel a projectile or projectiles by the action of an explosive expansion of gas or air or escape of gas or air, excluding, however:

- (1) Any device used exclusively for the firing of stud cartridges, explosive rivets or similar industrial ammunition.
- (2) Any device which expels a projectile by the action of a spring.
- (3) Any device used exclusively for signaling or safety and required or recommended by the United States Coast Guard, the Interstate Commerce Commission, the Federal Aviation Agency or the appropriate state agencies governing marine, air or highway safety.

Longarm. Any rifle, shotgun or firearm over 30 inches in overall length.

B. Exceptions. This section shall not apply to:

- (1) Members of the armed forces or the National Guard and other employees of the federal government and the states and their political subdivisions who are required to carry firearms and longarms as part of their official duties and who are engaged in the performance of their official duties.

C. Prohibition to carry firearms or dangerous weapons. It shall be unlawful for any person to carry a firearm or dangerous weapon on his person or within or upon any vehicle, except as specifically provided for within this chapter, concealed or otherwise in or upon the public streets, alleys, public shopping centers or places of business frequented by the public or public parks or on property of any school or college, whether public, private or parochial, or locations of religious worship open to the public or any other public place in the Township, unless the bearer possesses a duly authorized unexpired Michigan license to carry a concealed weapon. It shall also be unlawful for any person to carry a machine gun or sawed-off shotgun or to have a silencer or any instrument, attachment or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearm, except as is otherwise permitted by law, or to have a switchblade knife, bomb, blackjack, metallic knuckles, sand gloves, sandbag, sand club, slingshot, billy club or metallic bars designed for use as a club in his possession. This subsection shall not apply to the extent open carry of a firearm is permitted under the laws of the State of Michigan.

D. Prohibition to carry longarms. It shall be unlawful for any person to carry a longarm, whether cased or uncased, on the public streets, alleys, public shopping centers, places of business frequented by the public, parks or on property of any school, college, whether public, private or parochial, locations of religious worship open to the public, or any other public place in the Township except under the provisions of this chapter or to the extent open carry of a firearm is permitted under the laws of the State of Michigan.

Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi Code of Ordinances
Current through legislation adopted July 18, 2019.

Title VII – Family
Chapter 7.4 – Domestic Violence
Article XI – Special Rules of Court and Other Matters

Section 7.4-8. Definitions.

Firearm. Any handgun, rifle, shotgun, machine gun, automatic or semi-automatic rifle, or any gun, device or instrument in the nature of a weapon constructed to include any weapon from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by using explosives, gas or air as a means of propulsion, except any smooth bore rifle or handgun designed and manufactured exclusively for propelling BBs not exceeding .177 caliber by means of spring, gas or air.

Section 7.4-65. Firearms disqualification; purpose.

It shall be the purpose of this section to prohibit any person from possessing or purchasing a firearm who has been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor crime of domestic violence, family violence, sexual assault, stalking, or dating violence, as defined under the laws of the NHBP, who is subject to a protection order based upon a finding that the person represents a credible threat to the physical safety of the victim; any person who is found mentally incompetent to stand trial; or any person committed for mental health reasons after a domestic violence, family violence, sexual assault, stalking, or dating violence offense, from possessing or purchasing a firearm.

A. It shall be unlawful for any person to possess or purchase a firearm who:

(1) Is subject to any Court order from a court of competent jurisdiction that restrains such person from harassing, stalking, threatening, having contact or assaulting an intimate partner or family member as defined in this code or engaging in any other conduct that would place an intimate partner or family member in reasonable fear of physical harm to the intimate partner or family member, except that this subsection shall apply only to those orders that:

(a) Were issued at a hearing at which such person was present and had the opportunity to participate; or at a hearing of which such person had notice and the opportunity to be heard, whether or not the person was present;

(b) Include a finding that such person represents a credible threat to the physical safety of such household or family member; and

(c) By its terms explicitly prohibits the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force against such household or family member.

(2) Has been convicted under the law of any state, territory, possession, tribe, or United States military tribunal of any crime involving domestic violence or family violence, as defined by the laws of the NHBP, which involved the use or attempted use of physical force, or the threatened use of physical force, or the threatened use of a deadly weapon against an intimate partner or family member as defined by this chapter.

Title VIII – Judiciary; Law and Order
Chapter 8.6 – Criminal Laws
Article VII – Weapons and Related Offenses

Section 8.6-28. Definitions.

For purposes of this chapter, the following terms are defined as follows:

Ammunition Magazine in Excess of 10 Rounds. A box, drum, tube or other container which is capable of holding more than 10 rounds of ammunition to be fed continuously and directly into a firearm.

Assault Weapon or Assault Firearm.

A. The following firearms:

Algimec AGMI type

Any shotgun with a revolving cylinder, such as the "Street Sweeper" or "Striker 12"

Armalite AR-180 type

Australian automatic arms SAR

Avtomat Kalashnikov-type semiautomatic firearms

Beretta AR-70 and BM59 semiautomatic firearms

Bushmaster assault rifle

Calico M-900 assault carbine and M-900 CETME G3

Chartered Industries of Singapore SR-88 type
Colt AR-15 and CAR-15 series
Daewoo K-1, K-2, Max 1 and Max 2, AR 100 types
Demro TAC-1 carbine type
Encom MP-9 and MP-45 carbine types
Famas MAS223 types
FN-FAL, FN-LAR or FN-FNC type semiautomatic firearms
Franchi SPAS 12 and LAW 12 shotguns
G3SA type
Galil type Heckler and Koch HK91, HK93, HK94, MP5, PSG-1
Intratec TEC 9 and 22 semiautomatic firearms
M1 carbine type
M14S type
MAC 10, MAC 11, MAC 11
9MM carbine-type firearms
PJK M-68 carbine type
Plainfield Machine Company carbine
Ruger K mini-14/5F and mini-14/5RF
SIG AMT, SIG 550SP, SIG 551SP, SIG PE-57 types
SKS with detachable magazine type
Spectre Auto carbine type
Springfield Armory BM59 and SAR-48 type
Sterling MK-6, MK-7 and SAR types
Steyr AUG semiautomatic firearms
USAS 12 semiautomatic-type shotgun
UZI type semiautomatic firearms
Valmet M62, M71S, M76 or M78 type semiautomatic firearms
Weaver Arm Nighthawk

B. Any firearm manufactured under any designation which is substantially identical to any of the firearms listed above.

C. A semiautomatic shotgun with either a magazine capacity exceeding 10 rounds, a pistol grip or a folding stock.

D. A semiautomatic rifle with a fixed magazine capacity exceeding 10 rounds.

E. A part or combination of parts designed or intended to convert a firearm into an assault firearm, or any combination of parts from which an assault firearm may be readily assembled if those parts are in the possession or under the control of the same person.

Barrel Length. The internal length of a firearm, as measured from the face of the closed breech of the firearm when it is unloaded to the forward face of the end of the barrel.

Firearm. Except as otherwise specifically defined in the chapter, shall be any handgun, rifle, shotgun, machine gun, automatic or semiautomatic rifle, or any gun, device or instrument in the nature of a weapon construed to include any weapon from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by using explosives, gas or air as a means of propulsion, except any smooth-bore rifle or handgun designed and manufactured exclusively for propelling BBs not exceeding 0.177 caliber by means of spring, gas or air.

Rifle. A firearm designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire only a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.

Short-Barreled Rifle. A rifle having one or more barrels less than 16 inches in length or a firearm made from a rifle, whether by alteration, modification or otherwise, if the firearm as modified has an overall length of less than 26 inches.

Short-Barreled Shotgun. A shotgun having one or more barrels less than 18 inches in length or a firearm made from a shotgun, whether by alteration, modification or otherwise, if the firearm as modified has an overall length of less than 26 inches.

Shotgun. A firearm designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth or rifled bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single function of the trigger.

Weapon. Any instrument, firearm, article or substance which, regardless of its primary function, is readily capable of being used to produce death or serious bodily harm. This includes a dirk; dagger; stiletto; a double-edged nonfolding stabbing instrument of any length or any knife having the appearance of a pocket knife, the blade or blades of which can be opened by the flick of a button, pressure on the handle, spring, other mechanical contrivance or other device in the handle; pistol; revolver; slingshot; sword cane; billy club; knuckles made of any metal or other hard substance; knife having a blade at least four inches long; nonsafety-type razor; electromuscular disruption device; or any other deadly weapon, except a hunting knife adapted and carried as such.

Section 8.6-29. Unlawful use or possession of weapon.

A. Offense. A person other than a law enforcement officer engaged in official duties commits the offense of unlawful use of a weapon if he or she:

(2) Carries a firearm while under the influence of alcohol of 0.02% blood alcohol level or greater or any detectable amount of a controlled substance; or

(4) Possesses, obtains, receives, sells or uses a short-barreled rifle or short-barreled shotgun.

B. Firearm and large-capacity ammunition magazine ban. It shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, sell, offer or display for sale, give, lend, transfer ownership of, acquire, carry or possess any assault weapon or large-capacity ammunition magazine in excess of 10 rounds on Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi tribal land. This subsection shall not apply to:

(1) The sale or transfer to or possession by any officer or agent of the NHBP or any other municipality, tribal nation or state, or peace officers to the extent that any such person named in this subsection is otherwise authorized to acquire or possess an assault weapon and/or large-capacity magazine and does so while acting within the scope of his or her duties;

(2) Transportation of assault weapons or large-capacity magazine if such weapons are broken down and in a nonfunctioning state and are not immediately accessible to any person.

(3) Assault firearms that are licensed, registered or rendered inoperable.

C. Violation. Any assault weapon or large-capacity ammunition magazine in excess of 10 rounds possessed, carried, sold or transferred by a NHBP tribal member or member of a federally recognized tribe in violation of Subsection B of this section is hereby declared to be contraband and shall be seized in accordance with the provisions of § 8.6-32.

D. Acquired rights. Any person, including persons who prior to the effective date of the code codified in this section was legally in possession of an assault weapon or large-capacity magazine prohibited by this article shall have sixty (60) days from the effective date of the chapter to do any of the following without being subject to prosecution hereunder:

(1) To legally remove the assault weapon or large-capacity magazine from within the limits of any land subject to the Tribe's criminal jurisdiction as described in NHBP Criminal Law and Order Act, § 8.6-1 of this title of the Code; or

(2) To modify the assault weapon or large-capacity magazine either to render it permanently inoperable; or

(3) To surrender the assault weapon or large-capacity magazine to the Chief of the NHBP Tribal Police Department or his designee for disposal per § 8.6-32; or

(4) Apply for an applicable permit registering the automatic assault weapon or large-capacity ammunition magazine in excess of 10 rounds.

Section 8.6-31. Carrying concealed weapon in prohibited place.

A. A person commits the offense of carrying a concealed weapon in a prohibited place if he or she purposely or knowingly carries a concealed weapon regardless of concealed weapon permit status in:

(6) A school, day-care, head start, or any institution of higher education;

Novi Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 19-71.01, adopted May 6, 2019. (Supplement 81)

Chapter 22 – Offenses
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons

Section 22-130. Minors.

It shall be unlawful for any person to sell a firearm to an individual under eighteen (18) years of age or for a person under eighteen (18) years of age to purchase, carry or transport a firearm.

Oak Park Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance O-19-689, enacted July 1, 2019. (Supplement 70)

Chapter 50 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons

Section 50-289 Minors.

It shall be unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to purchase, carry or transport a firearm on any public street or in any public place. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell a firearm to any person under the age of 18 years.

Appendix A – Zoning
Article IV – R-1 One-Family Dwelling District

Section 401. Permitted uses.

B. Accessory uses, buildings or structures customarily incidental to the aforesaid use as hereinafter stated and/or under the conditions hereinafter specified:

2. An occupation, activity or hobby that is traditionally or customarily carried on within the walls of a dwelling unit, such as sewing, millinery and similar domestic crafts, instruction in a craft or fine art, offices of self-employed professionals, sales representatives and the like, and educational tutoring (e.g. music lessons and tutoring of students), provided that such traditional or customary home occupations meet all of the following criteria to be a permitted use:

(h) The use shall not involve the sale, storage or use of any firearms or any ignitable, toxic, or explosive material.

Orchard Lake Village Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance of January 22, 2019. (Supplement 2)

Chapter 26 – Offenses
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons

Section 26-284. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this division, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Firearm means any weapon which will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by action of an explosive.

Section 26-288. Possession.

(a) No person shall, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, possess a firearm or pneumatic gun on the premises of any of the following:

(3) A school.

(b) This section does not apply to any of the following:

(1) A person who owns or is employed by or contracted by an entity described in subsection (a) of this section if the possession of that firearm is to provide security services for that entity.

(2) A peace officer.

(3) A person licensed by this state or another state to carry a concealed weapon.

(4) A person who possesses a firearm in a school for purposes of providing or receiving instruction in firearms safety.

(5) A person who possesses a firearm on the premises of an entity described in subsection (a) of this section if that possession is with the permission of the owner or an agent of the owner of that entity.

Oxford Charter Township (Oakland County) Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 132, adopted February 13, 2019. (Supplement 6)

Chapter 30 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions
Article VI – Weapons
Division 1 – Generally

Section 30-243. Possession of firearms by underage persons.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, an individual less than 18 years of age shall not possess a firearm in public except under the direct supervision of an individual 18 years of age or older.

(b) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to an individual less than 18 years of age who possesses a firearm in accordance with part 401 of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act (MCL 324.40101 et seq.), or part 435 of such act (MCL 324.43501 et seq.). However, an individual less than 18 years of age may possess a firearm without a hunting license while at, or going to or from, a recognized target range or trap or skeet shooting ground if, while going to or from the range or ground, the firearm is enclosed and securely fastened in a case or locked in the trunk of a motor vehicle.

Pittsfield Charter Township (Washtenaw County) Zoning Ordinance
Current through Ordinance ZOA #10-182. (Supplement 2)

Article 31.0 – C-2 General commercial District

Section 31.03. Conditional uses

The following buildings and structures and uses of parcels, lots, buildings and structures are permitted subject to obtaining a conditional use permit as provided in Article 50.0:

DD. Firearms vendors or dealers as controlled by, and subject to the restrictions of, Section 56.13

Article 56.0 – Supplemental Regulations

Section 56.13 - Controlled uses

B. Restrictions. The establishment of the following kinds of uses is prohibited if the establishment of any one (1) of the following uses constitutes the third such use within a one thousand (1,000) foot radius.

Firearms vendors or dealers

F. Establishment Prohibited Near Schools, Residential Zones. It shall be unlawful to hereafter establish any controlled use if the proposed controlled use will be within a five hundred (500) foot radius of a planned unit development district (PUD) or agricultural district (AG) primarily devoted to residential use, a residentially zoned district or within a five hundred (500) foot radius of any nursery, primary or secondary school or day care facility. This prohibition relative to the establishment of a controlled use near a planned unit development district or agricultural district primarily devoted to residential use or residentially zoned districts shall be waived upon the presentment to the Zoning Administrator of a validated petition requesting such waiver, signed by at least 51% of all those persons owning, residing, or doing business within five hundred (500) feet of the proposed location. No waivers shall be given to permit a controlled use to locate within a five hundred (500) foot radius of any nursery, primary or secondary school or day care facility.

Plymouth Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance of January 22, 2019. (Supplement 2)

Chapter 54 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons

Section 54-201. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this division, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Firearm means any device or part of a device by whatever name known, which is designed to or may be readily converted to expel a projectile or projectiles by the action of any explosive expansion of gas or air, or escape of gas or air, excluding however:

- (1) Any device used exclusively for the firing of stud cartridges, explosive rivets, or similar industrial ammunition.
- (2) Any device which expels a projectile by the action of a spring.

(3) Any device used exclusively for signaling or safety and required or recommended by the United States Coast Guard, the Interstate Commerce Commission, the Federal Aviation Agency or (the appropriate state agencies governing marine, air or highway safety).

Longarm means any rifle, shotgun or firearm, over 30 inches in overall length.

Section 54-208. Possession or control of firearm while intoxicated.

It shall be unlawful for any person within the city, while under the influence of an intoxicating liquor, or controlled substance, to carry, have in his possession or control, use in any manner, or discharge any firearm or longarm.

Pontiac Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 2357, passed August 28, 2018.

Chapter 86 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions

Article VIII – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 2 – Weapons

Section 86-273. Sale or furnishing of dangerous weapons to minors and intoxicated persons.

No person shall knowingly sell, offer for sale, loan or furnish any rifle, firearm or other dangerous or deadly weapon to:

(1) Any minor under the age of 18 years;

(2) Any person under the influence of any alcoholic beverage, narcotic drug, stimulant or depressant;

Section 86-274. Order required to sell or deliver revolver.

No person shall sell, deliver or furnish to any other person any revolver or pistol or handgun, unless such person shall first procure and exhibit an order therefor from the chief of police.

Pontiac Zoning Ordinance

Current through Ordinance 2357, passed August 28, 2018.

Article 3 – Special Purpose Zoning Districts

Chapter 8 – TC Town Center District

Section 3.802. Permitted Principal Uses.

The following uses are permissible when conducted within fully enclosed buildings, unless otherwise specifically provided:

K. Any retail business whose principal activity is the sale of new merchandise in an enclosed building, excepting uses such as the following, which tend to detract from or interfere with a high intensity of pedestrian activity: firearm sales, automobile sales, trailer coach sales, motorcycles sales, gasoline service stations, and other retail businesses which require a workshop for assembly, fabrication or repair for a successful operation. However, sales of packaged alcoholic beverages are prohibited unless otherwise permitted pursuant to Section 3.804 of this Zoning Ordinance.

Port Huron Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 19-006, Adopted July 8, 2019.

Chapter 34 – Offenses

Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 1 – Generally

Section 34-320. Liquor or controlled substance; possession or use of firearm by person under influence.

(a) An individual shall not carry, have in possession or under control, or use in any manner or discharge a firearm under any of the following circumstances:

(1) The individual is under the influence of alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a combination of alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance.

Port Huron Charter Township (St. Clair County) Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 245, passed June 17, 2019.

Chapter 24 – Offenses
Article II – Firearms
Division 2 – Firearms Control

Section 24-44. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this division, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Firearm means any weapon or device from which is propelled any missile, projectile, bullet, shot, pellet or other mass by means of explosives, compressed air or gas, or by means of springs, levers or other mechanical device.

Section 24-45. Regulations and restrictions.

(e) Minors.

(1) Except as provided in subsection (e)(2) of this section, an individual less than 18 years of age shall not possess a firearm in public except under the direct supervision of an individual 18 years of age or older.

(2) Subsection (e)(1) of this section does not apply to an individual less than 18 years of age who possesses a firearm in accordance with part 401 (wildlife conservation) of the natural resources and environmental protection act, Public Act No. 451 of 1994 (MCL 324.40101 et seq.), or part 435 (hunting and fishing licensing) of Public Act No. 451 of 1994 (MCL 324.43501 et seq.). However, an individual less than 18 years of age may possess a firearm without a hunting license while at, or going to or from, a recognized target range or trap or skeet shooting ground if, while going to or from the range or ground, the firearm is enclosed and securely fastened in a case or locked in the trunk of a motor vehicle.

Chapter 40 – Zoning
Article III – District Regulations
Division 3 – Nonresidential Districts
Subdivision VI – I-L Light Industrial District

Section 40-492. Permitted uses and structures.

(b) Special land uses. Subject to the conditions specified for each use; review and approval of the site plan; any special conditions imposed during the course of review; and the provisions set forth in article II, division 2 of this chapter and section 40-79, the following uses may be permitted:

(5) Manufacturing, wholesale distribution or warehousing of fireworks, explosives, ammunition or other detonable materials, subject to the provisions in section 40-875(5).

Portage Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 18-08, enacted November 20, 2018. (Supplement 22)

Chapter 14 – Businesses
Article 8 – Secondhand Dealers

Section 14-202. Definitions.

(a) As used in this article, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

Secondhand dealer means any person, corporation, or member or members of a co-partnership or firm or other entity engaged in purchasing, selling, exchanging, storing, or receiving secondhand goods of any kind as defined in this article.

Secondhand goods means any goods, wares, merchandise or other personal property previously used or owned by another, including, but not limited to, ... guns, jewelry, musical instruments, sporting equipment, bicycles, lawn mowers and lawn equipment, snow blowers, typewriters, and audio equipment such as home and vehicle stereos and speakers.

Section 14-203. Secondhand dealer license.

No later than 90 days from the effective date of this article, no business engaging in the business of purchasing, storing, selling, exchanging and receiving secondhand goods shall be operated or maintained in the City of Portage ("city") without first obtaining a license to operate issued by the city.

Redford Charter Township (Wayne County) Code of Ordinances
 Current through Ordinance 352, enacted February 26, 2019. (Supplement 44)

Chapter 58 – Offenses
Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 3 – Firearms

Section 58-276. Dangerous weapons.

(a) No person shall possess any machine gun, sawed-off shotgun, or any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as a blackjack, slingshot, sand club, sandbag, switchblade knife, or metal knuckles, nor any instrument, attachment or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearms, except as is otherwise permitted by law.

Richmond Code of Ordinances
 Current through Ordinance 164, enacted December 17, 2018. (Supplement 36)

Chapter 58 – Offenses
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons

Section 54-216. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this division, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Firearm means any weapon from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by using explosives, gas or air as a means of propulsion.

Section 54-226. Sale or purchase.

It shall be unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to purchase, carry or transport a firearm on any public street or in any public place. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell a firearm to any person under 18 years of age.

Appendix A – Zoning Ordinance
Article 4 – Land Use Table

Uses	Symbol	Key	Districts											Supplemental Use Standards	
	P	Principal Use													
	S	Special Condition Use													
	A	Accessory Use													
		Prohibited Use	R-1, R-2, and R-3	R-T	R-M	R-4	O	B-1	B-2	B-3	I-1	I-2	PSP		
Commercial Uses															
		Gunsmiths and licensed firearms dealers									S				

Rockwood Code of Ordinances
 Current through legislation adopted May 21, 2014.

Chapter 258 – Weapons and Explosives
Article II – Firearms

Section 258-2. Purchase or possession of firearms by minors; sale to minors.

No person under 18 years of age shall purchase, carry or transport a firearm on any public street or in any public place. No person shall sell a firearm to any person under 18 years of age.

Roseville Code of Ordinances
Current through legislation adopted August 27, 2019.

Chapter 136 – Firearms and Weapons
Article I – Firearms

Section 136-3. Possession of handgun by minors prohibited; possession of BB gun.

A. No person under the age of 16 years shall bear or have upon his or her person while in or upon any of the public or private places aforesaid any revolver or pistol.

Chapter 296 – Surveillance Cameras
Article I Surveillance Cameras Required for Certain Businesses

Section 296-2. Definitions.

The following definitions and provisions shall govern the construction, meaning, and application of the following words and phrases:

Firearm Dealer. An establishment required to obtain a federal firearms license to sell firearms which engages in firearms transactions.

Section 296-3 Video surveillance system required for business establishments.

Every business establishment as defined in this chapter is required to install and maintain, in working order, a video surveillance system compliant with this chapter. Establishments which as of the effective date of this article have a video surveillance system shall insure that such system is maintained and, if necessary, upgraded to be in full compliance with this chapter. All video surveillance systems shall:

- A.** Be maintained in proper working order including prompt repair and/or replacement.
- B.** The video camera shall be sufficiently light sensitive and provide sufficient image resolution supported by additional lighting if necessary, to produce easily discernable images recorded at all times, including imagery sufficient to identify persons.
- C.** The video camera shall record at a minimum speed of eight frames per second.
- D.** The video camera images shall be capable of being viewed through the use of appropriate technology, including, but not limited to, a computer screen, and a closed circuit television monitor.
- E.** The video camera shall be digital in nature and capable of transferring the recorded images to a portable digital form of media.
- F.** The video camera shall be in operation and recording 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- G.** The recordings made by video camera installed and maintained shall be indexed by dates and times.
- H.** The video camera shall meet additional minimal technological standards established pursuant to this chapter.

Royal Oak Code of Ordinances
Current through legislation adopted October 14, 2019.

Chapter 278 – Disorderly Conduct
Article VI – Offenses Directed Against Public Order

Section 278-40. Firearms; gun-free school zone; violations and penalties.

B. Possession of firearms in school zones.

(1) It shall be unlawful for any individual knowingly to possess a firearm at a place that the individual knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, is a school zone.

(2) Subsection B(1) shall not apply to the possession of a firearm if any of the following apply:

- (a)** The firearm is possessed on private property not part of school grounds.
- (b)** The individual possessing the firearm is licensed to do so by the State of Michigan.
- (c)** The firearm is not loaded and in a locked container, or in a locked firearms rack which is on a motor vehicle.
- (d)** The firearm is in the possession of an individual in accordance with a contract entered into between a school in the school zone and the individual or an employer of the individual.
- (e)** The firearm is in the possession of a law enforcement officer.

Royal Oak Charter Township (Oakland County) Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 218, adopted August 12, 2010.

Chapter 16 – Offenses
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons

Section 16-138. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this division, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Firearm.

(1) The term "firearm" means a weapon from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by an explosive, or by gas or air.

(2) The term "firearm" does not include a smooth bore rifle or handgun designed and manufactured exclusively for propelling by a spring, or by gas or air, BBs not exceeding .177 caliber.

Section 16-141. Minor, Unlawful to sell to or distribute.

It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, offer for sale, give away or distribute any firearm, slingshot, airgun, or other light weapon, to any minor in the township.

Saginaw Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance O-210, passed May 6, 2019. (Supplement 1)

Title XI – Business Regulations
Chapter 110 – General Provisions
Businesses

Section 110.28. Pawnbrokers.

(E) No pawnbroker shall accept, offer, or display a pistol for resale. For purposes of this section, the term **pistol** means any firearm that is 26 inches or less in length, or is any firearm that by its construction and appearance conceals it as a firearm. For purposes of this section, a flaregun is a pistol.

Chapter 117 – Business Establishments

Section 117.02. Definitions.

For the purpose of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

Business Establishment or Establishment. Establishments listed and defined as follows:

(4) **Firearm Dealer.** An establishment required to obtain a federal firearms license to sell firearms and which engages in firearms transactions.

Video Surveillance System. A continuous digital surveillance system consisting of cameras, cabling, monitors, and digital video recorders (DVR) that record in color with cameras and lenses of a type, minimum resolution, number and location approved by the Chief of Police or his or her designee. VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS must be capable of producing retrievable and identifiable images and video recordings on approved media that can be enlarged through projection or other means, and can be made a permanent record for use in a criminal investigation.

Section 117.04. Video surveillance system required.

(A) Every business establishment in the city is hereby required to install a video surveillance system. Video surveillance systems shall be maintained in proper working order at all times, shall be in operation at all hours the establishment is open to customers, and shall meet the minimum technological standards established in this chapter or by resolution of City Council.

(B) A minimum of three high resolution surveillance cameras located in the public areas of a business establishment are required of each video surveillance system. At least one camera shall provide an overall view of the counter and register area; at least one camera shall be positioned to provide a clear, identifiable, full-frame image of the face of each person entering and leaving the business establishment; and at least one camera shall be positioned to provide an overall view of the business establishment's parking lot. Camera views shall not be obstructed by store fixtures or displays.

(C) Business establishments which installed video surveillance systems prior to the effective date of this chapter must ensure they are in full compliance with this chapter.

(D) Documentation evidencing the installation of such system must be presented to the Police Department, who shall verify compliance with this chapter. The sufficiency of such documentation shall be determined at the discretion of the Police Chief or their designee. Upon approval of such documentation, the Police Department will issue a written approval notice which will be placed in plain view inside the premises. This approval notice will also inform customers and employees of the existence of the video surveillance system. A copy of the approval notice or other verification of compliance shall then be transmitted by the Police Department to the City Clerk. Such verification must be on record and up-to-date at the time of a business establishment's application for or renewal of a business license, or such license shall be denied.

Title XIII – General Offenses
Chapter 130 – Offenses Against Public Peace and Safety
General Regulations

Section 130.03. Firearms.

(A) Definitions. For the purpose of this section, the following definitions shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

Firearm. Any weapon, whether loaded or unloaded, which will expel a projectile by the action of an explosive, compressed air or gas, and includes, but is not limited to, any such weapon commonly referred to as a pistol, revolver, rifle, gun, or machine gun. Any weapon which can be readily made into a FIREARM by the insertion of a firing pin or other similar thing in the actual possession of the actor or an accomplice, is a FIREARM.

Pistol. Any firearm, loaded or unloaded, 30 inches or less in length; or any firearm, loaded or unloaded, which by its construction and appearance conceals it as a firearm.

Purchaser. Any person who receives a pistol from another by purchase, gift, or loan.

(B) Sales and licensing.

(1) Records of sales of firearms. Every person, and his or her agent or employee, selling or delivering pistols or other firearms within the city shall keep a book in which shall be written in ink the name, age, address, and personal description of every person purchasing or receiving a pistol or other firearm from him or her, and the make, number if any, and general description of such pistol or other firearm; also the date and hour of such purchase. Such books shall at all times be open to the inspection of any member of the Police Department. Such books shall be substantially bound and of a size not less than six inches in width and breadth and shall have legibly written therein, in the English language, the information aforesaid. No entry in such book shall be erased, obliterated, altered, or defaced.

Saginaw Charter Township (Saginaw County) Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 759, adopted February 11, 2019. (Supplement 29)

Chapter 18 – Businesses
Article IV – Pawnbrokers and Secondhand Dealers
Division 3 – Pawnbrokers

Section 18-172. Pawning of pistols.

A pawnbroker cannot take a pistol in pawn. To take a pistol in pawn is a misdemeanor. The term "**pistol**" means any firearm that is less than 30 inches in length or is any firearm that by its construction and appearance conceals it as a firearm. A flaregun is a pistol.

Division 4 – Secondhand Merchants

Section 18-200 Sale of pistols.

A secondhand merchant shall not accept, offer or display a pistol for resale. The term "**pistol**" means any firearm that is less than 30 inches in length or is any firearm that by its construction and appearance conceals it as a firearm. A flare gun is a pistol.

Shelby Charter Township (Macomb County) Zoning Ordinance
Current through Ordinance 212.98, adopted April 7, 2015. (Supplement 14)

Article 3 – General Provisions

Section 3.46. Home occupations.

Home occupations may be allowed in the one-family residential districts subject to the following:

L. The sale of firearms may be allowed as a home occupation provided that the business obtains appropriate approvals and permits from the U.S. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and the Shelby Township Police Department.

Spring Lake Code of Ordinances
Current through legislation adopted March 27, 2019.

Chapter 390 – Zoning
Article V – Home Occupations

Section 390-46. Requirements.

H. There shall be no sale of products or services on the premises where the home occupation is located except those that are produced or used in the normal conduct of the home occupation. On-site sale of merchandise shall be limited to:

- (1) Items commonly traded or collected or occasionally bought and sold by hobbyists such as stamps, coins, comics, etc., but not including motor vehicles or firearms.

Article XIX – Light Industrial District (I)

Section 390-151. Prohibited uses.

The following uses are prohibited from locating within the Village:

B. Manufacturing of gas, coke or coal tar products, ammunition, fireworks, or explosive manufacture and/or storage, stock yards, slaughtering of animals or storage of animal offal or garbage, blast furnace, drop forging, petroleum refining or other similar factories or uses.

South Lyon Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 03-19, adopted April 8, 2019. (Supplement 10)

Chapter 58 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions
Article I – In General

Section 58-3 Miscellaneous definitions and rules of construction in this chapter.

Firearm shall mean any weapon or device from which is propelled any missile, projectile, bullet, shot, pellet or other mass by means of explosives, compressed air or gas or by means of springs, levers, or other mechanical device.

Article II – Offenses Against Public Peace
Division 2 – Disorderly Persons

Section 58-79. Unlawful possession of firearms.

It shall be unlawful for any person under the influence of intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance, or a substance which diminishes or tends to diminish the person's mental capacities to possess or control a firearm within the city.

South Rockwood Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 2174, enacted June 18, 2018. (Supplement 6)

Chapter 16 – Offenses
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons

Section 16-25. Purchase or possession by minors, sale to minors.

No person under 18 years of age shall purchase, carry or transport a firearm on any public street or in any public place unless permitted by state law. No person shall sell a firearm to any person under 18 years of age.

Section 16-258. Possession or use of firearms while intoxicated.

No person, while under the influence of an alcoholic liquor or any controlled substance, shall carry, have in his possession or control, use in any manner or discharge any firearm.

Southgate Code of Ordinances
Current through September 18, 2019.

Part Six – General Offenses Code
Chapter 692 – Weapons and Explosives

Section 692.02. Dangerous weapons prohibited.

(a) No person shall, in the City, possess any machine gun, sawed off shotgun, any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as a blackjack, sling shot, sand club, sandbag, switchblade knife or metal knuckles, or any instrument, attachment or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearm, except as otherwise permitted by law.

Section 692.06. Purchase of pistols; License required.

No person shall purchase a pistol without having obtained a license therefor as provided in Section 2 of Act 372 of the Public Acts of 1927, as amended.

Section 692.10. Prohibition of carrying a concealed weapon in certain places.

(a) An individual who is licensed to carry a concealed pistol or, is exempt from licensure for carrying a concealed pistol, shall not carry a concealed pistol on the premises of any of the following:

- (1) A school or school property, except that a parent or legal guardian of a student of the school is not precluded from carrying a concealed pistol while in a vehicle on school property if he or she is dropping the student off at the school or picking up the child from the school.

Section 692.12. Firearms to be kept secured.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any adult, whether the owner or possessor of a firearm as defined by this chapter or by state law, to leave or place such firearm unlocked, unattended or within the readily available reach of a child, juvenile, minor or other individual no permitted to lawfully possess a firearm .

(b) All firearms shall be kept locked, stored and removed from the reach or taking by another person, at one's personal residence, office, automobile, garage, shed or any other place or structure.

**Part Eight – Business Regulation and Taxation code
Title Two – Business Regulations
Chapter 833 – Pawnbroker, Secondhand and Scrap Dealer**

Section 833.01. Definitions.

The following words, terms, and phrases, when used in this chapter shall have the meaning ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning.

(e) **"Secondhand dealer"** means any person, corporation, member or members of a partnership, company or firm, that engages in the business of purchasing, storing, selling, exchanging and receiving second hand goods of any kind, including the receiving and selling of goods on consignment, but does not include scrap processor, automotive recycler, or junkyard that deals principally in industrial scrap, nor to retail merchants who repossess their own merchandise sold on title-retaining contract or who accepts merchandise as part payment on new sale, nor shall it apply to licensed automobile dealers, nor to persons who conduct rummage sales provided that such sales are not conducted by the same person or at the same location for a period in excess of three days or more than twice per calendar year, nor to sellers of new articles, wares, or merchandise from manufacturers, wholesale distributors or jobbers for retail sale to customers, nor persons, firms, or corporations whose principle business is that of dealing in new goods, articles and merchandise.

(f) **"Secondhand goods"** means any goods, wares, merchandise or other personal property acquired or purchased after having been acquired at retail and used by another except as excluded herein. Such term includes, but limited to, ... firearms ... and electrical appliances.

Section 833.03. License required.

No person, corporation, partnership, company or firm, or other entity located in the City shall carry on the business of a pawnbroker or secondhand dealer in the City without being licensed pursuant to the Pawnbrokers Act and Secondhand Dealers Act and this section and as approved under this chapter. A secondhand dealer and pawnbrokers license is not transferable.

**St. Clair Shores General and Zoning Ordinances
Current through December 12, 2018, 2018.**

**20.000 Penal code
Chapter 20**

Section 20.014. Use and possession of dangerous weapons.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to possess any machine gun, sawed off shotgun, or any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as a black-jack, sling shot, sand club, sand bag, switch-blade knife, or metal knuckles, or any instrument, attachment or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearms, except as is otherwise permitted by law.

Sterling Heights Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 467, passed December 3, 2019. (Supplement 8)

Chapter 35 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions
Article II –Public Offenses

Section 35-24. Dangerous weapons; burglary tools: possession prohibited.

(A) Except as otherwise permitted by law, no person shall possess or conceal on or about his or her person, in a vehicle or conveyance, or in any location outside of his or her residence, any dangerous or deadly weapon , including but not limited to any irritating spray device, handgun, pistol, revolver, machine gun , sawed-off shotgun, lead pipe, club, metal knuckles, martial arts weapon , blackjack, switchblade knife, long knife or other dangerous knife, or other object specifically designed or customarily carried or possessed for use as a weapon , except hunting knives adapted and carried as such, or any instrument attached to or designed to be attached to any firearm for the purpose of silencing, lessening or muffling the noise of the firing of any firearm , except as permitted by law. Every person convicted of such violation of this section shall forfeit to the city such weapon.

Chapter 44 – Schools

Section 44-11. Weapons.

No person while in any school building or on land owned and occupied or used by any school shall use, possess, carry or conceal firearms of any description or any air rifles, spring guns , slings, knives, martial arts weapons or any other form of weapon potentially dangerous to human safety. This section does not apply to police officers acting in their normal course of duty.

Sumpter Township (Wayne County) Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 14.208, adopted January 8, 2019. (Supplement 26)

Chapter 14 – Offenses
Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons

Section 14-269. Possession or control of firearm while intoxicated.

It shall be unlawful for any person within the township while under the influence of alcoholic liquor, or controlled substance, to carry, have in possession or control, use in any manner or discharge any firearm or longarm.

Swartz Creek Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 438, adopted December 3, 2018. (Supplement 5)

Chapter 10 – Offenses
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons

Section 10.214. Possession of firearms while under influence of alcoholic liquor or a controlled substance.

It shall be unlawful for any person under the influence of alcoholic liquor, any controlled substance or any other exhilarating or stupefying substance to carry, to have in his possession or under his control, or to use in any manner or otherwise discharge any firearm within the city.

Taylor Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 19-498, adopted January 2, 2019. (Supplement 3)

Chapter 32 – Offenses
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons

Section 32-352. Possession or control of firearm while intoxicated or under influence of drugs.

An individual shall not carry, have in possession or under control, or use in any manner or discharge a firearm under any of the following circumstances:

(1) The individual is under the influence of alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a combination of alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance.

Appendix A – Zoning
Article 06 – Business and Office Districts

Section 6.02. Schedule of uses.

Buildings or land shall be not used and buildings shall not be erected except for one or more of the following specified uses, unless otherwise provided for in this ordinance. Land and/or buildings in the districts indicated at the top of Table 6.02 may be used for the purposes denoted by the following abbreviations:

- (a) Permitted use (P). Land and/or buildings in this district may be used for the purposes listed by right.
- (b) Special land use (SLU). The following uses may be permitted by obtaining special land use approval when all applicable requirements in article 13, use requirements, and the standards of section 21.04, review standards, are met.
- (c) Not permitted (,). The use is not permitted in the district.
- (d) Additional requirements. Indicates requirements or conditions applicable to the use.

Table 6.02. Business and Office Districts Schedule of Uses

Use	O-1	O-2	B-1	B-2	B-3	Additional Requirements
Retail uses						
Firearms dealers, distributors and repair shops	,	,	,	SLU and RLU	SLU and RLU	

Article 20 – Regulated Use Review

Section 20.02. Locational requirements for regulated uses.

(a) The establishment of a regulated use listed below (whether the use is primary, secondary, or accessory) is prohibited if the use will be within a 1,000-foot radius of another regulated use:

- (1) Adult regulated uses, as listed in subsection 20.05(c), classification.
- (2) Firearms dealers (where over ten percent of the business revenues are generated by the sale of firearms) distributors, repair shops, firing ranges (only in an enclosed building), and similar establishments.
- (3) Pawn shops.
- (4) Tattoo parlor.
- (5) Precious metal and gem dealers purchasing from the general public.
- (6) Resale shops.

(b) The establishment of a regulated use listed in subsection (a) above (whether the use is primary, secondary, or accessory) is prohibited if the use will be within 1,000 feet of any of the following:

- (1) Church, religious institution, or building used primarily for religious worship and related religious activities.
- (2) Public or private elementary or secondary school, vocational school, special education school, junior college or university.
- (3) Any single-family residential district, multiple-family residential district or Midtown district.
- (4) Lot or parcel in residential use.
- (5) Public park.
- (6) Child care facility, nursery or preschool.

(c) Measurement shall be made in a straight line, without regard to intervening structures or objects, from the nearest portion of the property site boundary of a regulated uses to the nearest lot line of the premises of any use, district or right-of-way listed in subsection (a) above. The distance between any two regulated uses shall be measured in a straight line, without regard to intervening structures or objects from the site or property boundary in which each business is located. Access easements or portions of the parcel that are exclusively used to provide access to the site of the adult regulated uses shall be excluded from the parcel boundary in determining whether the site complies with the required separation. The intent of this exclusion is to allow adult regulated uses to comply with the separation requirement from major streets by means of an access easement or access strip of land from the site to the street.

(d) A person is in violation of this ordinance if they cause or permit the operation, establishment, substantial enlargement, or transfer of ownership or control of a regulated uses within 1,000 feet of another regulated use.

(e) A person is in violation of this ordinance if they cause or permit the operation, establishment or maintenance of more than one regulated uses in the same building, structure or portion thereof or the substantial enlargement of any regulated uses in any building, structure or portion thereof containing another regulated use.

(f) Any business now classified as a regulated uses lawfully operating on the date of adoption of the ordinance that is in violation of this section shall be deemed a nonconforming use.

(g) A regulated use shall only be located within a zoning district where it is listed.

Walker Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 19-648, enacted May 20, 2019. (Supplement 44)

Chapter 22 – Businesses Article VI – Secondhand Goods

Section 22-170. Secondhand dealer defined; application of article.

(a) As used in this article, "**secondhand dealer**" means any person, including any corporation or other entity, whose principal business is that of dealing in, buying, selling, storing or exchanging secondhand goods, articles or merchandise of any kind, including ... firearms ... or any similar article of personal property or other valuable thing. For purposes of this article, "principal" means more than 50 percent of the annual revenues of the business are generated from the sales of secondhand goods, articles or merchandise. This definition does not include:

(1) Householders selling articles owned and possessed by themselves or executors or administrators of any such householders;

(2) New articles, wares or merchandise from manufacturers, wholesale distributors or jobbers for retail sale to customers;

Section 22-171. License required.

No person shall operate as a secondhand dealer without first obtaining a license to do so from the city, as provided in this article.

Warren Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 80-776, adopted May 14, 2019. (Supplement 80)

Chapter 22 – Offenses Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety Division 2 – Weapons

Section 22-168. Dangerous weapons.

(a) No person shall possess on their person, on a bicycle, on a motorcycle or motor bike, or in the passenger compartment of any vehicle, any machine gun, sawed-off shotgun, sling shot, sand club, sand bag, switch-blade knife, stiletto, dagger, dirk, razor, knife having a blade over three (3) inches in length, metal knuckles, martial arts weapon, gun, handgun, pistol, revolver, rifle, shotgun, BB gun, pellet gun, air gun, imitation pistol, or any dangerous or deadly weapon or instrument, or any instrument attached to or designed to be attached to any firearm for the purpose of silencing, lessening, or muffling the noise of the firing of any firearm; except as otherwise permitted by law. A person convicted of a violation of this section shall forfeit to the city such weapon or instrument.

Waterford Charter Township (Oakland County) Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance of July 14, 2008. (Supplement 8)

Chapter 11 – Offenses Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety Division 2 – Weapons

Section 11-325. Sale or purchase.

It shall be unlawful for any person under eighteen (18) years of age to purchase, carry or transport a firearm on any public street or in any public place. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell a firearm to any person under eighteen (18) years of age.

Wayland Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 209, enacted January 2, 2007. (Supplement 9)

**Chapter 12 – Offenses
Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons**

Section 12-232. Possession of firearms while under influence of alcoholic liquor or controlled substance.

It shall be unlawful for any person under the influence of alcoholic liquor, any controlled substance or any exhilarating or stupefying substance to carry, have in possession or under control, or use in any manner or discharge any firearm within the city.

Wayne Code of Ordinances

Current through April 2, 2019.

**Part Fourteen – Building and Housing Code
Title Four – Miscellaneous Building Regulations
Chapter 1424 – Building Security Systems**

Section 1424.08. Minimum standards for security in commercial buildings.

(f) Intrusion Detection Devices.

(2) Establishments having specific types of inventories, as follows, shall be protected by the following types of alarm services:

A. Silent alarm-central station-supervised service.

2. Guns and ammunition shops

West Bloomfield Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance C-778-B, adopted April 15, 2019. (Supplement 85)

**Chapter 15 – Offenses
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons**

Section 15-181. Intoxicated persons not to possess firearms.

It shall be unlawful for any person under the influence of alcoholic liquor, controlled substance or exhilarating or stupefying substance to carry, have in possession or under control, or use in any manner or discharge any firearm within this township.

Westland Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 220-A-3, adopted April 1, 2019. (Supplement 44)

**Chapter 15 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Weapons**

Section 62-283. Definitions.

(a) "Antique firearm" means either of the following:

(1) A firearm not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional center fire ignition with fixed ammunition and manufactured in or before 1898, including a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system or a replica of such a firearm, whether actually manufactured before or after the year 1898.

(2) A firearm using fixed ammunition manufactured in or before 1898, for which ammunition is no longer manufactured in the United States and is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade.

(d) As used in this article, the term **"firearm"** means a weapon, other than one specified in subsection 62-283(b)(4), from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by an explosive, or by any other means.

(e) As used in this article, the term **"pistol"** means a loaded or unloaded firearm that is 30 inches or less in length, or a loaded or unloaded firearm that by its construction and appearance conceals itself as a firearm.

(f) As used in this article, the term **"school"** means a public, private, denominational, or parochial school offering development kindergarten, kindergarten, or any grade from one through 12.

(g) As used in this article, the term "**school property**" means a building, playing field, or property used for school purposes to impart instruction to children or used for functions and events sponsored by a school, except a building used primarily for adult education or college extension courses.

(h) As used in this article, the term "weapon free school zone" means school property and a vehicle used by a school to transport students to or from school property.

Section 62-286. Possession of concealed firearms prohibited on certain premises.

(a) Subject to subsection (d), an individual licensed to carry a concealed firearm in the State of Michigan, or who is exempt from licensure under MCL 28.432a(1)(f), shall not carry a concealed pistol on the premises of any of the following:

(1) A school or school property except that a parent or legal guardian of a student of the school is not precluded from carrying a concealed pistol while in a vehicle on school property, if he or she is dropping the student off at the school or picking up the child from the school.

(c) As used in subsection (a), "premises" does not include parking areas of the places identified under subsection (a).

(d) Subsection (a) does not apply to any of the following:

(1) An individual licensed to carry a concealed firearm in the State of Michigan who is a retired police officer or retired law enforcement officer.

(2) An individual who is licensed to carry a concealed firearm in the State of Michigan and who is employed or contracted by an entity described under subsection (a) to provide security services and is required by his or her employer or the terms of a contract to carry a concealed firearm on the premises of the employing or contracting entity.

(3) An individual who is licensed as a private investigator or private detective under the professional investigator licensure act, 1965 PA 285, being MCL 338.821 to 338.851.

(4) An individual who is licensed to carry a concealed firearm in the state of Michigan and who is a corrections officer of a county sheriff's department.

(5) An individual who is licensed to carry a concealed firearm in the state of Michigan and who is a motor carrier officer or capitol security officer of the department of state police.

(6) An individual who is licensed to carry a concealed firearm in the state of Michigan and who is a member of a sheriff's posse.

(7) An individual who is licensed to carry a concealed firearm in the state of Michigan and who is an auxiliary officer or reserve officer of a police or sheriff's department.

(8) An individual who is licensed to carry a concealed firearm in the state of Michigan and who is a parole or probation officer of the department of corrections.

Section 62-287. Possession of firearms in a weapon free school zone.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), an individual who possesses a firearm in a weapon free school zone is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 93 days, a fine of not more than \$500.00 or both.

(b) Subsection (a) does not apply to any of the following:

(1) An individual employed by or contracted by a school if the possession of that firearm is to provide security services for the school.

(2) A peace officer.

(3) An individual licensed by this state or another state to carry a concealed weapon.

(4) An individual who possesses a weapon provided by a school or a school's instructor on school property for purposes of providing or receiving instruction in the use of that weapon.

(5) An individual who possesses a firearm on school property if that possession is with the permission of the school's principal or an agent of the school designated by the school's principal or the school board.

(6) An individual who is 18 years of age or older who is not a student at the school and who possesses a firearm on school property while transporting a student to or from the school if any of the following apply:

a. The individual is carrying an antique firearm, completely unloaded, in a wrapper or container in the trunk of a vehicle while en route to or from a hunting or target shooting area or function involving the exhibition, demonstration or sale of antique firearms.

b. The individual is carrying a firearm unloaded in a wrapper or container in the trunk of the person's vehicle, while in possession of a valid Michigan hunting license or proof of valid membership in an organization having shooting range facilities, and while en route to or from a hunting or target shooting area.

c. The person is carrying a firearm unloaded in a wrapper or container in the trunk of the person's vehicle from the place of purchase to his or her home or place of business or to a place of repair or back to his or her home or place of business, or in moving goods from one place of abode or business to another place of abode or business.

d. The person is carrying an unloaded firearm in the passenger compartment of a vehicle that does not have a trunk, if the person is otherwise complying with the requirements of subsection b. or c. and the wrapper or container is not readily accessible to the occupants of the vehicle.

Section 62-288. Possession of concealed firearms by an intoxicated person.

(a) No person shall carry, have in possession or under control, or use in any manner or discharge a firearm under any of the following circumstances:

(1) The individual is under the influence of alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a combination of alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance.

White Lake Charter Township (Oakland County) Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 19-002, adopted January 15, 2019. (Supplement 5)

Chapter 11 – Offenses
Article VII – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 1 – Generally

Section 26-174. Firearms.

Any person who shall carry, have in their possession or under their control, use in any manner or discharge a firearm while under the influence of an alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a combination of alcoholic liquor and controlled substance, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Wixom Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 2018-01, enacted January 9, 2018. (Supplement 17)

Title 9 – Public Peace and Welfare
Chapter 9.40 – Firearms

Section 9.40.080 Selling firearms and ammunition.

A. A person who knowingly sells a hand-gun without complying with section 2 of Act No. 372 of the Public Acts of 1927, as amended, being section 28.422 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than ninety days, or a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, or both.

B. A person who knowingly sells a firearm more than thirty inches in length to a person under eighteen years of age is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than ninety days, or a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or both.

Woodhaven Code of Ordinances
Current through Ordinance 19-029, adopted March 19, 2019. (Supplement 8, Update 3)

Chapter 66 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions
Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety
Division 2 – Firearms, Knives and Dangerous Instruments

Section 66-441 Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this division, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Firearm, except as otherwise specifically defined in this chapter, means any weapon from which a dangerous projectile may be propelled by using explosives, gas or air as a means of propulsion.

Pistol means a loaded or unloaded firearm that is 30 inches or less in length, or a loaded or unloaded firearm that by its construction and appearance conceals it as a firearm.

Section 66-443. Possession of firearm by person less than 18 years of age; exceptions; violation as misdemeanor; penalty.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, an individual less than 18 years of age shall not possess a firearm in public except under the direct supervision of an individual 18 years of age or older.

(b) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to an individual less than 18 years of age who possesses a firearm in accordance with part 401 of the natural resources and environmental protection act, Public Act No. 451 of 1994 (MCL 324.40101 et seq.), or part 435 of Public Act No. 451 of 1994 (MCL 324.43501 et seq.). However, an individual less than 18 years of age may possess a firearm without a hunting license while at, or going to or from, a recognized target range or trap or skeet shooting ground if, while going to or from the range or ground, the firearm is enclosed and securely fastened in a case or locked in the trunk of a motor vehicle.

(c) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell a firearm to any person under 18 years of age.

Section 66-459 Pistol free zones.

A person with a concealed pistol license shall not carry a concealed pistol on the premises of any of the following:

(1) Schools or school property, but may carry while in a vehicle on school property if dropping off or picking up;

Wyandotte Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 1477, passed June 17, 2019. (Supplement 38)

Chapter 25 – Offenses Miscellaneous

Article V – Weapons

Section 25-97. Possession of dangerous weapon.

(a) No person shall possess any machine gun, sawed-off shotgun, or any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as a blackjack, slingshot, sand club, sandbag, switchblade knife, or metal knuckles, nor any instrument, attachment or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearms except as is otherwise permitted by law.

Chapter 40 – Businesses

Article II – Business Licenses

Division 7 – Pawnbrokers and Secondhand Dealers

Section 40-76. Definitions.

The following words, terms, and phrases, when used in this article shall have the meaning ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning.

Secondhand dealer means any person, corporation, member or members of a partnership, company or firm, that engages in the business of purchasing, storing, selling, exchanging and receiving secondhand goods of any kind, including the receiving and selling of goods on consignment, but does not include scrap processor, automotive recycler, or junkyard that deals principally in industrial scrap, nor to retail merchants who repossess their own merchandise sold on title-retaining contract or who accepts merchandise as part payment on new sale, nor shall it apply to licensed automobile dealers, nor to persons who conduct rummage sales provided that such sales are not conducted by the same person or at the same location for a period in excess of three (3) days or more than twice per calendar year, not to sellers of new articles, wares, or merchandise from manufacturers, wholesale distributors or jobbers for retail sale to customers, nor persons, firms, or corporations whose principle business is that of dealing in new goods, articles and merchandise.

Secondhand goods means any goods, wares, merchandise or other personal property acquired or purchased after having been acquired at retail and used by another except as excluded herein. Such term includes, but is not limited to, ... firearms ... and electrical appliances.

Section 40-78. License required.

No person, corporation, partnership, company or firm, or other entity located in the city shall carry on the business of a pawnbroker or secondhand dealer in the city without being licensed pursuant to the Pawnbrokers Act and Secondhand Dealers Act and this section and as approved under this article. A secondhand dealer and pawnbroker's license is not transferable.

Appendix A – Zoning

Article XXII – Special Land Uses

Section 2202. Special land use designated.

The following are those uses identified as special land uses and the provisions or conditions that must be met so as to be approved in whole or conditionally.

GG. Residential boutiques.

12. No business that includes the storage, repair or sale of firearms or ammunition shall be permitted.

Wyoming Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 5-19, enacted April 1, 2019. (Supplement 22)

Chapter 14 – Businesses

Article XVI – Secondhand Dealers and Pawn Shops

Division 1 – Secondhand Dealers

Section 14-901. Secondhand dealer defined; application of chapter.

(a) As used in this division, "**secondhand dealer**" means any person, including any corporation or other entity, whose business is that of dealing in, buying, selling, storing or exchanging secondhand goods, articles or merchandise of any kind, including ... firearms ... or any article of personal property or other valuable thing. This definition does not include:

(1) Householders selling articles owned and possessed by themselves or executors or administrators of any such householders.

(2) New articles, wares or merchandise from manufacturers, wholesale distributors or jobbers for retail sale to customers.

Section 14-902. License required.

No person shall operate as a secondhand dealer without first obtaining a license to do so from the city, as provided in this division.

Division 2 – Pawn Brokers

Section 14-931. Unlawful transactions.

(d) Pistols. No pawn broker shall receive a pistol in pawn. For purposes of this section, a "**pistol**" shall be defined as a firearm that is less than 30 inches in length or that by its construction and appearance conceals it as a firearm including but not limited to any flare gun.

Ypsilanti Charter Township (Washtenaw County) Code of Ordinances

Current through Ordinance 2019-488, enacted July 16, 2019. (Supplement 54)

Chapter 42 – Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions

Article VI – Offenses Against Public Safety

Division 2 – Dangerous Weapons

Section 42-223. Possession or control of firearm while intoxicated or under influence of drugs.

It shall be unlawful for any person within the township while under the influence of an alcoholic liquor or any controlled substance to carry, have in possession or control or use in any manner or discharge any firearm.